

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 56.670, 45.575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(38, 56.670, 45.575) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(38, 56.530, 45.427)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C3918
RGB	156, 57, 24
RGB Percent	61%, 22%, 9%
CMY	0.3877, 0.7759, 0.9054
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.85, 0.39
HSL	15°, 73%, 35%
HSV	15°, 85%, 61%
XYZ	15.3746, 10.0881, 2.0073
YIQ	82.8390, 69.5970, 10.7250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

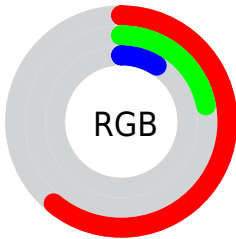
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	156, 68, 24
Decimal	10238232
CIE Lab	38.00, 39.67, 40.27
CIE LCh	38, 56.530, 45.427
Yxy	10.0881, 0.5597, 0.3672
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288428312 (0xFF9C3918)
YUV	82.8390, -29.0076, 64.1622
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 30.8221, 18.4862

# Details

The CIELCh color **38, 56.530, 45.427** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **48, 29.529, 239.326**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 56.550, 45.083**, and **18, 48.338, 35.275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 63.323, 45.385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 48.820, 45.061**.

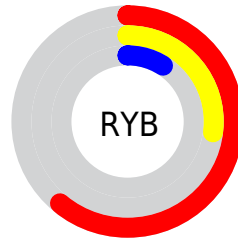
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (22%)

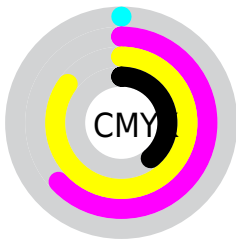
Blue (9%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (9%)

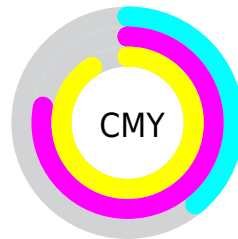


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38, 56.530, 45.427

■ 38, 56.530, 45.427

■ 100, 56.530,  
45.427

■ 28, 56.530, 45.427

■ 58, 56.530, 45.427

■ 18, 56.530, 45.427

■ 68, 56.530, 45.427

■ 8, 56.530, 45.427

■ 78, 56.530, 45.427

■ 0, 56.530, 45.427

■ 88, 56.530, 45.427

■ 98, 56.530, 45.427

■ 38, 56.530, 45.427

■ 38, 56.530, 45.427

■ 36, 63.323, 45.385

■ 40, 48.820, 45.061

35, 66.904, 45.616

43, 40.992, 44.663

46, 33.416, 44.390

49, 26.255, 44.282

52, 19.567, 44.331

56, 13.359, 44.513

59, 7.612, 44.789

63, 2.291, 45.040

66, 2.644, 225.844

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 56.530, 45.427



48, 29.529, 239.326

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 56.530, 45.427



38, 56.530, 95.427



38, 56.530, 225.427



38, 56.530, 275.427

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 56.528, 45.430



71, 16.973, 44.491



36, 63.953, 339.141



36, 11.704, 44.423



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 56.528, 45.430



46, 82.187, 45.057



53, 53.808, 86.313



32, 2.926, 44.949



32, 62.302, 45.678



2, 3.725, 43.864





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 29.529, 239.326



59, 38.745, 246.607



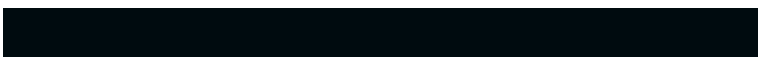
28, 63.154, 295.566



32, 2.775, 225.994



42, 29.549, 245.204



3, 3.675, 229.720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

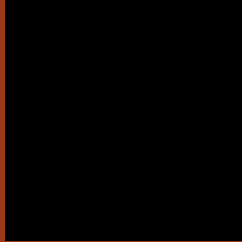
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 38, 56.530, 45.427**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 56.530, 45.427.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38, 56.530, 45.427

### Protanopia

38, 34.108, 96.298

### Deuteranopia

38, 43.641, 84.062



**Tritanopia**  
38, 48.127, 26.700



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 56.530, 45.427

**Protanomaly**  
37, 37.250, 69.735

**Deuteranomaly**  
38, 45.680, 67.038

**Tritanomaly**  
38, 50.849, 34.657

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 56.530, 45.427

**Achromatopsia**  
35, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
35, 19.117, 44.273

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 56.530, 45.427 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 57, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 57, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 57, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 57, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 56.530, 45.427 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 57, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 57, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 57, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 57, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 57, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 57,  
24) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 56.530, 45.427 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 57, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 57,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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