

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 71.276, 44.150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(37, 71.276, 44.150) contains.

<b>CIELCh(37, 71.147, 44.168)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(37, 71.147, 44.168)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A72501
RGB	167, 37, 1
RGB Percent	65%, 15%, 0%
CMY	0.3452, 0.8549, 0.9961
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.99, 0.35
HSL	13°, 99%, 33%
HSV	13°, 99%, 65%
XYZ	16.5993, 9.5379, 0.9945
YIQ	71.7660, 89.0360, 16.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

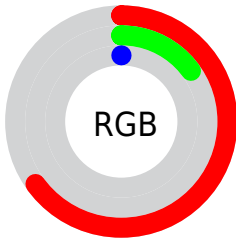
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 47, 1
Decimal	10953985
CIELab	37.00, 51.03, 49.57
CIElCh	37, 71.147, 44.168
Yxy	9.5379, 0.6118, 0.3515
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289144065 (0xFFA72501)
YUV	71.7660, -34.8876, 83.5202
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 41.8942, 19.7092

# Details

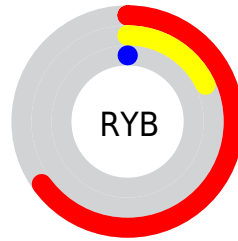
The CIELCh color **37, 71.147, 44.168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **51, 32.231, 238.661**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 70.995, 43.995**, and **20, 51.788, 36.330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 71.562, 44.245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 64.446, 43.805**.

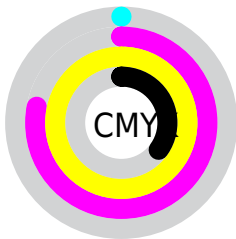
# Distribution



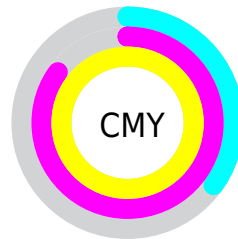
- Red (65%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



37, 71.147, 44.168

37, 71.147, 44.168

100, 71.147,  
44.168

27, 71.147, 44.168

57, 71.147, 44.168

17, 71.147, 44.168

67, 71.147, 44.168

7, 71.147, 44.168

77, 71.147, 44.168

0, 71.147, 44.168

87, 71.147, 44.168

97, 71.147, 44.168

37, 71.147, 44.168

37, 71.147, 44.168

37, 71.562, 44.245

39, 64.446, 43.805

■ 41, 56.571, 43.187

■ 44, 48.171, 42.409

■ 47, 39.862, 41.745

■ 50, 31.920, 41.280

■ 54, 24.460, 41.018

■ 57, 17.522, 40.932

■ 61, 11.101, 40.983

■ 65, 5.169, 41.116

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 71.147, 44.168



51, 32.231, 238.661

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 71.147, 44.168



37, 71.147, 94.168



37, 71.147, 224.168



37, 71.147, 274.168

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 71.144, 44.170



72, 22.206, 40.934



38, 71.219, 339.020



37, 15.527, 40.957



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 71.144, 44.170



48, 87.455, 43.775



54, 60.390, 80.649



34, 3.128, 41.118



33, 65.036, 44.341



2, 5.612, 37.938





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 32.231, 238.661



65, 39.327, 239.726



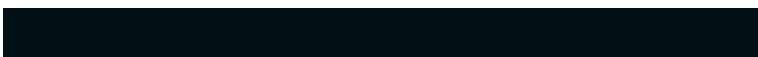
26, 75.744, 298.734



35, 2.958, 221.884



45, 29.495, 238.424

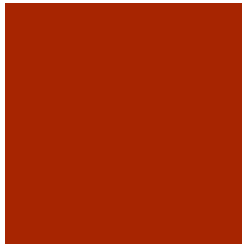


4, 5.404, 229.247



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 37, 71.147, 44.168**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 71.147, 44.168.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37, 71.147, 44.168

### Protanopia

38, 39.074, 95.625

### Deuteranopia

37, 45.869, 84.409



**Tritanopia**  
37, 62.556, 33.151



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
37, 71.147, 44.168

**Protanomaly**  
35, 44.853, 64.969

**Deuteranomaly**  
36, 51.858, 62.357

**Tritanomaly**  
37, 65.815, 38.215

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
37, 71.147, 44.168

**Achromatopsia**  
31, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
31, 26.156, 41.175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 71.147, 44.168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 37, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 37, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 37, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 37, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 71.147, 44.168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 37, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 37, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 37, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 37, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 37, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 37, 1)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 71.147, 44.168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 37, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 37,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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