

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 5.917, 127.308)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 5.917, 127.308) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 5.788, 126.690)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575B52
RGB	87, 91, 82
RGB Percent	34%, 36%, 32%
CMY	0.6593, 0.6436, 0.6789
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.10, 0.64
HSL	87°, 5%, 34%
HSV	87°, 10%, 36%
XYZ	9.1673, 10.0881, 9.4220
YIQ	88.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

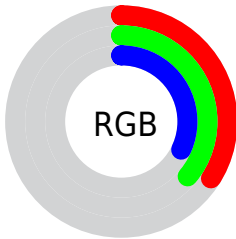
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 91, 86
Decimal	5725010
CIE Lab	38.00, -3.46, 4.64
CIE LCh	38, 5.788, 126.690
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3197, 0.3518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283915090 (0xFF575B52)
YUV	88.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -4.0628, 4.6450

Details

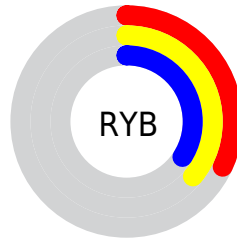
The CIELCh color **38, 5.788, 126.690** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **35, 5.875, 307.534**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 5.894, 125.178**, and **18, 5.696, 123.852** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 11.641, 126.240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 0.063, 306.214**.

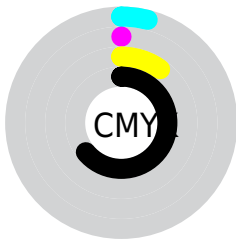
Distribution



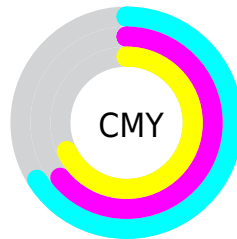
- Red (34%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38, 5.788, 126.690

■ 38, 5.788, 126.690

■ 100, 5.788,
126.690

■ 28, 5.788, 126.690

■ 58, 5.788, 126.690

■ 18, 5.788, 126.690

■ 68, 5.788, 126.690

■ 8, 5.788, 126.690

■ 78, 5.788, 126.690

■ 0, 5.788, 126.690

■ 88, 5.788, 126.690

■ 98, 5.788, 126.690

■ 38, 5.788, 126.690

■ 38, 5.788, 126.690

■ 37, 11.641,
126.240

■ 39, 0.063, 306.214

■ 37, 17.456,
125.777

■ 39, 5.887, 307.505

■ 36, 23.183,
125.320

■ 40, 11.664,
307.882

■ 36, 28.746,
124.896

■ 41, 17.380,
308.226

■ 36, 34.043,
124.546

■ 41, 23.024,
308.539

■ 35, 38.926,
124.331

■ 42, 28.588,
308.823

■ 35, 43.202,
124.334

■ 43, 34.068,
309.081

■ 35, 46.659,
124.652

■ 44, 39.461,
309.314

■ 34, 49.892,
124.924

■ 45, 44.764,
309.524

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 5.788, 126.690



35, 5.875, 307.534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 5.788, 126.690



38, 5.788, 176.690



38, 5.788, 306.690



38, 5.788, 356.690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 5.789, 126.694



49, 2.158, 127.010



37, 3.268, 66.795



25, 1.620, 126.978



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 5.789, 126.694



48, 8.661, 126.583



38, 6.629, 142.172



19, 3.302, 126.742



41, 57.138, 125.308



85, 101.637, 126.352

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 5.875, 307.534



45, 8.817, 307.651



36, 6.647, 323.083



17, 3.347, 307.484



14, 67.442, 311.241



36, 119.741, 310.537

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

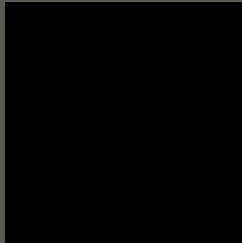
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

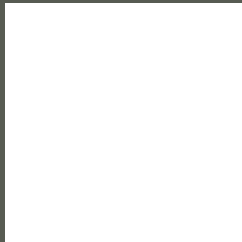
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 5.788, 126.690

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 5.788, 126.690.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 5.788, 126.690

Protanopia

38, 5.201, 89.611

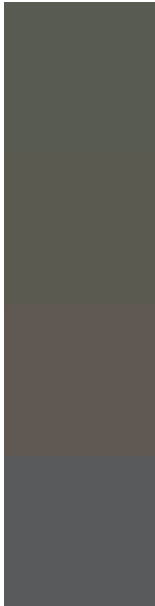
Deuteranopia

38, 6.455, 36.663



Tritanopia
38, 4.310, 290.869

Trichromacy



Original Color

38, 5.788, 126.690

Protanomaly

38, 5.522, 104.738

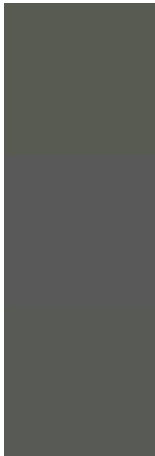
Deuteranomaly

38, 4.330, 64.597

Tritanomaly

38, 1.032, 236.213

Monochromacy



Original Color

38, 5.788, 126.690

Achromatopsia

38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

38, 2.604, 128.916

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 5.788, 126.690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 91, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 91, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 91, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 91, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 5.788, 126.690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

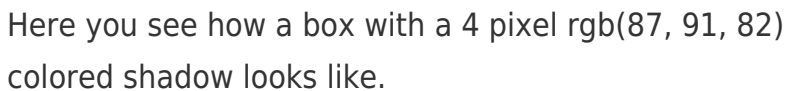
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 91, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 91, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 91, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 91, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 91, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 91, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 5.788, 126.690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 91, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 91,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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