

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 20.527, 291.268)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 20.527, 291.268)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 20.316, 291.281)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 20.316, 291.281)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555778
RGB	85, 87, 120
RGB Percent	33%, 34%, 47%
CMY	0.6669, 0.6591, 0.5297
CMYK	0.29, 0.28, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	237°, 17%, 40%
HSV	237°, 29%, 47%
XYZ	10.5288, 10.0881, 19.1391
YIQ	90.1640, -11.7850, 9.8390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

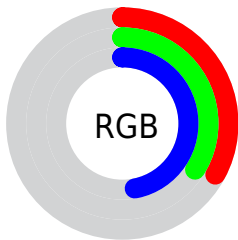
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 87, 120
Decimal	5592952
CIE _{Lab}	38.00, 7.37, -18.93
CIE _{LCh}	38, 20.316, 291.281
Yxy	10.0881, 0.2648, 0.2537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283783032 (0xFF555778)
YUV	90.1640, 14.7091, -4.5288
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 3.5887, -13.4940

Details

The CIELCh color $[38, 20.316, 291.281]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be $[49, 19.154, 104.951]$, and the grayscale version is $[38, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 19.918, 290.433]$, and $[18, 20.017, 290.844]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34, 27.812, 292.881]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42, 13.105, 289.905]$.

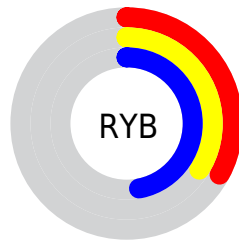
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (34%)

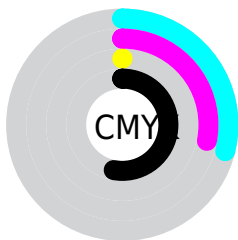
Blue (47%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (47%)

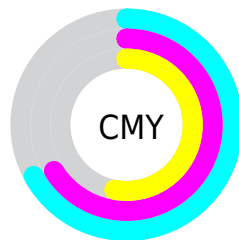


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (66%)


Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 20.316,
291.281


 38, 20.316,
291.281


 100, 20.316,
291.281


 28, 20.316,
291.281

 58, 20.316,
291.281


 18, 20.316,
291.281


 68, 20.316,
291.281

 8, 20.316, 291.281

 78, 20.316,
291.281

 0, 20.316, 291.281

 88, 20.316,
291.281

 98, 20.316,
291.281

■ 38, 20.316,
291.281

■ 38, 20.316,
291.281

■ 34, 27.812,
292.881

■ 42, 13.105,
289.905

■ 30, 35.606,
294.725

■ 47, 6.162, 288.731

■ 25, 43.673,
296.804

■ 51, 0.533, 107.598

■ 55, 6.999, 106.834

■ 22, 51.903,
299.063

■ 59, 13.251,
106.090

■ 18, 59.993,
301.367

■ 63, 19.303,
105.444

■ 15, 67.316,
303.482


■ 67, 25.167,
104.881

■ 13, 73.073,
305.038

■ 71, 30.855,
104.388

■ 13, 73.511,

305.145

 75, 36.377,
103.956

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 20.316, 291.281



49, 19.154, 104.951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 20.316, 291.281



38, 20.316, 341.281



38, 20.316, 111.281



38, 20.316, 161.281

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 20.315, 291.280



59, 7.475, 288.735



48, 13.192, 191.951



30, 5.245, 288.868



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 20.315, 291.280



46, 30.540, 292.323



39, 22.326, 308.183



23, 3.844, 288.721



13, 75.847, 305.197



33, 130.488, 305.804

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 15.559, 17.255



49, 23.567, 18.133



48, 21.351, 125.348



24, 2.856, 15.233



25, 58.457, 35.885



53, 101.564, 38.395

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

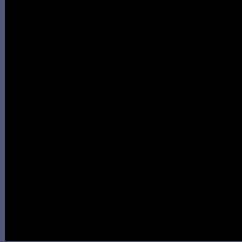
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 20.316, 291.281

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 20.316, 291.281.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


38, 20.316, 291.281

Protanopia

38, 20.412, 285.348

Deuteranopia

38, 19.772, 285.968



Tritanopia
38, 6.049, 244.593

Trichromacy



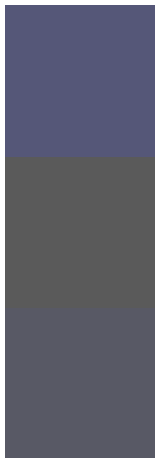
Original Color
38, 20.316, 291.281

Protanomaly
38, 20.347, 287.280

Deuteranomaly
38, 19.740, 286.973

Tritanomaly
38, 10.223, 274.199

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 20.316, 291.281

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 7.387, 288.242

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 20.316, 291.281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 87, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 87, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 87, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 87, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 20.316, 291.281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 87, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 87, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 87, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 87, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 87, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 87,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 20.316, 291.281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 87, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 87,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor