

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 76.696, 330.220)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 76.696, 330.220)
contains.

CIELCh(38, 76.558, 330.268)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(38, 76.558, 330.268)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A00E98
RGB	160, 14, 152
RGB Percent	63%, 5%, 60%
CMY	0.3719, 0.9435, 0.4033
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.05, 0.37
HSL	303°, 83%, 34%
HSV	303°, 91%, 63%
XYZ	20.3741, 10.0881, 30.6478
YIQ	73.3860, 42.7180, 73.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

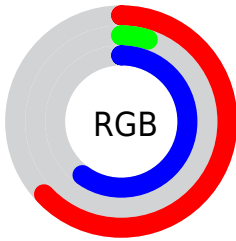
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 14, 152
Decimal	10489496
CIE _{Lab}	38.00, 66.48, -37.97
CIE _{LCh}	38, 76.558, 330.268
Yxy	10.0881, 0.3334, 0.1651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288679576 (0xFFA00E98)
YUV	73.3860, 38.7567, 75.9605
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 58.9192, -34.9774

Details

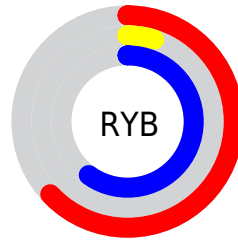
The CIELCh color **38, 76.558, 330.268** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **57, 80.864, 137.141**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 76.482, 330.171**, and **23, 58.100, 329.736** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 78.220, 330.519**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 73.272, 329.954**.

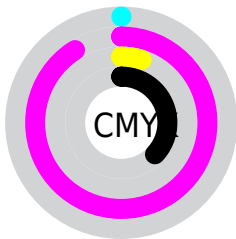
Distribution



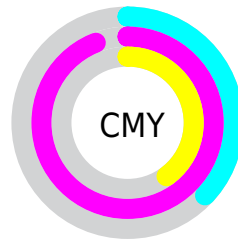
- Red (63%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38, 76.558,
330.268

 38, 76.558,
330.268

 100, 76.558,
330.268


 28, 76.558,
330.268

 58, 76.558,
330.268

 18, 76.558,
330.268

 68, 76.558,
330.268

 8, 76.558, 330.268

 78, 76.558,
330.268

 0, 76.558, 330.268

 88, 76.558,
330.268

 98, 76.558,
330.268

■ 38, 76.558,
330.268

■ 38, 76.558,
330.268

■ 37, 78.220,
330.519

■ 39, 73.272,
329.954

■ 41, 67.991,
329.588

■ 43, 60.914,
329.168

■ 46, 52.401,
328.698

■ 50, 42.864,
328.190

■ 53, 32.684,
327.653

■ 57, 22.177,
327.099

■ 61, 11.579,

326.535

■ 65, 1.057, 325.788

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 76.558, 330.268



57, 80.864, 137.141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 76.558, 330.268



38, 76.558, 20.268



38, 76.558, 150.268



38, 76.558, 200.268

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 76.556, 330.268



70, 35.404, 327.461



20, 89.422, 305.603



35, 23.782, 327.635



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 76.556, 330.268



49, 95.273, 330.566



35, 58.011, 2.542



31, 5.880, 326.433



33, 71.945, 330.496



1, 7.586, 326.304

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 76.556, 330.268



49, 95.273, 330.566



58, 56.072, 153.999



31, 5.880, 326.433



33, 71.945, 330.496



1, 7.586, 326.304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

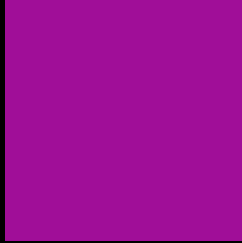
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

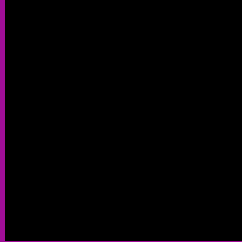
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 76.558, 330.268

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 76.558, 330.268.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38, 76.558, 330.268

Protanopia

39, 60.688, 286.864

Deuteranopia

39, 32.439, 280.199



Tritanopia
38, 41.705, 23.896

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 76.558, 330.268



Protanomaly
32, 70.155, 300.075



Deuteranomaly
34, 52.431, 309.557



Tritanomaly
37, 50.131, 353.958

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 76.558, 330.268



Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
30, 36.845, 328.622

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 76.558, 330.268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 14, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 14, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 14, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 14, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 76.558, 330.268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 14, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 14, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 14, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 14, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 14, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 14,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 76.558, 330.268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 14, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 14,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor