

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 11.303, 102.744)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 11.303, 102.744)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 11.069, 101.334)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5A48
RGB	93, 90, 72
RGB Percent	36%, 35%, 28%
CMY	0.6356, 0.6474, 0.7180
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.23, 0.64
HSL	51°, 13%, 32%
HSV	51°, 23%, 36%
XYZ	9.3221, 10.0881, 7.5733
YIQ	88.8450, 7.5660, -4.9620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

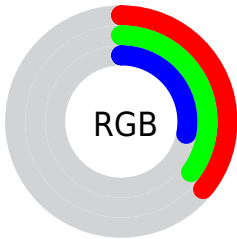
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 93, 72
Decimal	6117960
CIE Lab	38.00, -2.18, 10.85
CIE LCh	38, 11.069, 101.334
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3455, 0.3739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308040 (0xFF5D5A48)
YUV	88.8450, -8.3046, 3.6439
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -3.1932, 8.0961

Details

The CIELCh color $[38, 11.069, 101.334]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[32, 11.430, 286.271]$, and the grayscale version is $[38, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 10.805, 102.351]$, and $[18, 11.598, 101.998]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[37, 15.960, 100.294]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39, 6.163, 102.365]$.

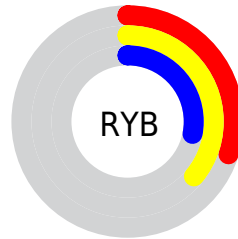
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (35%)

Blue (28%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (28%)

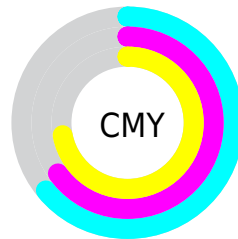


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 11.069,
101.334


 38, 11.069,
101.334

 100, 11.069,
101.334


 28, 11.069,
101.334

 58, 11.069,
101.334


 18, 11.069,
101.334


 68, 11.069,
101.334

 8, 11.069, 101.334

 78, 11.069,
101.334

 0, 11.069, 101.334

 88, 11.069,
101.334

 98, 11.069,
101.334

■ 38, 11.069,
101.334

■ 38, 11.069,
101.334

■ 37, 15.960,
100.294

■ 39, 6.163, 102.365

■ 37, 20.794, 99.238

■ 39, 1.263, 103.324

■ 36, 25.506, 98.181

■ 40, 3.615, 284.378

■ 36, 29.991, 97.134

■ 41, 8.462, 285.308

■ 35, 34.089, 96.103

■ 41, 13.274,
286.209

■ 35, 37.569, 95.095

■ 42, 18.047,
287.072

■ 34, 40.239, 94.107

■ 43, 22.781,
287.896

■ 34, 42.296, 93.414

■ 44, 27.474,
288.679

■ 44, 32.127,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 11.069, 101.334



32, 11.430, 286.271

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 11.069, 101.334



38, 11.069, 151.334



38, 11.069, 281.334



38, 11.069, 331.334

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 11.070, 101.340



50, 4.217, 102.901



33, 9.620, 9.192



25, 2.762, 102.873



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 11.070, 101.340



48, 16.312, 100.795



38, 13.196, 122.547



19, 2.711, 102.743



40, 47.437, 93.197



82, 83.187, 92.489

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 11.430, 286.271



40, 16.984, 287.012



32, 13.705, 304.892



17, 2.748, 284.578



12, 64.027, 302.995



32, 118.300, 304.373

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

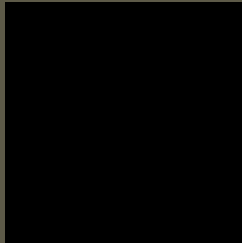
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 11.069, 101.334

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334.

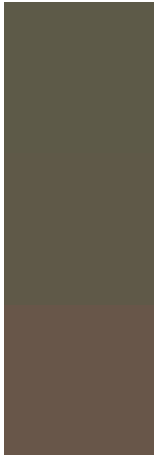


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 11.069, 101.334.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

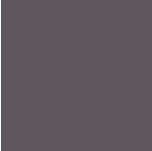
38, 11.069, 101.334

Protanopia

38, 10.753, 93.758

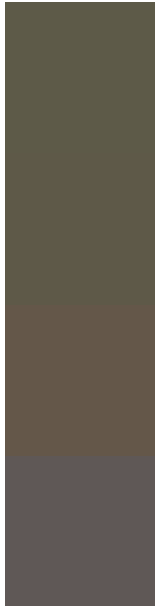
Deuteranopia

38, 11.580, 63.224



Tritanopia
38, 5.756, 331.836

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 11.069, 101.334

Protanomaly
38, 10.644, 96.145

Deuteranomaly
38, 10.489, 74.208

Tritanomaly
38, 3.263, 41.730

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 11.069, 101.334

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 3.701, 102.841

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 11.069, 101.334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 90, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 90, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 90, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 90, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 11.069, 101.334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 90, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 90, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 90, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 90, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90, 72)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 11.069, 101.334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 90, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 90,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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