

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 97.706, 337.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 97.706, 337.949)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 78.010, 339.227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE0395
RGB	190, 3, 149
RGB Percent	75%, 1%, 58%
CMY	0.2553, 0.9889, 0.4165
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.22, 0.26
HSL	313°, 97%, 38%
HSV	313°, 99%, 74%
XYZ	26.6480, 13.1578, 29.4842
YIQ	75.5570, 64.5860, 85.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

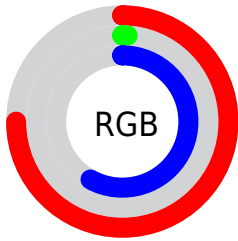
Format	Color
R_{YB}	190, 3, 149
Decimal	12452757
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, 72.94, -27.67
CIE _{LCh}	43, 78.010, 339.227
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3846, 0.1899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290642837 (0xFFBE0395)
YUV	75.5570, 36.2074, 100.3665
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 67.6539, -22.8010

Details

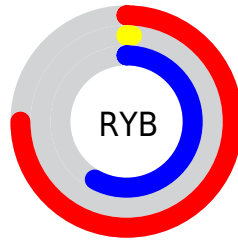
The CIELCh color $43, 78.010, 339.227$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC0099`. A complement of this color would be $67, 88.749, 139.176$, and the grayscale version is $32, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 77.743, 339.274$, and $29, 58.524, 341.393$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 78.124, 339.406$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 76.843, 338.056$.

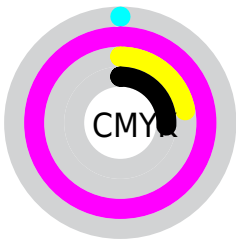
Distribution



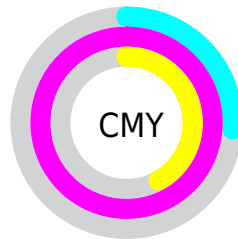
- Red (75%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 78.010,
339.227


 43, 78.010,
339.227


 100, 78.010,
339.227

 33, 78.010,
339.227

 63, 78.010,
339.227


 23, 78.010,
339.227

 73, 78.010,
339.227

 13, 78.010,
339.227

 83, 78.010,
339.227

 3, 78.010, 339.227

 93, 78.010,
339.227

 0, 78.010, 339.227

 43, 78.010,

 43, 78.010,

339.227

339.227

■ 43, 78.124,
339.406

■ 44, 76.843,
338.056

■ 46, 73.552,
337.032

■ 48, 67.987,
336.125

■ 51, 60.466,
335.296

■ 55, 51.458,
334.521

■ 59, 41.448,
333.784

■ 63, 30.859,
333.076

■ 68, 20.017,
332.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 78.010, 339.227



67, 88.749, 139.176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 78.010, 339.227



43, 78.010, 29.227



43, 78.010, 159.227



43, 78.010, 209.227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 78.007, 339.227



79, 40.223, 333.214



25, 104.605, 307.348



40, 27.609, 333.515



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 78.007, 339.227



56, 95.039, 339.634



40, 70.278, 21.957



37, 6.066, 331.782



35, 68.366, 339.216



3, 17.294, 335.278

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 78.007, 339.227



56, 95.039, 339.634



68, 55.063, 163.462



37, 6.066, 331.782



35, 68.366, 339.216



3, 17.294, 335.278

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

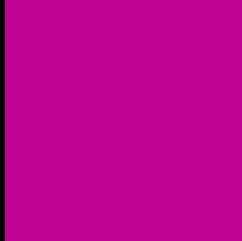
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

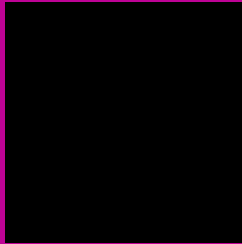
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 78.010, 339.227

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 78.010, 339.227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
43, 78.056, 339.189

Protanopia
44, 66.407, 287.566

Deuteranopia
44, 22.275, 286.118



Tritanopia
44, 56.651, 27.937

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 78.056, 339.189

Protanomaly
36, 74.846, 303.134

Deuteranomaly
39, 50.569, 321.562

Tritanomaly
42, 60.458, 4.834

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 78.056, 339.189

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 40.752, 335.114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 78.010, 339.227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 3, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 3, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 3, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 3, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 78.010, 339.227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 3, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 3, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 3, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 3, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 3, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 3,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 78.010, 339.227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 3, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 3,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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