

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 21.459, 358.592)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 21.459, 358.592)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 21.714, 358.328)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A4C5B
RGB	122, 76, 91
RGB Percent	48%, 30%, 36%
CMY	0.5211, 0.7015, 0.6427
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.25, 0.52
HSL	340°, 23%, 39%
HSV	340°, 38%, 48%
XYZ	12.5286, 10.0881, 11.2099
YIQ	91.4640, 22.6010, 14.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

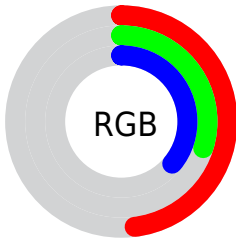
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 76, 91
Decimal	8014939
CIE Lab	38.00, 21.70, -0.63
CIE LCh	38, 21.714, 358.328
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3704, 0.2982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286205019 (0xFF7A4C5B)
YUV	91.4640, -0.2288, 26.7801
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 14.8278, 1.3074

Details

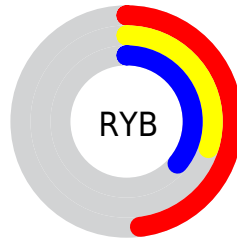
The CIELCh color $[38, 21.714, 358.328]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `#996666`. A complement of this color would be $[48, 19.700, 170.520]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 21.285, 358.521]$, and $[18, 21.964, 358.948]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35, 27.589, 359.932]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 15.781, 356.985]$.

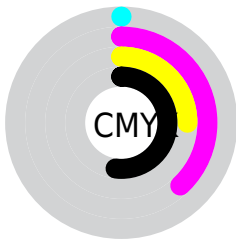
Distribution



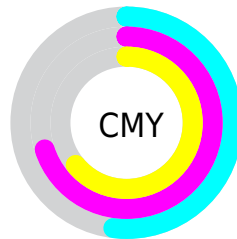
- Red (48%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 21.714,
358.328


 38, 21.714,
358.328


 100, 21.714,
358.328


 28, 21.714,
358.328

 58, 21.714,
358.328


 18, 21.714,
358.328


 68, 21.714,
358.328

 8, 21.714, 358.328

 78, 21.714,
358.328

 0, 21.714, 358.328

 88, 21.714,
358.328

 98, 21.714,
358.328

■ 38, 21.714,
358.328

■ 38, 21.714,
358.328

■ 35, 27.589,
359.932

■ 41, 15.781,
356.985

■ 32, 33.221, 1.881

■ 45, 9.928, 355.829

■ 29, 38.369, 4.296

■ 48, 4.234, 354.790

■ 27, 42.782, 7.324

■ 52, 1.254, 174.251

■ 26, 46.285, 11.117

■ 56, 6.519, 173.259

■ 25, 49.117, 15.535

■ 60, 11.560,
172.532

■ 25, 49.828, 16.518

■ 63, 16.383,
171.883

■ 67, 21.001,
171.294

■ 71, 25.431,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 21.714, 358.328



48, 19.700, 170.520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 21.714, 358.328



38, 21.714, 48.328



38, 21.714, 178.328



38, 21.714, 228.328

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 21.712, 358.330



60, 7.548, 355.157



37, 30.608, 316.219



30, 5.053, 355.264



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 21.712, 358.330



46, 32.166, 359.656



40, 18.462, 36.178



24, 3.122, 354.934



25, 50.680, 16.662



53, 86.500, 19.927

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 21.712, 358.330



46, 32.166, 359.656



46, 14.218, 216.876



24, 3.122, 354.934



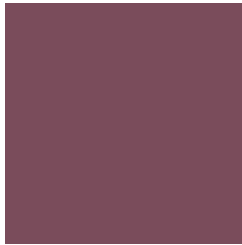
25, 50.680, 16.662



53, 86.500, 19.927

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

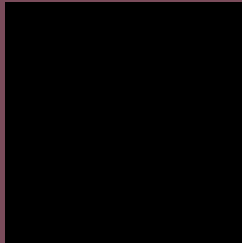
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 21.714, 358.328

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 21.714, 358.328.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 21.714, 358.328

Protanopia

38, 6.154, 291.154

Deuteranopia

38, 5.314, 6.818



Tritanopia
38, 19.919, 12.155

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 21.714, 358.328

Protanomaly
38, 10.287, 335.117

Deuteranomaly
38, 11.211, 358.706

Tritanomaly
38, 20.072, 6.976

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 21.714, 358.328

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 8.152, 353.866

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 21.714, 358.328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 76, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 76, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 76, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 76, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 21.714, 358.328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 76, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 76, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 76, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 76, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 76, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 76,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 21.714, 358.328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 76, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 76,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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