

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 60.685, 27.151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(37, 60.685, 27.151) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(37, 60.685, 27.151)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8202E
RGB	168, 32, 46
RGB Percent	66%, 13%, 18%
CMY	0.3416, 0.8749, 0.8199
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.73, 0.34
HSL	354°, 68%, 39%
HSV	354°, 81%, 66%
XYZ	17.1331, 9.5379, 3.5157
YIQ	74.2600, 76.5620, 33.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

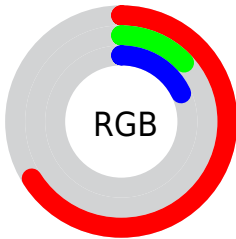
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 32, 46
Decimal	11018286
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.00, 54.00, 27.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 60.685, 27.151
Yxy	9.5379, 0.5676, 0.3160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289208366 (0xFFA8202E)
YUV	74.2600, -13.9322, 82.2100
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 44.9793, 14.8690

# Details

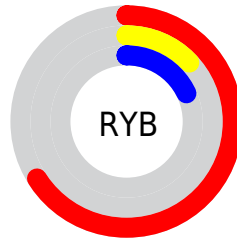
The CIELCh color **37, 60.685, 27.151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **62, 37.681, 184.074**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 60.744, 27.210**, and **21, 53.064, 36.672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 67.079, 31.581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 53.512, 23.281**.

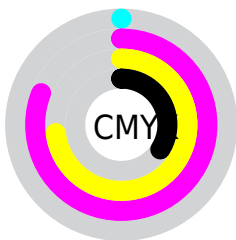
# Distribution



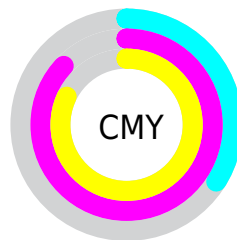
- Red (66%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 37, 60.685, 27.151

■ 37, 60.685, 27.151

■ 100, 60.685,  
27.151

■ 27, 60.685, 27.151

■ 57, 60.685, 27.151

■ 17, 60.685, 27.151

■ 67, 60.685, 27.151

■ 7, 60.685, 27.151

■ 77, 60.685, 27.151

■ 0, 60.685, 27.151

■ 87, 60.685, 27.151

■ 97, 60.685, 27.151

■ 37, 60.685, 27.151

■ 37, 60.685, 27.151

■ 36, 67.079, 31.581

■ 39, 53.512, 23.281

35, 72.103, 35.347

42, 45.796, 20.117

46, 37.793, 17.608

50, 29.767, 15.631

54, 21.930, 14.063

59, 14.423, 12.800

64, 7.320, 11.750

68, 0.647, 10.245

73, 5.605, 190.347

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 60.685, 27.151



62, 37.681, 184.074

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 60.685, 27.151



37, 60.685, 77.151



37, 60.685, 207.151



37, 60.685, 257.151

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 60.682, 27.153



73, 20.699, 13.206



39, 78.898, 324.063



37, 14.343, 13.638



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 60.682, 27.153



46, 87.019, 35.041



45, 53.889, 54.967



33, 3.752, 11.582



30, 65.313, 34.840



1, 6.638, 12.059





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 60.682, 27.153



46, 87.019, 35.041



46, 35.247, 260.647



33, 3.752, 11.582



30, 65.313, 34.840



1, 6.638, 12.059



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 37, 60.685, 27.151

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 60.685, 27.151.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37, 60.685, 27.151

### Protanopia

37, 14.444, 94.802

### Deuteranopia

37, 30.910, 80.379



**Tritanopia**  
37, 63.432, 33.418



# Trichromacy



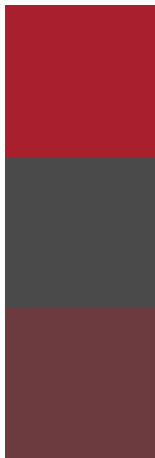
**Original Color**  
37, 60.685, 27.151

**Protanomaly**  
35, 27.381, 36.203

**Deuteranomaly**  
36, 37.868, 46.088

**Tritanomaly**  
37, 62.516, 31.364

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
37, 60.685, 27.151

**Achromatopsia**  
31, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
31, 23.084, 16.170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 60.685, 27.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 32, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 32, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 32, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 32, 46) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 60.685, 27.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 32, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 32, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 32, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 32, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 32, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 32,  
46) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 60.685, 27.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 32, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 32,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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