

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 47.537, 279.034)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 47.537, 279.034)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 47.725, 279.194)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 47.725, 279.194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005AA6
RGB	0, 90, 166
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 65%
CMY	0.9984, 0.6467, 0.3486
CMYK	1.00, 0.46, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	208°, 100%, 33%
HSV	208°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	10.5620, 10.0881, 37.5195
YIQ	71.7540, -78.0360, 4.5560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

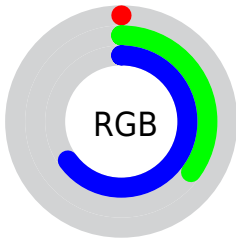
Format	Color
RYB	0, 58, 166
Decimal	23206
CIELab	38.00, 7.63, -47.11
CIElCh	38, 47.725, 279.194
Yxy	10.0881, 0.1816, 0.1734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278213286 (0xFF005AA6)
YUV	71.7540, 46.4633, -62.9283
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 3.7751, -47.8049

Details

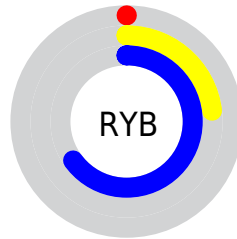
The CIELCh color **38, 47.725, 279.194** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **43, 62.731, 57.688**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 48.134, 279.617**, and **21, 45.175, 290.006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 47.841, 279.302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 43.226, 274.634**.

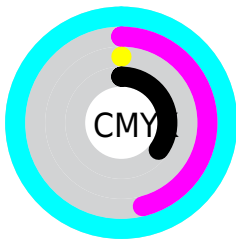
Distribution



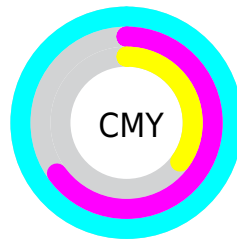
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 47.725,
279.194

 38, 47.725,
279.194

 100, 47.725,
279.194


 28, 47.725,
279.194

 58, 47.725,
279.194

 18, 47.725,
279.194


 68, 47.725,
279.194

 8, 47.725, 279.194

 78, 47.725,
279.194

 0, 47.725, 279.194

 88, 47.725,
279.194

 98, 47.725,
279.194

■ 38, 47.725,
279.194

■ 38, 47.725,
279.194

■ 38, 47.841,
279.302

■ 41, 43.226,
274.634

■ 43, 38.846,
270.205

■ 46, 34.454,
266.221

■ 49, 29.965,
262.752

■ 52, 25.325,
259.795

■ 55, 20.518,
257.309

■ 58, 15.546,
255.232

■ 62, 10.430,

253.504

■ 65, 5.196, 252.083

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 47.725, 279.194



43, 62.731, 57.688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 47.725, 279.194



38, 47.725, 329.194



38, 47.725, 99.194



38, 47.725, 149.194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 47.725, 279.196



74, 19.449, 255.386



60, 67.514, 147.014



38, 13.311, 256.194



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 47.725, 279.196



49, 59.341, 280.255



20, 94.590, 305.582



34, 3.049, 252.025



34, 43.544, 278.803



3, 5.913, 258.913

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 62.087, 357.725



47, 75.554, 358.584



64, 67.756, 99.625



33, 4.658, 342.182



32, 57.116, 357.412



2, 7.994, 345.464

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 47.725, 279.194

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 47.725, 279.194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 47.725, 279.194

Protanopia

38, 46.822, 286.487

Deuteranopia

38, 44.432, 276.328



Tritanopia
38, 24.230, 206.998

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 47.725, 279.194

Protanomaly
38, 47.276, 282.659

Deuteranomaly
38, 45.512, 277.228

Tritanomaly
38, 27.224, 244.666

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 47.725, 279.194

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 19.608, 259.972

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 47.725, 279.194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 90, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 90, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 90, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 90, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 47.725, 279.194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 90, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 90, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 90, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 90, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 90, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 90, 166)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 47.725, 279.194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 90, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 90,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor