

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 23.061, 343.569)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 23.061, 343.569)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 22.976, 343.712)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	774C64
RGB	119, 76, 100
RGB Percent	47%, 30%, 39%
CMY	0.5319, 0.7007, 0.6065
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.16, 0.53
HSL	327°, 22%, 38%
HSV	327°, 36%, 47%
XYZ	12.5803, 10.0881, 13.4264
YIQ	91.5930, 17.9240, 16.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

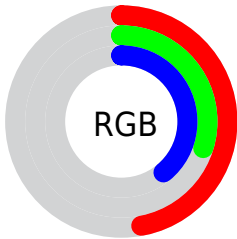
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 76, 100
Decimal	7818340
CIE _{Lab}	38.00, 22.05, -6.44
CIE _{LCh}	38, 22.976, 343.712
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3485, 0.2795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286008420 (0xFF774C64)
YUV	91.5930, 4.1447, 24.0359
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 15.1179, -2.8301

Details

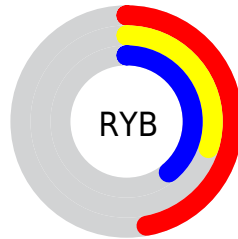
The CIELCh color $[38, 22.976, 343.712]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be $[47, 22.289, 157.489]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 22.753, 343.658]$, and $[18, 22.987, 343.798]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35, 29.176, 344.800]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 16.579, 342.746]$.

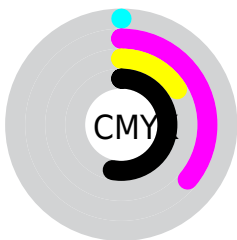
Distribution



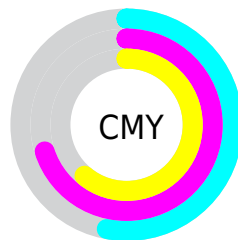
- Red (47%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (53%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 22.976,
343.712

 38, 22.976,
343.712

 100, 22.976,
343.712


 28, 22.976,
343.712

 58, 22.976,
343.712

 18, 22.976,
343.712

 68, 22.976,
343.712

 8, 22.976, 343.712

 78, 22.976,
343.712

 0, 22.976, 343.712

 88, 22.976,
343.712

 98, 22.976,
343.712

■ 38, 22.976,
343.712

■ 38, 22.976,
343.712

■ 35, 29.176,
344.800

■ 41, 16.579,
342.746

■ 32, 34.965,
346.047

■ 45, 10.148,
341.869

■ 30, 40.066,
347.513

■ 48, 3.788, 341.034

■ 28, 44.177,
349.280

■ 52, 2.437, 160.484

■ 26, 47.040,
351.454

■ 55, 8.491, 159.734

■ 25, 48.697,
354.088

■ 59, 14.357,
159.097

■ 25, 49.334,
355.136

■ 62, 20.031,
158.509

■ 66, 25.518,
157.962

■ 70, 30.826,
157.452

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 22.976, 343.712



47, 22.289, 157.489

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 22.976, 343.712



38, 22.976, 33.712



38, 22.976, 163.712



38, 22.976, 213.712

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 22.974, 343.713



59, 8.604, 341.472



36, 27.708, 308.583



30, 5.832, 341.559



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 22.974, 343.713



46, 33.906, 344.575



37, 19.532, 17.434



23, 3.486, 341.285



26, 50.212, 355.235



54, 84.443, 357.365

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 22.974, 343.713



46, 33.906, 344.575



47, 15.862, 191.494



23, 3.486, 341.285



26, 50.212, 355.235



54, 84.443, 357.365

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

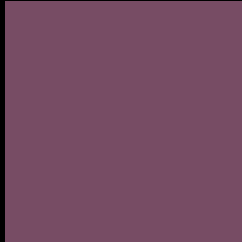
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

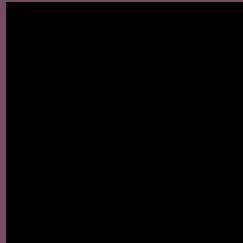
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 22.976, 343.712

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 22.976, 343.712.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 22.976, 343.712

Protanopia

38, 12.326, 286.746

Deuteranopia

38, 7.570, 317.018



Tritanopia
38, 17.621, 10.317

Trichromacy



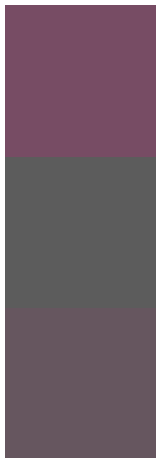
Original Color
38, 22.976, 343.712

Protanomaly
38, 14.741, 314.511

Deuteranomaly
38, 13.170, 333.126

Tritanomaly
38, 18.920, 357.849

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 22.976, 343.712

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 8.740, 341.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 22.976, 343.712 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 76, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 76, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 76, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 76, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 22.976, 343.712 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 76, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 76, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 76, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 76, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 76, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 76,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 22.976, 343.712 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 76, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 76,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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