

Converting Colors

CIELCh(38, 82.174, 304.360)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(38, 82.174, 304.360)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(38, 82.249, 304.298)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5841CA
RGB	88, 65, 202
RGB Percent	35%, 25%, 79%
CMY	0.6556, 0.7456, 0.2085
CMYK	0.56, 0.68, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	250°, 56%, 52%
HSV	250°, 68%, 79%
XYZ	16.5323, 10.0881, 56.8537
YIQ	87.4950, -30.2690, 47.4830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

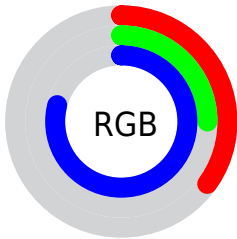
Format	Color
R _Y B	88, 65, 202
Decimal	5784010
CIE Lab	38.00, 46.35, -67.95
CIE LCh	38, 82.249, 304.298
Yxy	10.0881, 0.1981, 0.1209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283974090 (0xFF5841CA)
YUV	87.4950, 56.4510, 0.4429
Hunter-Lab	31.7617, 37.3285, -83.8965

Details

The CIELCh color **38, 82.249, 304.298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **77, 67.828, 112.382**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 79.472, 304.370**, and **18, 82.257, 304.235** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 94.086, 305.568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 69.503, 302.909**.

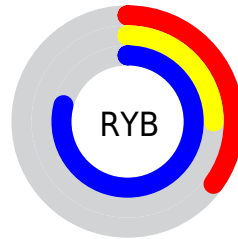
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (25%)

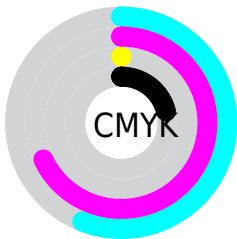
Blue (79%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (79%)

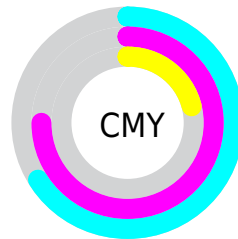


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 38, 82.249,
304.298

 38, 82.249,
304.298

 100, 82.249,
304.298

 28, 82.249,
304.298

 58, 82.249,
304.298


 18, 82.249,
304.298


 68, 82.249,
304.298

 8, 82.249, 304.298

 78, 82.249,
304.298

 0, 82.249, 304.298

 88, 82.249,
304.298

 98, 82.249,
304.298

■ 38, 82.249,
304.298

■ 38, 82.249,
304.298

■ 33, 94.086,
305.568

■ 44, 69.503,
302.909

■ 29, 103.725,
306.494

■ 50, 56.621,
301.546

■ 26, 109.888,
306.890

■ 57, 43.984,
300.288

■ 26, 110.994,
306.972

■ 63, 31.748,
299.165

■ 70, 19.960,
298.182

■ 76, 8.622, 297.330

■ 83, 2.286, 116.596

■ 89, 12.788,
115.966

■ 96, 22.910,
115.425

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38, 82.249, 304.298



77, 67.828, 112.382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38, 82.249, 304.298



38, 82.249, 354.298



38, 82.249, 124.298



38, 82.249, 174.298

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38, 82.249, 304.299



84, 27.144, 298.407



68, 32.311, 220.437



43, 18.622, 298.682



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38, 82.249, 304.299



40, 117.517, 306.018



46, 80.921, 317.220



39, 6.291, 297.453



20, 95.761, 307.055



2, 23.678, 296.764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 73.398, 333.807



60, 97.172, 334.838



73, 76.792, 131.519



40, 6.713, 329.964



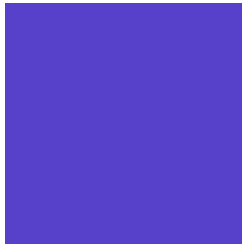
38, 73.523, 336.175



5, 25.327, 333.865

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

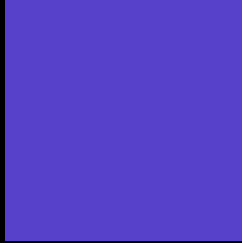
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

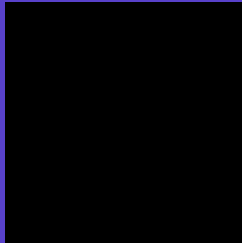
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 38, 82.249, 304.298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 38, 82.249, 304.298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


38, 82.249, 304.298

Protanopia

38, 59.135, 286.601

Deuteranopia

38, 41.231, 273.030



Tritanopia
38, 16.070, 215.622

Trichromacy



Original Color
38, 82.249, 304.298

Protanomaly
37, 68.018, 293.133

Deuteranomaly
37, 56.221, 288.455

Tritanomaly
37, 34.211, 284.924

Monochromacy



Original Color
38, 82.249, 304.298

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 31.208, 299.990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 38, 82.249, 304.298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 65, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 65, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 65, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 65, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 38, 82.249, 304.298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 65, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 65, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 65, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 65, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 65, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 65,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 38, 82.249, 304.298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 65, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 65,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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