

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 12.836, 153.964)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 12.836, 153.964)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 13.137, 153.378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495F50
RGB	73, 95, 80
RGB Percent	29%, 37%, 31%
CMY	0.7152, 0.6290, 0.6878
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.16, 0.63
HSL	139°, 13%, 33%
HSV	139°, 23%, 37%
XYZ	8.2090, 10.0881, 9.0296
YIQ	86.7120, -8.2970, -9.3290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

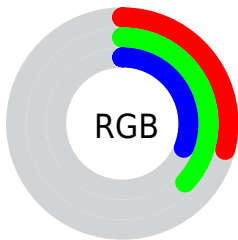
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 90, 95
Decimal	4808528
CIE _{Lab}	38.00, -11.74, 5.89
CIE _{LCh}	38, 13.137, 153.378
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3004, 0.3692
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282998608 (0xFF495F50)
YUV	86.7120, -3.3090, -12.0254
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -9.4486, 5.3775

Details

The CIELCh color **38, 13.137, 153.378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **34, 13.267, 336.578**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 13.530, 152.804**, and **18, 13.258, 154.589** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 18.752, 152.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 7.472, 154.167**.

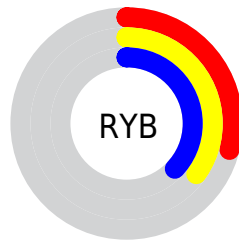
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (37%)

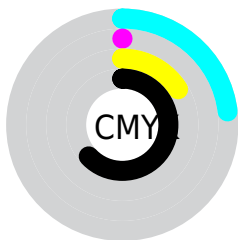
Blue (31%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (37%)

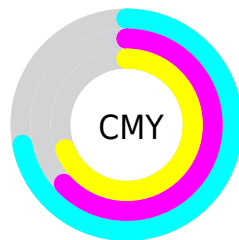


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (72%)


Magenta (63%)


Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 13.137,
153.378


 38, 13.137,
153.378

 100, 13.137,
153.378


 28, 13.137,
153.378

 58, 13.137,
153.378


 18, 13.137,
153.378


 68, 13.137,
153.378

 8, 13.137, 153.378

 78, 13.137,
153.378

 0, 13.137, 153.378

 88, 13.137,
153.378

 98, 13.137,
153.378

■ 38, 13.137,
153.378

■ 38, 13.137,
153.378

■ 37, 18.752,
152.488

■ 39, 7.472, 154.167

■ 37, 24.239,
151.479

■ 40, 1.817, 154.939

■ 41, 3.776, 335.387

■ 36, 29.510,
150.330

■ 42, 9.271, 335.966

■ 35, 34.474,
149.026

■ 43, 14.641,
336.467

■ 35, 39.040,
147.558

■ 44, 19.869,
336.917

■ 35, 43.133,
145.929

■ 46, 24.945,
337.325

■ 35, 46.724,
144.198

■ 47, 29.866,
337.699

■ 34, 49.009,

■ 48, 34.631,

143.183

338.043

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 13.137, 153.378



34, 13.267, 336.578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 13.137, 153.378



38, 13.137, 203.378



38, 13.137, 333.378



38, 13.137, 23.378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 13.138, 153.377



51, 4.869, 154.615



39, 13.691, 121.213



25, 3.134, 154.595



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 13.138, 153.377



48, 19.554, 152.893



38, 9.242, 182.622



20, 3.222, 154.489



41, 55.850, 142.714



83, 100.688, 141.363

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 13.267, 336.578



42, 19.778, 336.991



33, 10.132, 6.719



18, 3.239, 335.568



24, 50.248, 345.211



53, 86.813, 346.656

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

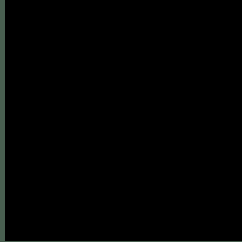
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 13.137, 153.378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 13.137, 153.378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

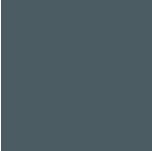
Dichromacy



Original Color
38, 13.137, 153.378

Protanopia
38, 7.677, 92.057

Deuteranopia
38, 7.370, 44.651



Tritanopia
38, 7.478, 234.088

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 13.137, 153.378

Protanomaly
38, 8.263, 124.280

Deuteranomaly
38, 5.581, 100.212

Tritanomaly
38, 7.287, 193.619

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 13.137, 153.378

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 4.616, 156.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 13.137, 153.378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 95, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 95, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 95, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 95, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 13.137, 153.378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 95, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 95, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 95, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 95, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 95, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 95, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 13.137, 153.378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 95, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 95,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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