

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 20.196, 100.365)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 20.196, 100.365)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 20.116, 100.131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F5A39
RGB	95, 90, 57
RGB Percent	37%, 35%, 22%
CMY	0.6266, 0.6463, 0.7757
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.40, 0.63
HSL	52°, 25%, 30%
HSV	52°, 40%, 37%
XYZ	9.1577, 10.0881, 5.3605
YIQ	87.7330, 13.5730, -9.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

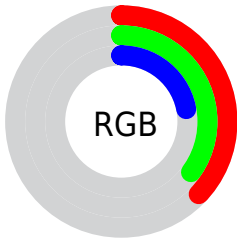
Format	Color
RYB	63, 95, 57
Decimal	6249017
CIELab	38.00, -3.54, 19.80
CIElCh	38, 20.116, 100.131
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3722, 0.4100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284439097 (0xFF5F5A39)
YUV	87.7330, -15.1514, 6.3732
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -4.1168, 12.2268

Details

The CIELCh color **38, 20.116, 100.131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **27, 21.489, 289.524**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 19.871, 100.418**, and **18, 20.249, 100.344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 25.000, 99.091**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 15.121, 101.178**.

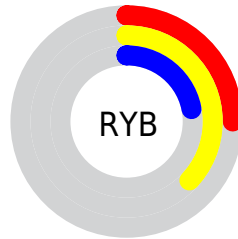
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (35%)

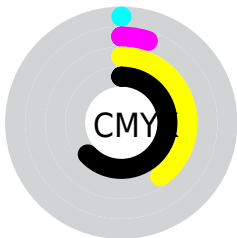
Blue (22%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (22%)

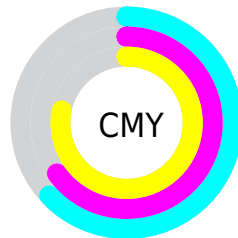


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 20.116,
100.131


 38, 20.116,
100.131


 100, 20.116,
100.131


 28, 20.116,
100.131

 58, 20.116,
100.131


 18, 20.116,
100.131


 68, 20.116,
100.131

 8, 20.116, 100.131

 78, 20.116,
100.131

 0, 20.116, 100.131

 88, 20.116,
100.131

 98, 20.116,
100.131

■ 38, 20.116,
100.131

■ 38, 20.116,
100.131

■ 37, 25.000, 99.091

■ 39, 15.121,
101.178

■ 37, 29.675, 98.057

■ 39, 10.073,
102.211

■ 36, 33.988, 97.046

■ 36, 37.722, 96.063

■ 40, 5.012, 103.221

■ 36, 40.599, 95.112

■ 40, 0.041, 285.970

■ 35, 43.258, 94.206

■ 41, 5.071, 285.203

■ 35, 43.278, 94.200

■ 42, 10.070,
286.122

■ 42, 15.034,
287.010

■ 43, 19.960,
287.858

■ 44, 24.845,
288.667

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 20.116, 100.131



27, 21.489, 289.524

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 20.116, 100.131



38, 20.116, 150.131



38, 20.116, 280.131



38, 20.116, 330.131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 20.117, 100.135



51, 7.579, 102.977



29, 18.054, 12.772



26, 5.067, 102.898



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 20.117, 100.135



49, 30.069, 99.134



38, 23.681, 122.326



20, 2.871, 103.323



41, 48.512, 94.008



84, 84.407, 93.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 21.489, 289.524



33, 32.855, 291.316



27, 25.388, 306.592



18, 2.913, 285.163



13, 65.896, 303.364



32, 120.306, 304.623

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

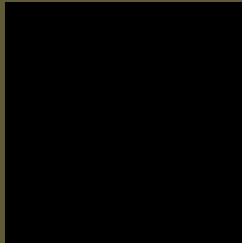
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 20.116, 100.131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131.

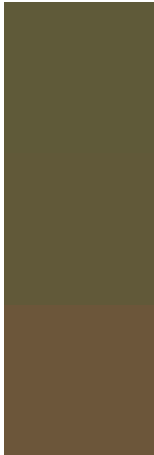


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 20.116, 100.131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 20.116, 100.131

Protanopia

38, 19.806, 95.872

Deuteranopia

38, 20.334, 75.866



Tritanopia
38, 7.006, 342.602

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 20.116, 100.131

Protanomaly
38, 19.712, 97.240

Deuteranomaly
38, 19.712, 85.762

Tritanomaly
38, 6.630, 67.203

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 20.116, 100.131

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 7.402, 102.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 20.116, 100.131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 90, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 90, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 90, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 90, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 20.116, 100.131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 90, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 90, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 90, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 90, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 90, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 90, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 20.116, 100.131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 90, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 90,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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