

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 11.311, 299.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 11.311, 299.392)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 11.123, 297.957)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(39, 11.123, 297.957)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5A6C
RGB	93, 90, 108
RGB Percent	36%, 35%, 42%
CMY	0.6363, 0.6481, 0.5775
CMYK	0.14, 0.17, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	250°, 9%, 39%
HSV	250°, 17%, 42%
XYZ	10.8143, 10.6589, 15.5998
YIQ	92.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

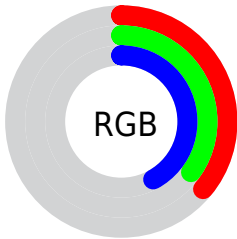
Format	Color
RYB	93, 90, 108
Decimal	6117996
CIELab	39.00, 5.21, -9.82
CIELCh	39, 11.123, 297.957
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2917, 0.2875
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308076 (0xFF5D5A6C)
YUV	92.9490, 7.4201, 0.0447
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 1.9923, -5.4762

Details

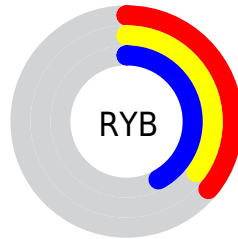
The CIELCh color $39, 11.123, 297.957$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 10.747, 115.564$, and the grayscale version is $39, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59, 10.858, 297.284$, and $19, 11.778, 299.098$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35, 18.113, 298.857$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 4.384, 297.168$.

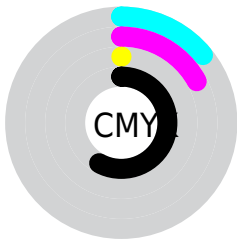
Distribution



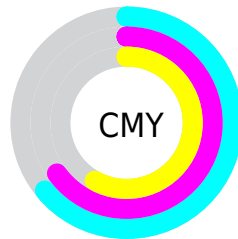
- Red (36%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 11.123,
297.957

■ 39, 11.123,
297.957

■ 100, 11.123,
297.957

■ 29, 11.123,
297.957

■ 59, 11.123,
297.957

■ 19, 11.123,
297.957

■ 69, 11.123,
297.957

■ 9, 11.123, 297.957

■ 79, 11.123,
297.957

■ 0, 11.123, 297.957

■ 89, 11.123,
297.957

■ 99, 11.123,
297.957

■ 39, 11.123,
297.957

■ 39, 11.123,
297.957

■ 35, 18.113,
298.857

■ 43, 4.384, 297.168

■ 31, 25.361,
299.884

■ 47, 2.113, 116.485

■ 51, 8.380, 115.894

■ 27, 32.850,
301.036

■ 54, 14.434,
115.383

■ 23, 40.521,
302.296

■ 58, 20.287,
114.940

■ 20, 48.230,
303.618

■ 62, 25.952,
114.556

■ 17, 55.670,
304.904

■ 66, 31.440,
114.224

■ 14, 62.288,
305.996

■ 70, 36.764,
113.936

■ 11, 67.851,

306.901

■ 73, 41.932,
113.686

■ 11, 69.843,
307.315

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 11.123, 297.957



45, 10.747, 115.564

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 11.123, 297.957



39, 11.123, 347.957



39, 11.123, 117.957



39, 11.123, 167.957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 11.122, 297.955



56, 4.053, 297.055



43, 6.181, 214.039



29, 2.789, 297.094



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 11.122, 297.955



49, 16.657, 298.288



40, 12.009, 314.785



20, 3.673, 297.336



12, 74.271, 307.250



32, 128.481, 306.900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 11.776, 330.331



51, 17.534, 330.562



44, 11.837, 133.452



21, 3.927, 329.866



26, 57.465, 335.821



56, 98.176, 336.354

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

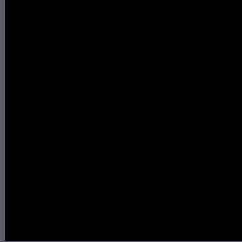
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 11.123, 297.957

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957.

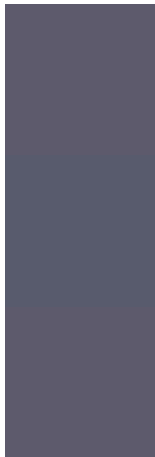


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 11.123, 297.957.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 11.123, 297.957

Protanopia

39, 11.064, 285.871

Deuteranopia

39, 11.123, 297.957



Tritanopia
39, 4.906, 290.950

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 11.123, 297.957

Protanomaly
39, 11.025, 289.859

Deuteranomaly
39, 11.123, 297.957

Tritanomaly
39, 6.761, 294.642

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 11.123, 297.957

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 3.702, 297.126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 11.123, 297.957 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 90, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 90, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 90, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 90, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 11.123, 297.957 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 90, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 90, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 90, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 90, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 90,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 11.123, 297.957 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 90, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 90,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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