

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 90.205, 139.682)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 90.205, 139.682)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 63.636, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006C00
RGB	0, 108, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5776, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	120°, 100%, 21%
HSV	120°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	5.3216, 10.6589, 1.7670
YIQ	63.3960, -29.7000, -56.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

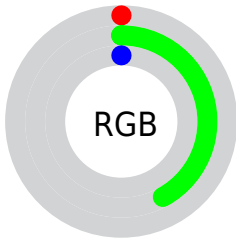
Format	Color
RYB	0, 108, 108
Decimal	27648
CIELab	39.00, -45.79, 44.19
CIELCh	39, 63.636, 136.016
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2999, 0.6006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217728 (0xFF006C00)
YUV	63.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -28.0387, 19.6448

Details

The CIELCh color **39, 63.636, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **24, 61.283, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 63.602, 136.064**, and **21, 41.286, 137.348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 63.516, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 60.573, 136.718**.

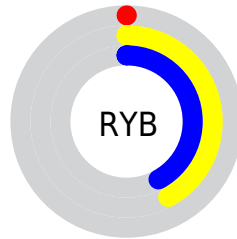
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (42%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

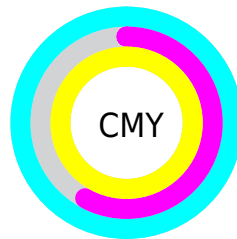


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 63.636, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 63.636, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 63.636,
136.016


 39, 63.636,
136.016

 100, 63.636,
136.016


 29, 63.636,
136.016

 59, 63.636,
136.016


 19, 63.636,
136.016


 69, 63.636,
136.016

 9, 63.636, 136.016

 79, 63.636,
136.016

 0, 63.636, 136.016

 89, 63.636,
136.016

 99, 63.636,
136.016

■ 39, 63.636,
136.016

■ 39, 63.636,
136.016

■ 39, 63.516,
136.016

■ 39, 60.573,
136.718

■ 39, 56.890,
137.532

■ 40, 51.863,
138.538

■ 40, 45.770,
139.612

■ 41, 38.891,
140.660

■ 41, 31.474,
141.629

■ 42, 23.726,
142.493

■ 43, 15.816,

143.249

■ 44, 7.873, 143.908

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 63.636, 136.016



24, 61.283, 328.233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 63.636, 136.016



39, 63.636, 186.016



39, 63.636, 316.016



39, 63.636, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 63.516, 136.016



54, 29.458, 142.426



44, 51.390, 102.852



28, 20.231, 142.160



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 63.516, 136.016



50, 76.768, 136.016



39, 46.046, 150.384



22, 4.400, 143.972



42, 67.487, 136.016



85, 116.131, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 61.283, 328.233



33, 74.069, 328.233



22, 45.153, 359.735



21, 4.407, 324.881



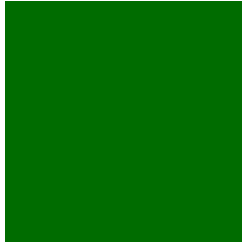
27, 65.115, 328.233



58, 112.048, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 63.636, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

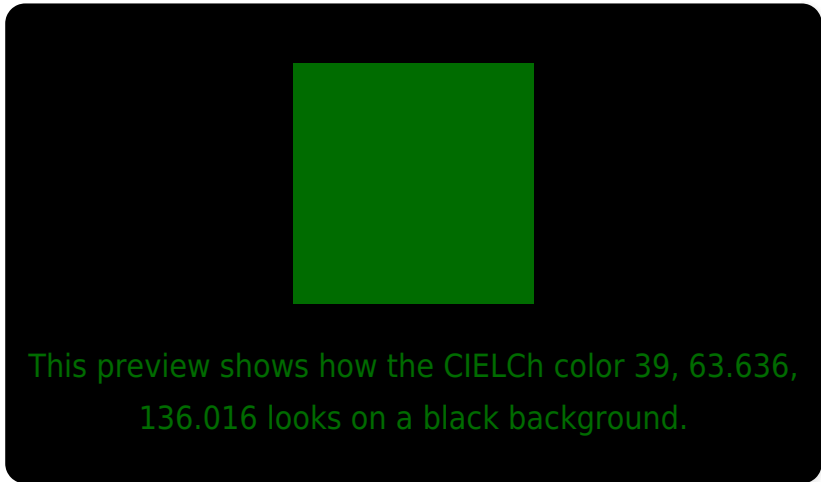
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

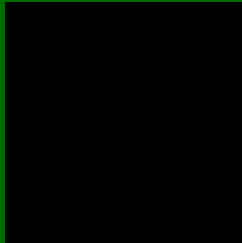
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 63.636, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 63.636, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 63.636, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
39, 63.636, 136.016

Protanopia
39, 46.445, 95.284

Deuteranopia
39, 39.801, 82.274



Tritanopia
39, 18.501, 212.862

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 63.636, 136.016

Protanomaly
38, 50.827, 120.231

Deuteranomaly
37, 44.229, 116.779

Tritanomaly
39, 33.834, 157.790

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 63.636, 136.016

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 29.830, 140.923

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 63.636, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 63.636, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 108, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 63.636, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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