

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 46.009, 327.490)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 46.009, 327.490)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 45.860, 327.441)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	834082
RGB	131, 64, 130
RGB Percent	51%, 25%, 51%
CMY	0.4866, 0.7493, 0.4905
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.01, 0.49
HSL	301°, 34%, 38%
HSV	301°, 51%, 51%
XYZ	15.2024, 10.0881, 22.2396
YIQ	91.5570, 18.7460, 34.7300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

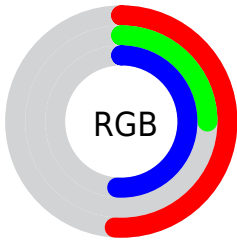
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 64, 130
Decimal	8601730
CIE _{Lab}	38.00, 38.65, -24.68
CIE _{LCh}	38, 45.860, 327.441
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3198, 0.2122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286791810 (0xFF834082)
YUV	91.5570, 18.9524, 34.5915
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 29.8540, -19.2818

Details

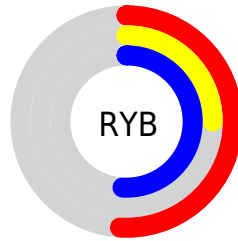
The CIELCh color $[38, 45.860, 327.441]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be $[49, 46.108, 140.806]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[58, 45.583, 327.682]$, and $[18, 45.764, 327.457]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36, 53.362, 327.854]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 37.510, 326.977]$.

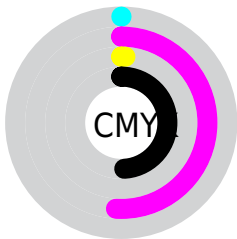
Distribution



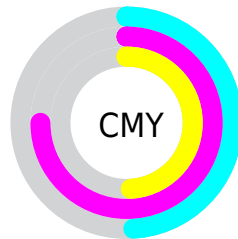
- Red (51%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 45.860,
327.441


 38, 45.860,
327.441

 100, 45.860,
327.441


 28, 45.860,
327.441

 58, 45.860,
327.441


 18, 45.860,
327.441


 68, 45.860,
327.441

 8, 45.860, 327.441

 78, 45.860,
327.441

 0, 45.860, 327.441

 88, 45.860,
327.441

 98, 45.860,
327.441

38, 45.860,
327.441

38, 45.860,
327.441

36, 53.362,
327.854

41, 37.510,
326.977

34, 59.685,
328.204

44, 28.628,
326.476

32, 64.531,
328.480

47, 19.473,
325.952

31, 67.725,
328.679

51, 10.240,
325.413

30, 69.672,
328.815

54, 1.069, 324.723

58, 7.947, 144.405

62, 16.751,
143.888

66, 25.310,
143.399

■ 69, 33.612,
142.936

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 45.860, 327.441



49, 46.108, 140.806

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 45.860, 327.441



38, 45.860, 17.441



38, 45.860, 147.441



38, 45.860, 197.441

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 45.858, 327.441



63, 17.126, 325.640



30, 42.640, 297.333



32, 11.783, 325.737



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 45.858, 327.441



46, 65.868, 327.902



37, 33.637, 348.913



26, 5.219, 325.301



30, 69.336, 328.815



0, 1.243, 324.836

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 45.858, 327.441



46, 65.868, 327.902



50, 31.878, 158.478



26, 5.219, 325.301



30, 69.336, 328.815



0, 1.243, 324.836

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

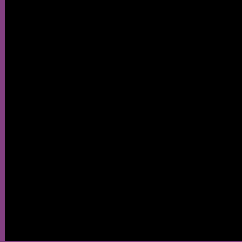
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 45.860, 327.441

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441.

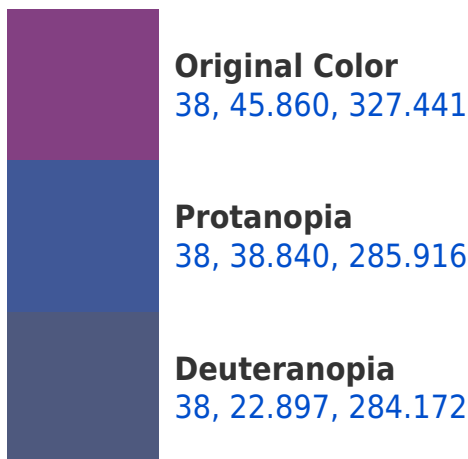


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 45.860, 327.441.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
38, 22.207, 15.240

Trichromacy



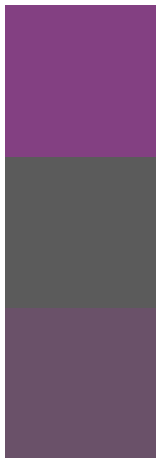
Original Color
38, 45.860, 327.441

Protanomaly
37, 39.648, 300.195

Deuteranomaly
38, 29.742, 306.314

Tritanomaly
38, 27.848, 348.382

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 45.860, 327.441

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 17.937, 326.758

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 45.860, 327.441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 64, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 64, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 64, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 64, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 45.860, 327.441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 64, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 64, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 64, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 64, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 64, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 64,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 45.860, 327.441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 64, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 64,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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