

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 3.356, 48.873)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 3.356, 48.873) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 3.548, 50.842)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F5855
RGB	95, 88, 85
RGB Percent	37%, 35%, 33%
CMY	0.6271, 0.6546, 0.6663
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.11, 0.63
HSL	18°, 6%, 35%
HSV	18°, 11%, 37%
XYZ	9.8679, 10.0881, 10.0389
YIQ	89.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

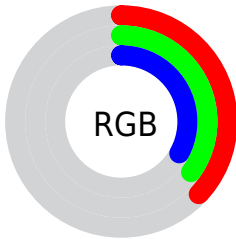
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 89, 85
Decimal	6248533
CIE Lab	38.00, 2.24, 2.75
CIE LCh	38, 3.548, 50.842
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3290, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284438613 (0xFF5F5855)
YUV	89.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -0.1253, 3.4934

Details

The CIELCh color $38, 3.548, 50.842$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 3.366, 232.404$, and the grayscale version is $38, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $58, 3.252, 50.997$, and $18, 3.623, 54.466$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 7.170, 50.349$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $40, 0.167, 49.784$.

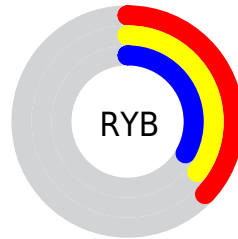
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (35%)

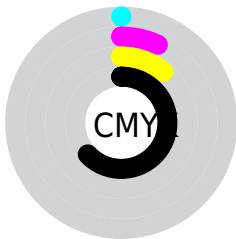
Blue (33%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (33%)

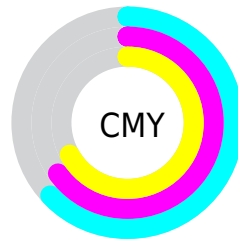


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (63%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 3.548, 50.842  38, 3.548, 50.842

 100, 3.548, 50.842  28, 3.548, 50.842

 58, 3.548, 50.842  18, 3.548, 50.842


 68, 3.548, 50.842  8, 3.548, 50.842

 78, 3.548, 50.842  0, 3.548, 50.842

 88, 3.548, 50.842

 98, 3.548, 50.842

 38, 3.548, 50.842  38, 3.548, 50.842

 36, 7.170, 50.349  40, 0.167, 49.784

 34, 11.054, 49.871  42, 2.997, 232.285

■ 32, 15.219, 49.466

■ 45, 5.967, 232.892

■ 29, 19.672, 49.157

■ 47, 8.765, 233.542

■ 28, 24.402, 48.952

■ 49, 11.410,
234.201

■ 26, 29.362, 48.841

■ 52, 13.922,
234.860

■ 24, 34.432, 48.764

■ 22, 39.000, 48.104

■ 54, 16.314,
235.511

■ 21, 42.685, 47.199

■ 56, 18.603,
236.150

■ 59, 20.799,
236.774

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 3.548, 50.842



39, 3.366, 232.404

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 3.548, 50.842



38, 3.548, 100.842



38, 3.548, 230.842



38, 3.548, 280.842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 3.548, 50.864



51, 1.213, 51.102



37, 6.066, 334.921



25, 0.913, 51.113



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 3.548, 50.864



48, 5.452, 50.718



39, 4.938, 99.279



19, 1.910, 50.944



26, 49.647, 47.865



55, 90.764, 46.895

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 3.366, 232.404



49, 5.092, 232.620



37, 4.997, 281.591



19, 1.829, 232.294



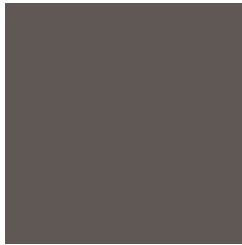
31, 26.207, 253.668



65, 47.111, 257.065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

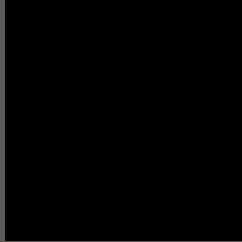
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 3.548, 50.842

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 3.548, 50.842.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

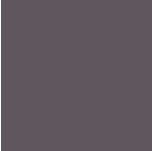
38, 3.548, 50.842

Protanopia

38, 2.237, 74.596

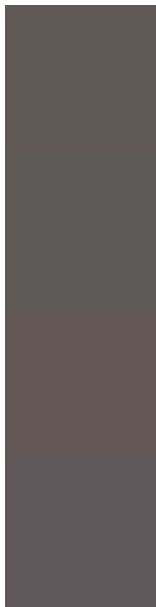
Deuteranopia

38, 6.163, 25.895



Tritanopia
38, 5.756, 331.836

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 3.548, 50.842

Protanomaly
38, 2.510, 66.457

Deuteranomaly
38, 4.957, 34.256

Tritanomaly
38, 4.564, 347.466

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 3.548, 50.842

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 1.413, 45.029

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 3.548, 50.842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 88, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 88, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 88, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 88, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 3.548, 50.842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 88, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 88, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 88, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 88, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 88, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 88, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 3.548, 50.842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 88, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 88,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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