

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 69.846, 27.374)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(38, 69.846, 27.374) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(38, 69.861, 27.300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5062A
RGB	181, 6, 42
RGB Percent	71%, 2%, 16%
CMY	0.2909, 0.9781, 0.8358
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.77, 0.29
HSL	348°, 94%, 37%
HSV	348°, 97%, 71%
XYZ	19.4886, 10.0881, 3.0987
YIQ	62.4290, 92.7440, 48.2960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

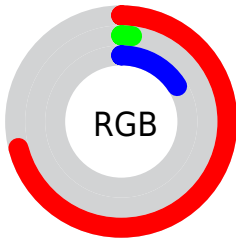
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 6, 42
Decimal	11863594
CIELab	38.00, 62.08, 32.04
CIELCh	38, 69.861, 27.300
Yxy	10.0881, 0.5964, 0.3087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290053674 (0xFFB5062A)
YUV	62.4290, -10.0715, 103.9868
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 53.9424, 16.4488

# Details

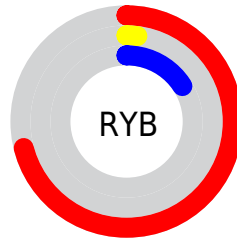
The CIELCh color **38, 69.861, 27.300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. A complement of this color would be **66, 47.857, 170.710**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 69.889, 27.430**, and **23, 57.652, 37.721** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 71.403, 28.819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 64.859, 22.163**.

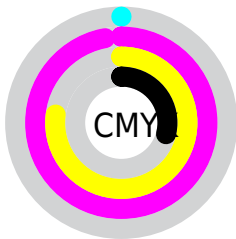
# Distribution



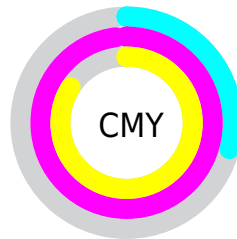
- Red (71%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 38, 69.861, 27.300

 38, 69.861, 27.300

 100, 69.861,  
27.300

 28, 69.861, 27.300

 58, 69.861, 27.300

 18, 69.861, 27.300

 68, 69.861, 27.300

 8, 69.861, 27.300

 78, 69.861, 27.300

 0, 69.861, 27.300

 88, 69.861, 27.300

 98, 69.861, 27.300

 38, 69.861, 27.300

 38, 69.861, 27.300

 38, 71.403, 28.819

 39, 64.859, 22.163

41, 58.992, 17.698

44, 52.179, 14.067

47, 44.605, 11.183

51, 36.576, 8.900

55, 28.398, 7.072

60, 20.310, 5.582

65, 12.472, 4.339

70, 4.972, 3.245

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 69.861, 27.300



66, 47.857, 170.710

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 69.861, 27.300



38, 69.861, 77.300



38, 69.861, 207.300



38, 69.861, 257.300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 69.858, 27.302



75, 27.188, 5.938



37, 90.343, 320.272



37, 18.794, 6.559



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 69.858, 27.302



49, 87.533, 29.821



42, 71.555, 46.766



35, 4.054, 3.504



32, 62.712, 28.025



2, 9.428, 6.349





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 69.858, 27.302



49, 87.533, 29.821



51, 36.283, 251.434



35, 4.054, 3.504



32, 62.712, 28.025



2, 9.428, 6.349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 38, 69.861, 27.300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 69.861, 27.300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38, 69.861, 27.300

### Protanopia

39, 17.273, 96.532

### Deuteranopia

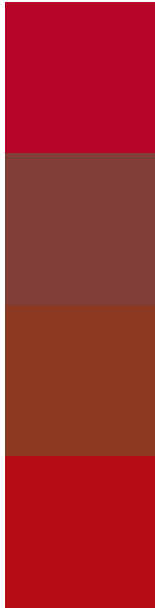
39, 36.106, 81.582



**Tritanopia**  
38, 76.668, 39.052



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 69.861, 27.300

**Protanomaly**  
35, 33.389, 30.322

**Deuteranomaly**  
35, 45.387, 42.378

**Tritanomaly**  
38, 74.241, 35.469

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
38, 69.861, 27.300

**Achromatopsia**  
26, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
26, 30.605, 10.554

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 69.861, 27.300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 6, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(181, 6, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 6, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 6, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 69.861, 27.300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 6, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 6, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 6, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 6, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 6, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 6, 42)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 69.861, 27.300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 6, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181, 6,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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