

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 51.952, 143.267)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 51.952, 143.267)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 51.812, 143.378)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 51.812, 143.378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	036823
RGB	3, 104, 35
RGB Percent	1%, 41%, 14%
CMY	0.9901, 0.5912, 0.8619
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.66, 0.59
HSL	139°, 95%, 21%
HSV	139°, 98%, 41%
XYZ	5.3128, 10.0881, 3.2746
YIQ	65.9350, -38.0470, -42.8710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

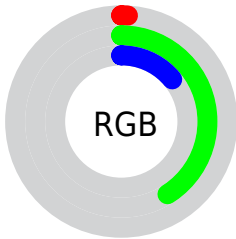
Format	Color
RYB	3, 80, 104
Decimal	223267
CIELab	38.00, -41.58, 30.91
CIELCh	38, 51.812, 143.378
Yxy	10.0881, 0.2845, 0.5402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278413347 (0xFF036823)
YUV	65.9350, -15.2510, -55.1940
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -25.7253, 16.1205

Details

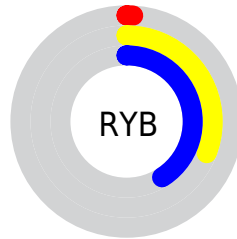
The CIELCh color **38, 51.812, 143.378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **22, 47.261, 344.873**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 51.502, 143.575**, and **19, 39.062, 137.997** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 52.657, 143.015**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 48.177, 145.104**.

Distribution



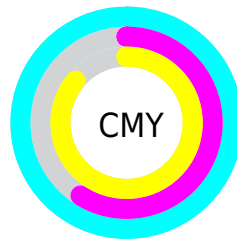
- Red (1%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (59%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (86%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 51.812,
143.378


 38, 51.812,
143.378

 100, 51.812,
143.378


 28, 51.812,
143.378

 58, 51.812,
143.378


 18, 51.812,
143.378


 68, 51.812,
143.378

 8, 51.812, 143.378

 78, 51.812,
143.378

 0, 51.812, 143.378

 88, 51.812,
143.378

 98, 51.812,
143.378

■ 38, 51.812,
143.378

■ 38, 51.812,
143.378

■ 38, 52.657,
143.015

■ 38, 48.177,
145.104

■ 38, 44.054,
146.836

■ 39, 39.378,
148.411

■ 39, 34.222,
149.816

■ 40, 28.680,
151.057

■ 41, 22.854,
152.147

■ 41, 16.842,
153.104

■ 42, 10.736,

153.948

■ 43, 4.612, 154.712

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 51.812, 143.378



22, 47.261, 344.873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 51.812, 143.378



38, 51.812, 193.378



38, 51.812, 323.378



38, 51.812, 13.378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 51.812, 143.378



53, 21.904, 152.901



40, 52.228, 119.813



27, 15.130, 152.602



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 51.812, 143.378



49, 64.307, 142.390



39, 30.803, 173.912



21, 3.356, 154.613



42, 56.686, 142.765



84, 101.290, 141.452

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 47.261, 344.873



29, 57.112, 345.883



20, 46.374, 26.565



20, 3.375, 335.709



24, 50.936, 345.496



54, 87.331, 346.921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 51.812, 143.378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 51.812, 143.378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


38, 51.740, 143.297

Protanopia

38, 34.609, 96.266

Deuteranopia

38, 29.598, 80.666



Tritanopia
38, 18.435, 212.976

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 51.740, 143.297

Protanomaly
37, 38.473, 125.844

Deuteranomaly
36, 32.789, 122.762

Tritanomaly
38, 27.768, 169.643

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 51.740, 143.297

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 22.419, 151.504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 51.812, 143.378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 104, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 104, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 104, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 104, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 51.812, 143.378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 104, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 104, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 104, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 104, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 104, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 104, 35)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 51.812, 143.378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 104, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 104,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor