

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 63.962, 1.816)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(38, 63.962, 1.816) contains.

<b>CIELCh(38, 64.044, 1.798)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(38, 64.044, 1.798)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B10359
RGB	177, 3, 89
RGB Percent	69%, 1%, 35%
CMY	0.3073, 0.9879, 0.6521
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.50, 0.31
HSL	330°, 97%, 35%
HSV	330°, 98%, 69%
XYZ	19.8744, 10.0881, 10.2882
YIQ	64.8300, 76.0980, 63.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

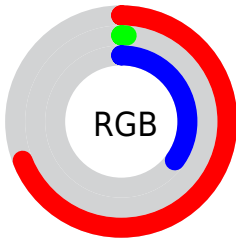
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">177, 3, 89</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11600729</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">38.00, 64.01, 2.01</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">38, 64.044, 1.798</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">10.0881, 0.4938, 0.2506</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289790809 (0xFFB10359)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">64.8300, 11.9158, 98.3731</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">31.7617, 56.1105, 3.0281</a>

# Details

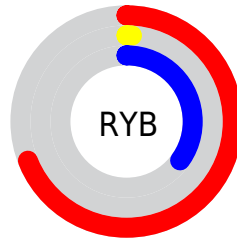
The CIELCh color **38, 64.044, 1.798** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **63, 66.325, 149.928**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 64.241, 1.623**, and **24, 48.014, 11.965** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 64.296, 2.475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 62.469, 358.053**.

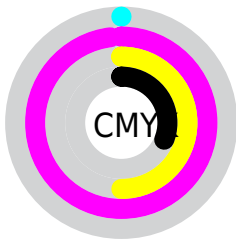
# Distribution



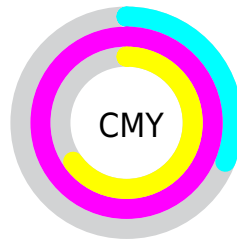
- Red (69%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38, 64.044, 1.798       38, 64.044, 1.798

 100, 64.044, 1.798       28, 64.044, 1.798

 58, 64.044, 1.798       18, 64.044, 1.798



 68, 64.044, 1.798       8, 64.044, 1.798

 78, 64.044, 1.798       0, 64.044, 1.798

 88, 64.044, 1.798

 98, 64.044, 1.798

 38, 64.044, 1.798       38, 64.044, 1.798

 38, 64.296, 2.475       39, 62.469,  
358.053

41, 59.308,  
355.013

43, 54.378,  
352.604

46, 47.956,  
350.670

50, 40.459,  
349.082

54, 32.301,  
347.745

59, 23.824,  
346.590

63, 15.279,  
345.570

68, 6.830, 344.636

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 64.044, 1.798



63, 66.325, 149.928

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 64.044, 1.798



38, 64.044, 51.798



38, 64.044, 181.798



38, 64.044, 231.798

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 64.041, 1.799



74, 30.274, 346.726



28, 93.936, 312.008



37, 20.774, 347.196



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 64.041, 1.799



49, 78.112, 3.307



37, 78.331, 39.442



35, 4.735, 344.735



32, 57.885, 1.935



2, 10.565, 350.232





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 64.041, 1.799



49, 78.112, 3.307



65, 37.943, 196.394



35, 4.735, 344.735



32, 57.885, 1.935



2, 10.565, 350.232



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

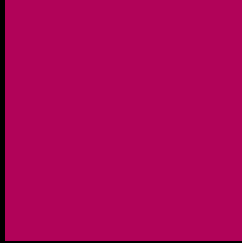
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 38, 64.044, 1.798**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 64.044, 1.798.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38, 64.155, 1.744

### Protanopia

39, 22.773, 284.890

### Deuteranopia

39, 8.704, 54.024



**Tritanopia**  
38, 65.371, 33.537



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 64.155, 1.744

**Protanomaly**  
34, 39.552, 327.923

**Deuteranomaly**  
35, 34.323, 359.350

**Tritanomaly**  
38, 63.072, 21.759

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 64.155, 1.744

**Achromatopsia**  
28, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
27, 32.883, 350.123

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 64.044, 1.798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 3, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 3, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 3, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 3, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 64.044, 1.798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 3, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 3, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 3, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 3, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 3, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 3, 89)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 64.044, 1.798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 3, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177, 3,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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