

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 36.186, 266.240)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 36.186, 266.240)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 36.194, 266.218)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 36.194, 266.218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005E94
RGB	0, 94, 148
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 58%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6323, 0.4206
CMYK	1.00, 0.37, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	202°, 100%, 29%
HSV	202°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	9.2964, 10.0881, 29.3660
YIQ	72.0500, -73.3580, -3.1340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

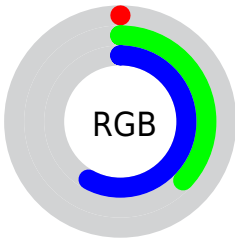
Format	Color
RYB	0, 57, 148
Decimal	24212
CIELab	38.00, -2.39, -36.12
CIELCh	38, 36.194, 266.218
Yxy	10.0881, 0.1907, 0.2069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214292 (0xFF005E94)
YUV	72.0500, 37.4434, -63.1878
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -3.3376, -32.5848

Details

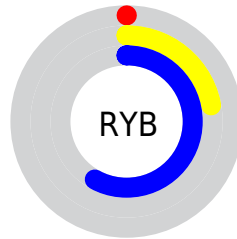
The CIELCh color **38, 36.194, 266.218** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **36, 60.356, 51.624**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 35.980, 266.146**, and **20, 33.154, 280.430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 36.176, 266.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 33.475, 261.594**.

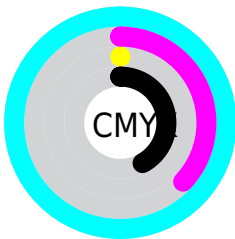
Distribution



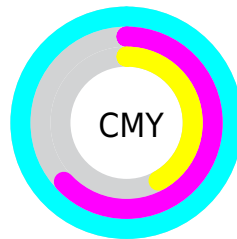
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 36.194,
266.218


 38, 36.194,
266.218

 100, 36.194,
266.218


 28, 36.194,
266.218

 58, 36.194,
266.218


 18, 36.194,
266.218


 68, 36.194,
266.218

 8, 36.194, 266.218

 78, 36.194,
266.218

 0, 36.194, 266.218

 88, 36.194,
266.218

 98, 36.194,
266.218

■ 38, 36.194,
266.218

■ 38, 36.194,
266.218

■ 38, 36.176,
266.283

■ 40, 33.475,
261.594

■ 42, 30.758,
257.153

■ 44, 27.848,
253.300

■ 46, 24.670,
250.047

■ 49, 21.195,
247.351

■ 51, 17.423,
245.142

■ 53, 13.380,
243.342

■ 56, 9.102, 241.883

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 36.194, 266.218



36, 60.356, 51.624

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 36.194, 266.218



38, 36.194, 316.218



38, 36.194, 86.218



38, 36.194, 136.218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 36.176, 266.283



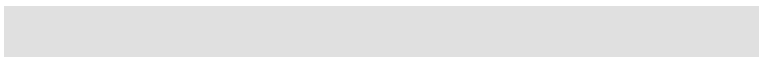
68, 16.492, 243.440



53, 67.393, 143.185



34, 11.242, 244.094



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 36.176, 266.283



49, 44.383, 267.410



19, 80.721, 303.495



30, 2.621, 240.643



35, 34.221, 265.926



1, 2.326, 239.673

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 59.355, 349.461



42, 71.544, 350.052



53, 58.424, 92.294



29, 4.467, 337.667



30, 56.458, 349.278



1, 3.875, 337.051

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

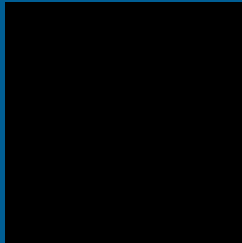
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 36.194, 266.218

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 36.194, 266.218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
38, 24.405, 206.902

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 36.194, 266.218

Protanomaly
38, 34.563, 274.793

Deuteranomaly
38, 37.284, 273.673

Tritanomaly
38, 25.352, 233.345

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 36.194, 266.218

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 16.590, 248.528

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 36.194, 266.218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 94, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 94, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 94, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 36.194, 266.218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 94, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 94, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 94, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 94, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 148)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 36.194, 266.218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 94, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 94,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor