

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 66.351, 347.233)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 66.351, 347.233)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 66.263, 347.234)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A80170
RGB	168, 1, 112
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.3403, 0.9975, 0.5600
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.33, 0.34
HSL	320°, 99%, 33%
HSV	320°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	19.1407, 9.5379, 16.2200
YIQ	63.5870, 63.9010, 69.9250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

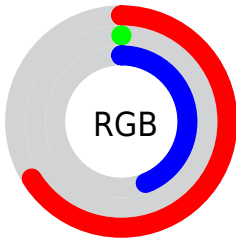
Format	Color
RYB	168, 1, 112
Decimal	11010416
CIELab	37.00, 64.63, -14.64
CIElCh	37, 66.263, 347.234
Yxy	9.5379, 0.4263, 0.2124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289200496 (0xFFA80170)
YUV	63.5870, 23.8676, 91.5702
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 56.5827, -9.5206

Details

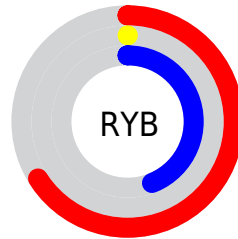
The CIELCh color **37, 66.263, 347.234** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **60, 75.303, 142.465**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 65.891, 347.123**, and **23, 47.057, 352.814** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 66.292, 347.312**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 65.286, 345.175**.

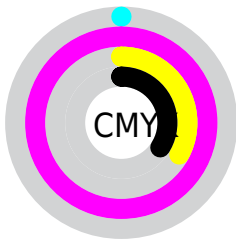
Distribution



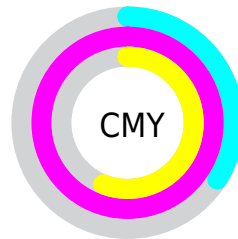
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 66.263,
347.234


 37, 66.263,
347.234

 100, 66.263,
347.234


 27, 66.263,
347.234

 57, 66.263,
347.234


 17, 66.263,
347.234


 67, 66.263,
347.234

 7, 66.263, 347.234

 77, 66.263,
347.234

 0, 66.263, 347.234

 87, 66.263,
347.234

 97, 66.263,
347.234

■ 37, 66.263,
347.234

■ 37, 66.263,
347.234

■ 37, 66.292,
347.312

■ 38, 65.286,
345.175

■ 39, 62.656,
343.436

■ 42, 58.050,
341.998

■ 45, 51.751,
340.779

■ 48, 44.176,
339.716

■ 52, 35.753,
338.766

■ 56, 26.851,
337.901

■ 60, 17.751,

337.099

■ 65, 8.650, 336.340

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 66.263, 347.234



60, 75.303, 142.465

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 66.263, 347.234



37, 66.263, 37.234



37, 66.263, 167.234



37, 66.263, 217.234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 66.260, 347.235



71, 33.728, 337.977



23, 94.265, 308.851



35, 22.950, 338.320



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 66.260, 347.235



48, 80.493, 347.787



35, 69.116, 31.287



33, 5.084, 336.315



32, 60.430, 347.042



2, 8.709, 339.162

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 66.260, 347.235



48, 80.493, 347.787



62, 43.534, 174.543



33, 5.084, 336.315



32, 60.430, 347.042



2, 8.709, 339.162

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

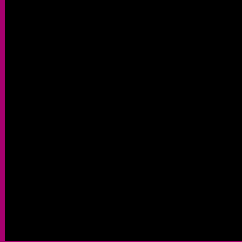
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 66.263, 347.234

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 66.263, 347.234.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37, 66.134, 347.263

Protanopia

38, 44.373, 285.761

Deuteranopia

38, 10.555, 298.270



Tritanopia
38, 56.401, 30.025

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 66.134, 347.263

Protanomaly
32, 55.239, 310.876

Deuteranomaly
34, 39.309, 332.902

Tritanomaly
37, 57.150, 12.048

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 66.134, 347.263

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 34.875, 340.209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 66.263, 347.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 1, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 1, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 1, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 1, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 66.263, 347.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 1, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 1, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 1, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 1, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 1, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 1,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 66.263, 347.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 1, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 1,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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