

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 26.989, 105.826)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 26.989, 105.826)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 27.330, 105.772)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C5C2E
RGB	92, 92, 46
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 18%
CMY	0.6399, 0.6399, 0.8202
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.50, 0.64
HSL	60°, 33%, 27%
HSV	60°, 50%, 36%
XYZ	8.6993, 10.0881, 4.0574
YIQ	86.7560, 14.7660, -14.3060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

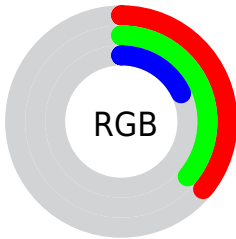
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 92, 46
Decimal	6052910
CIE Lab	38.00, -7.43, 26.30
CIE LCh	38, 27.330, 105.772
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3808, 0.4416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284242990 (0xFF5C5C2E)
YUV	86.7560, -20.0927, 4.5990
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -6.6929, 14.6592

Details

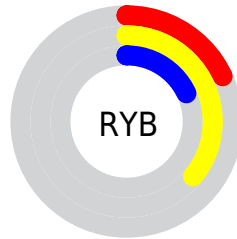
The CIELCh color **38, 27.330, 105.772** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **21, 30.981, 296.748**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 27.350, 106.036**, and **18, 26.556, 105.385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 32.235, 104.987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 22.126, 106.619**.

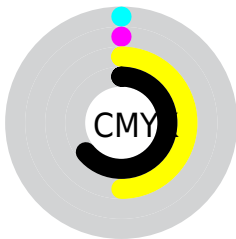
Distribution



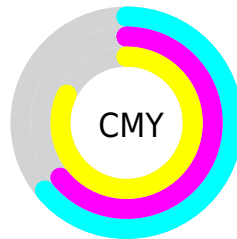
- Red (36%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 27.330,
105.772


 38, 27.330,
105.772

 100, 27.330,
105.772


 28, 27.330,
105.772

 58, 27.330,
105.772


 18, 27.330,
105.772

 68, 27.330,
105.772

 8, 27.330, 105.772

 78, 27.330,
105.772

 0, 27.330, 105.772

 88, 27.330,
105.772

 98, 27.330,
105.772

■ 38, 27.330,
105.772

■ 38, 27.330,
105.772

■ 38, 32.235,
104.987

■ 38, 22.126,
106.619

■ 38, 36.679,
104.283

■ 38, 16.730,
107.498

■ 38, 40.456,
103.696

■ 39, 11.221,
108.392

■ 38, 43.341,
103.255

■ 39, 5.646, 109.285

■ 38, 45.954,
102.863

■ 39, 0.039, 109.241

■ 39, 5.577, 291.054

■ 40, 11.187,
291.894

■ 40, 16.780,
292.706

■ 40, 22.348,
293.485

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 27.330, 105.772



21, 30.981, 296.748

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 27.330, 105.772



38, 27.330, 155.772



38, 27.330, 285.772



38, 27.330, 335.772

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 27.331, 105.775



50, 10.452, 108.804



25, 22.978, 24.408



26, 7.184, 108.678



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 27.331, 105.775



49, 39.929, 104.850



36, 29.516, 126.911



19, 3.137, 109.396



45, 52.043, 102.863



91, 91.731, 102.864

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 30.981, 296.748



24, 47.226, 299.022



24, 31.592, 311.414



17, 3.199, 291.023



10, 71.861, 306.288



30, 126.664, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

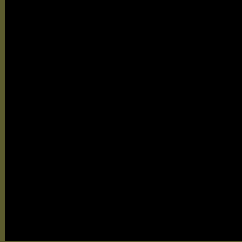
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 27.330, 105.772

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 27.330, 105.772.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

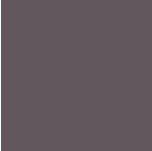
38, 27.330, 105.772

Protanopia

38, 27.252, 96.468

Deuteranopia

38, 26.470, 78.381



Tritanopia
38, 5.629, 339.319

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 27.330, 105.772

Protanomaly
38, 27.490, 100.642

Deuteranomaly
38, 25.517, 88.163

Tritanomaly
38, 8.402, 90.167

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 27.330, 105.772

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 10.404, 108.479

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 27.330, 105.772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 92, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 92, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 92, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 92, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 27.330, 105.772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 92, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 92, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 92, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 92, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 92, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 92, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 27.330, 105.772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 92, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 92,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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