

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 22.344, 133.315)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 22.344, 133.315)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 22.456, 134.100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49603F
RGB	73, 96, 63
RGB Percent	29%, 38%, 25%
CMY	0.7146, 0.6244, 0.7538
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.34, 0.62
HSL	102°, 21%, 31%
HSV	102°, 34%, 38%
XYZ	7.7839, 10.0881, 6.2081
YIQ	85.3610, -3.1150, -15.1390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

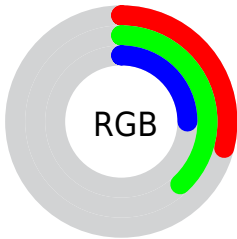
Format	Color
RYB	63, 96, 86
Decimal	4808767
CIELab	38.00, -15.63, 16.13
CIELCh	38, 22.456, 134.100
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3233, 0.4189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282998847 (0xFF49603F)
YUV	85.3610, -11.0240, -10.8406
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -11.8378, 10.6445

Details

The CIELCh color **38, 22.456, 134.100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **30, 23.007, 317.013**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 22.712, 134.459**, and **18, 22.684, 134.131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 28.834, 133.583**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 15.956, 134.599**.

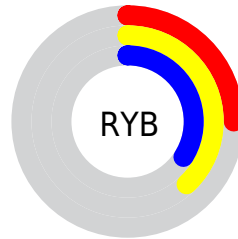
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (38%)

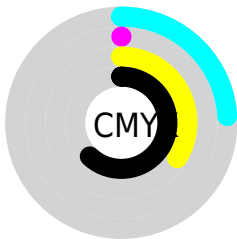
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (34%)

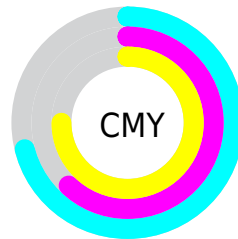


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 22.456,
134.100


 38, 22.456,
134.100

 100, 22.456,
134.100


 28, 22.456,
134.100

 58, 22.456,
134.100


 18, 22.456,
134.100

 68, 22.456,
134.100

 8, 22.456, 134.100

 78, 22.456,
134.100

 0, 22.456, 134.100

 88, 22.456,
134.100

 98, 22.456,
134.100

■ 38, 22.456,
134.100

■ 38, 22.456,
134.100

■ 37, 28.834,
133.583

■ 39, 15.956,
134.599

■ 37, 34.979,
133.074

■ 39, 9.411, 135.064

■ 36, 40.745,
132.619

■ 40, 2.880, 135.507

■ 41, 3.594, 315.816

■ 36, 45.937,
132.294

■ 42, 9.981, 316.165

■ 36, 50.320,
132.194

■ 43, 16.260,
316.461

■ 35, 53.812,
132.319

■ 44, 22.415,
316.717

■ 35, 55.721,
132.240

■ 45, 28.438,
316.939

■ 46, 34.326,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 22.456, 134.100



30, 23.007, 317.013

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 22.456, 134.100



38, 22.456, 184.100



38, 22.456, 314.100



38, 22.456, 4.100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 22.457, 134.101



51, 8.097, 135.247



37, 14.730, 88.334



26, 5.570, 135.204



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 22.457, 134.101



49, 33.155, 133.697



37, 21.717, 147.500



20, 3.682, 135.309



41, 62.491, 132.502



84, 110.312, 133.305

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 23.007, 317.013



37, 34.147, 317.319



31, 21.791, 331.979



18, 3.710, 315.968



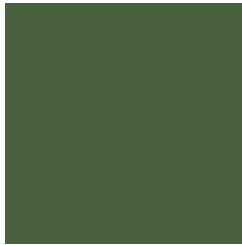
19, 65.242, 317.692



45, 114.435, 317.117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

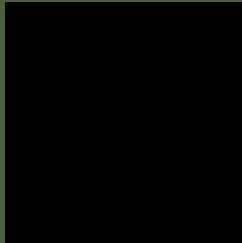
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 22.456, 134.100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 22.456, 134.100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
38, 22.456, 134.100

Protanopia
38, 18.054, 95.172

Deuteranopia
38, 15.949, 69.623



Tritanopia
38, 6.727, 246.242

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 22.456, 134.100

Protanomaly
38, 18.227, 111.624

Deuteranomaly
38, 15.420, 98.981

Tritanomaly
38, 7.986, 165.758

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 22.456, 134.100

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 8.195, 134.146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 22.456, 134.100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 96, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 96, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 96, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 96, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 22.456, 134.100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 96, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 96, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 96, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 96, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 96, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 96, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 22.456, 134.100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 96, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 96,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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