

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 30.890, 146.693)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 30.890, 146.693)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 31.186, 146.696)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33643D
RGB	51, 100, 61
RGB Percent	20%, 39%, 24%
CMY	0.8011, 0.6090, 0.7618
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.39, 0.61
HSL	132°, 33%, 29%
HSV	132°, 49%, 39%
XYZ	6.7145, 10.0881, 5.9699
YIQ	80.9030, -16.6850, -22.5170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

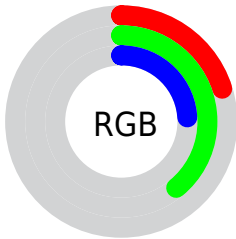
Format	Color
RYB	51, 92, 100
Decimal	3367997
CIELab	38.00, -26.06, 17.12
CIElCh	38, 31.186, 146.696
Yxy	10.0881, 0.2949, 0.4430
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281558077 (0xFF33643D)
YUV	80.9030, -9.8122, -26.2249
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -17.8476, 11.0892

Details

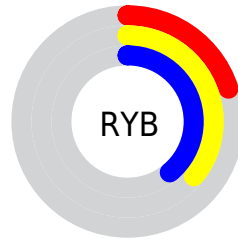
The CIELCh color **38, 31.186, 146.696** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **29, 31.205, 333.745**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 30.858, 146.721**, and **18, 31.135, 146.247** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 36.994, 145.508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 25.058, 147.743**.

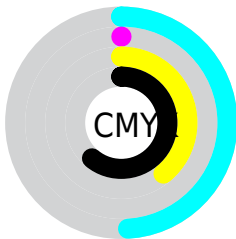
Distribution



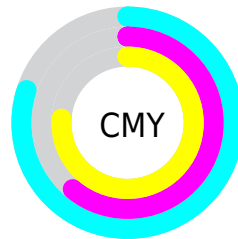
- Red (20%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (61%)





- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 31.186,
146.696


 38, 31.186,
146.696

 100, 31.186,
146.696


 28, 31.186,
146.696

 58, 31.186,
146.696

 18, 31.186,
146.696


 68, 31.186,
146.696

 8, 31.186, 146.696

 78, 31.186,
146.696

 0, 31.186, 146.696

 88, 31.186,
146.696

 98, 31.186,
146.696

■ 38, 31.186,
146.696

■ 38, 31.186,
146.696

■ 37, 36.994,
145.508

■ 39, 25.058,
147.743

■ 37, 42.357,
144.177

■ 39, 18.726,
148.658

■ 37, 47.150,
142.720

■ 40, 12.293,
149.457

■ 36, 51.260,
141.177

■ 41, 5.845, 150.164

■ 36, 54.759,
139.823

■ 42, 0.551, 330.395

■ 36, 55.038,
139.730

■ 44, 6.843, 331.234

■ 45, 12.998,
331.711

■ 46, 18.989,
332.125

■ 47, 24.805,
332.492

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 31.186, 146.696



29, 31.205, 333.745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 31.186, 146.696



38, 31.186, 196.696



38, 31.186, 326.696



38, 31.186, 16.696

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 31.187, 146.696



52, 11.971, 149.727



40, 29.116, 114.905



27, 8.235, 149.618



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 31.187, 146.696



48, 45.781, 145.303



39, 20.817, 171.087



21, 3.657, 150.177



42, 61.234, 139.419



84, 108.847, 138.376

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 31.205, 333.745



35, 45.405, 334.550



28, 23.895, 1.876



20, 3.669, 331.174



25, 55.052, 337.917



55, 94.632, 338.646

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 31.186, 146.696

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 31.186, 146.696.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 31.186, 146.696

Protanopia

38, 20.387, 96.068

Deuteranopia

38, 16.452, 70.770



Tritanopia
38, 13.252, 217.051

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 31.186, 146.696

Protanomaly
38, 21.949, 122.628

Deuteranomaly
37, 16.530, 113.911

Tritanomaly
38, 16.772, 175.673

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 31.186, 146.696

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 11.698, 149.999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 31.186, 146.696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 100, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 100, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 100, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 100, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 31.186, 146.696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 100, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 100, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 100, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 100, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 100, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 100,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 31.186, 146.696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 100, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 100,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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