

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 18.093, 105.402)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 18.093, 105.402)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 18.171, 105.762)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 18.171, 105.762)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C5B3D
RGB	92, 91, 61
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 24%
CMY	0.6393, 0.6432, 0.7609
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.34, 0.64
HSL	58°, 20%, 30%
HSV	58°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	8.9912, 10.0881, 5.8845
YIQ	87.8790, 10.2260, -9.1180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

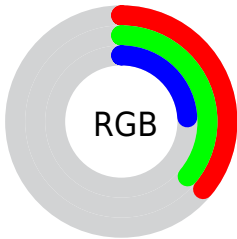
Format	Color
R_{YB}	62, 92, 61
Decimal	6052669
CIE Lab	38.00, -4.94, 17.49
CIE LCh	38, 18.171, 105.762
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3602, 0.4041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284242749 (0xFF5C5B3D)
YUV	87.8790, -13.2513, 3.6141
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -5.0525, 11.2486

Details

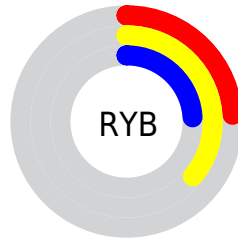
The CIELCh color $[38, 18.171, 105.762]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $[27, 19.516, 292.826]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 18.031, 105.365]$, and $[18, 17.960, 105.553]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38, 23.382, 104.857]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 12.840, 106.689]$.

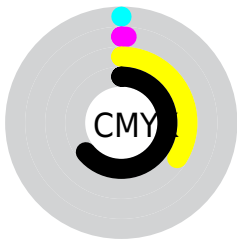
Distribution



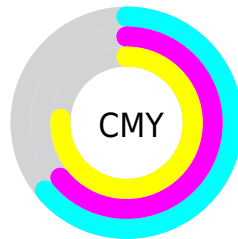
- Red (36%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (64%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 18.171,
105.762


 38, 18.171,
105.762

 100, 18.171,
105.762


 28, 18.171,
105.762

 58, 18.171,
105.762


 18, 18.171,
105.762


 68, 18.171,
105.762

 8, 18.171, 105.762

 78, 18.171,
105.762

 0, 18.171, 105.762

 88, 18.171,
105.762

 98, 18.171,
105.762

■ 38, 18.171,
105.762

■ 38, 18.171,
105.762

■ 38, 23.382,
104.857

■ 38, 12.840,
106.689

■ 38, 28.388,
103.980

■ 39, 7.440, 107.612

■ 39, 2.009, 108.512

■ 37, 33.064,
103.158

■ 39, 3.431, 289.444

■ 37, 37.237,
102.414

■ 40, 8.863, 290.308

■ 37, 40.678,
101.778

■ 40, 14.278,
291.148

■ 37, 43.300,
101.255

■ 41, 19.667,
291.955

■ 37, 44.993,
100.930

■ 41, 25.025,
292.726

■ 42, 30.348,

293.460

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 18.171, 105.762



27, 19.516, 292.826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 18.171, 105.762



38, 18.171, 155.762



38, 18.171, 285.762



38, 18.171, 335.762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 18.172, 105.766



50, 6.754, 107.922



29, 14.634, 19.523



26, 4.644, 107.837



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 18.172, 105.766



49, 26.674, 105.076



37, 19.948, 126.412



19, 3.038, 108.058



44, 50.877, 100.886



89, 89.547, 100.755

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 19.516, 292.826



33, 29.233, 294.019



28, 20.912, 309.490



17, 3.094, 289.727



11, 70.025, 305.573



30, 125.363, 306.004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

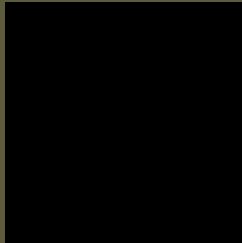
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 18.171, 105.762

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 18.171, 105.762.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

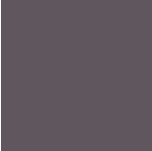
38, 18.171, 105.762

Protanopia

38, 18.054, 95.172

Deuteranopia

38, 17.953, 73.823



Tritanopia
38, 5.756, 331.836

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 18.171, 105.762

Protanomaly
38, 18.354, 99.828

Deuteranomaly
38, 17.266, 84.959

Tritanomaly
38, 4.792, 69.617

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 18.171, 105.762

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 6.744, 109.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 18.171, 105.762 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 91, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 91, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 91, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 91, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 18.171, 105.762 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 91, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 91, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 91, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 91, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 91, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 91, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 18.171, 105.762 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 91, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 91,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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