

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 65.009, 118.272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(38, 65.009, 118.272)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(38, 52.721, 123.403)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C6400
RGB	60, 100, 0
RGB Percent	24%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.7645, 0.6076, 0.9997
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 1.00, 0.61
HSL	84°, 100%, 20%
HSV	84°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	6.4302, 10.0881, 1.6102
YIQ	76.6400, 8.2600, -39.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

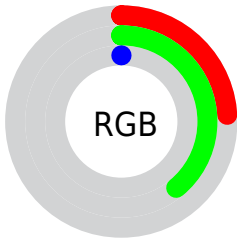
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 100, 40
Decimal	3957760
CIELab	38.00, -29.02, 44.01
CIELCh	38, 52.721, 123.403
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3547, 0.5565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282147840 (0xFF3C6400)
YUV	76.6400, -37.7835, -14.5933
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, -19.4456, 19.2274

# Details

The CIELCh color **38, 52.721, 123.403** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **12, 63.673, 310.495**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 52.695, 123.269**, and **18, 37.261, 137.136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 52.744, 123.406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 49.590, 122.990**.

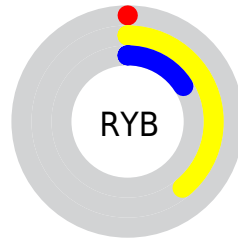
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (39%)

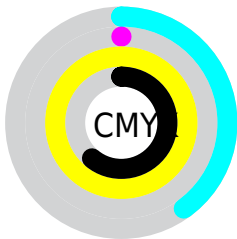
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (16%)

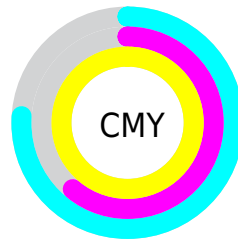


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 52.721, 123.403 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 52.721, 123.403 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 38, 52.721,  
123.403

 38, 52.721,  
123.403

 100, 52.721,  
123.403

 28, 52.721,  
123.403

 58, 52.721,  
123.403


 18, 52.721,  
123.403

 68, 52.721,  
123.403

 8, 52.721, 123.403

 78, 52.721,  
123.403

 0, 52.721, 123.403

 88, 52.721,  
123.403

 98, 52.721,  
123.403

■ 38, 52.721,  
123.403

■ 38, 52.721,  
123.403

■ 38, 52.744,  
123.406

■ 38, 49.590,  
122.990

■ 39, 46.047,  
122.632

■ 39, 41.573,  
122.609

■ 39, 36.413,  
122.819

■ 40, 30.782,  
123.174

■ 40, 24.847,  
123.612

■ 41, 18.726,  
124.088

■ 41, 12.501,

124.575

■ 42, 6.229, 125.056

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 52.721, 123.403



12, 63.673, 310.495

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 52.721, 123.403



38, 52.721, 173.403



38, 52.721, 303.403



38, 52.721, 353.403

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 52.721, 123.404



52, 23.275, 124.042



24, 43.005, 54.351



27, 15.982, 123.897



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 52.721, 123.404



49, 63.803, 123.871



36, 59.586, 135.172



21, 3.577, 125.104



43, 58.226, 123.662



87, 101.759, 124.624



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 63.673, 310.495



17, 77.054, 310.183



20, 58.521, 324.569



19, 3.631, 305.914



14, 70.327, 310.324



36, 122.834, 309.687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 52.721, 123.403 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

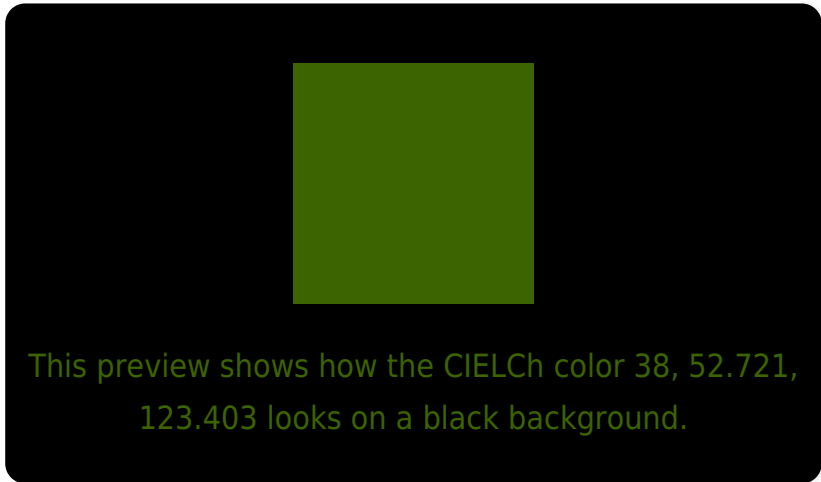
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

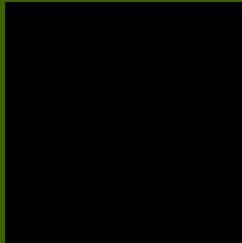
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 38, 52.721, 123.403

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 52.721, 123.403.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 52.721, 123.403.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
38, 52.721, 123.403

**Protanopia**  
38, 45.686, 95.777

**Deuteranopia**  
38, 39.763, 83.546





**Tritanopia**  
38, 9.317, 226.167

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 52.721, 123.403

**Protanomaly**  
38, 46.922, 107.742

**Deuteranomaly**  
37, 41.539, 101.339

**Tritanomaly**  
38, 23.250, 139.990

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 52.721, 123.403

**Achromatopsia**  
33, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
34, 22.948, 123.111

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 52.721, 123.403 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 100, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 100, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 100, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 100, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 52.721, 123.403 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 100, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 100, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 100, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 100, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 100, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 100, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 52.721, 123.403 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 100, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 100,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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