

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 28.041, 129.611)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 28.041, 129.611)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 27.951, 129.142)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 27.951, 129.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	486035
RGB	72, 96, 53
RGB Percent	28%, 38%, 21%
CMY	0.7162, 0.6220, 0.7908
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.45, 0.62
HSL	93°, 29%, 29%
HSV	93°, 45%, 38%
XYZ	7.5690, 10.0881, 4.9593
YIQ	83.9220, -0.5010, -18.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

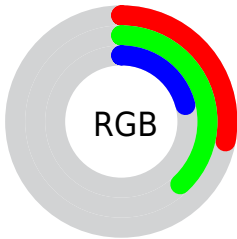
Format	Color
RYB	53, 96, 77
Decimal	4743221
CIELab	38.00, -17.64, 21.68
CIElCh	38, 27.951, 129.142
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3347, 0.4461
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282933301 (0xFF486035)
YUV	83.9220, -15.2445, -10.4556
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -13.0453, 12.9755

Details

The CIELCh color **38, 27.951, 129.142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **27, 29.427, 313.005**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 28.286, 128.745**, and **18, 28.521, 129.485** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 33.868, 128.732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 21.813, 129.592**.

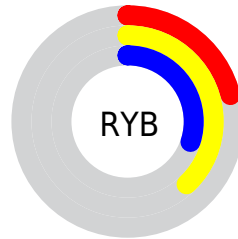
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (38%)

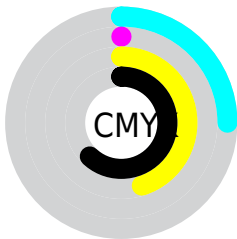
Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (30%)

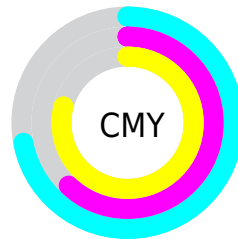


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (62%)


Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 27.951,
129.142

 38, 27.951,
129.142

 100, 27.951,
129.142


 28, 27.951,
129.142

 58, 27.951,
129.142


 18, 27.951,
129.142

 68, 27.951,
129.142

 8, 27.951, 129.142

 78, 27.951,
129.142

 0, 27.951, 129.142

 88, 27.951,
129.142

 98, 27.951,
129.142

■ 38, 27.951,
129.142

■ 38, 27.951,
129.142

■ 37, 33.868,
128.732

■ 39, 21.813,
129.592

■ 37, 39.425,
128.411

■ 39, 15.551,
130.046

■ 37, 44.437,
128.254

■ 40, 9.236, 130.487

■ 36, 48.676,
128.362

■ 41, 2.918, 130.917

■ 41, 3.366, 311.244

■ 36, 52.081,
128.733

■ 42, 9.589, 311.605

■ 36, 53.914,
128.819

■ 43, 15.733,
311.920

■ 44, 21.783,
312.201

■ 45, 27.730,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 27.951, 129.142



27, 29.427, 313.005

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 27.951, 129.142



38, 27.951, 179.142



38, 27.951, 309.142



38, 27.951, 359.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 27.952, 129.143



51, 10.149, 130.541



34, 17.694, 75.197



26, 7.160, 130.471



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 27.952, 129.143



48, 41.385, 128.696



37, 30.887, 142.562



20, 3.548, 130.733



42, 60.189, 129.114



85, 106.303, 130.092

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 29.427, 313.005



32, 44.167, 313.475



29, 30.809, 328.110



18, 3.587, 311.407



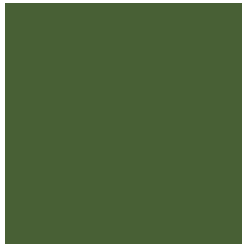
17, 66.994, 313.798



40, 117.780, 313.114

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

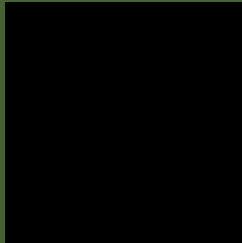
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 27.951, 129.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 27.951, 129.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

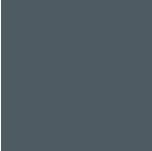
Dichromacy



Original Color
38, 27.951, 129.142

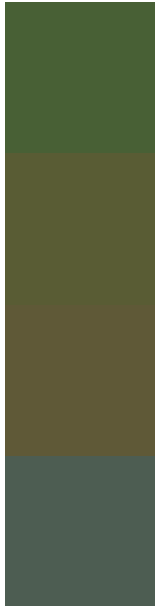
Protanopia
38, 23.364, 95.645

Deuteranopia
38, 21.184, 75.403



Tritanopia
38, 6.322, 242.097

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 27.951, 129.142

Protanomaly
38, 24.002, 109.726

Deuteranomaly
38, 20.800, 98.855

Tritanomaly
38, 9.625, 153.633

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 27.951, 129.142

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 10.633, 130.504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 27.951, 129.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 96, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 96, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 96, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 96, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 27.951, 129.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 96, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 96, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 96, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 96, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 96, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 96, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 27.951, 129.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 96, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 96,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor