

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 109.819, 220.887)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 109.819, 220.887)
contains.

CIELCh(50, 52.289, 274.843)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(50, 52.289, 274.843)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	047AD0
RGB	4, 122, 208
RGB Percent	2%, 48%, 82%
CMY	0.9849, 0.5227, 0.1851
CMYK	0.98, 0.41, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	205°, 96%, 42%
HSV	205°, 98%, 81%
XYZ	18.3341, 18.4187, 62.1403
YIQ	96.5220, -97.9340, 1.7300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

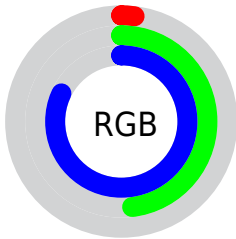
Format	Color
RYB	4, 79, 208
Decimal	293584
CIELab	50.00, 4.41, -52.10
CIELCh	50, 52.289, 274.843
Yxy	18.4187, 0.1854, 0.1862
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278483664 (0xFF047AD0)
YUV	96.5220, 54.9587, -81.1418
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 1.1503, -55.8053

Details

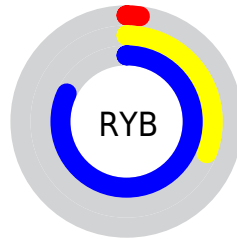
The CIELCh color **50, 52.289, 274.843** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **53, 74.901, 54.697**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 47.025, 270.906**, and **32, 50.207, 284.932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 53.178, 275.718**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 47.662, 269.949**.

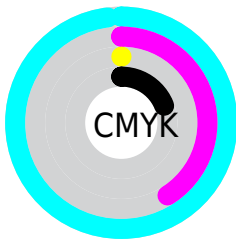
Distribution



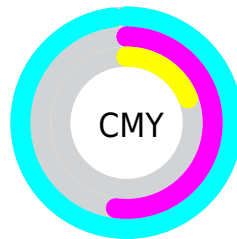
- Red (2%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 52.289,
274.843

■ 50, 52.289,
274.843

■ 100, 52.289,
274.843

■ 40, 52.289,
274.843

■ 70, 52.289,
274.843

■ 30, 52.289,
274.843

■ 80, 52.289,
274.843

■ 20, 52.289,
274.843

■ 90, 52.289,
274.843

■ 10, 52.289,
274.843

■ 0, 52.289, 274.843

■ 50, 52.289,
274.843

■ 50, 52.289,
274.843

■ 49, 53.178,
275.718

■ 53, 47.662,
269.949

■ 56, 43.085,
265.379

■ 59, 38.400,
261.333

■ 62, 33.503,
257.862

■ 66, 28.335,
254.946

■ 69, 22.885,
252.525

■ 73, 17.172,
250.530

■ 77, 11.231,
248.891

■ 80, 5.104, 247.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 52.289, 274.843



53, 74.901, 54.697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 52.289, 274.843



50, 52.289, 324.843



50, 52.289, 94.843



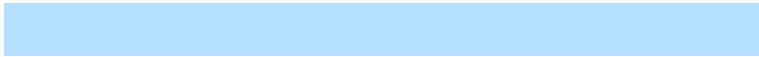
50, 52.289, 144.843

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 52.288, 274.844



87, 20.851, 250.749



73, 82.158, 145.527



45, 14.207, 251.582



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 52.288, 274.844



60, 62.692, 276.352



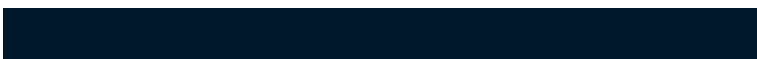
27, 109.705, 305.127



42, 3.569, 247.720



40, 44.881, 274.920



7, 14.567, 263.448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 73.992, 354.533



55, 86.321, 355.573



76, 77.907, 97.302



41, 5.718, 340.367



36, 63.506, 354.573



5, 22.729, 348.791

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

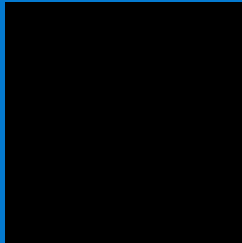
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 52.289, 274.843

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843.

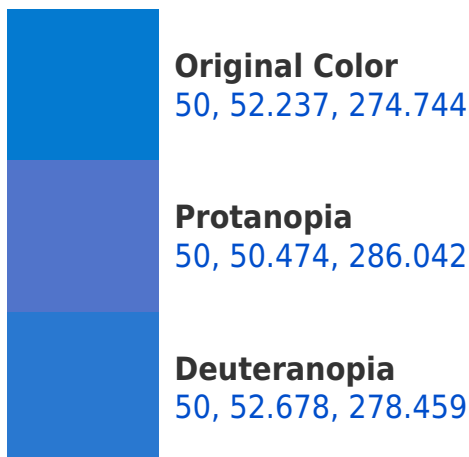


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 52.289, 274.843.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
50, 29.743, 206.945

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 52.237, 274.744

Protanomaly
50, 51.318, 279.949

Deuteranomaly
50, 52.455, 276.535

Tritanomaly
50, 32.143, 240.466

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 52.237, 274.744

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 22.818, 256.894

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 52.289, 274.843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 122, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 122, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 122, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 122, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 52.289, 274.843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 122, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 122, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 122, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 122, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 122, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 122,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 52.289, 274.843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 122, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 122,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor