

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 16.767, 13.370)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 16.767, 13.370) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 16.558, 13.563)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	775256
RGB	119, 82, 86
RGB Percent	47%, 32%, 34%
CMY	0.5328, 0.6779, 0.6623
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.28, 0.53
HSL	354°, 18%, 39%
HSV	354°, 31%, 47%
XYZ	12.3379, 10.6589, 10.2376
YIQ	93.5190, 20.7680, 9.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

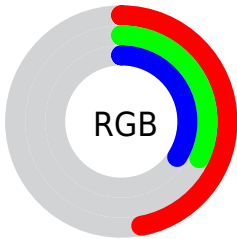
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 82, 86
Decimal	7819862
CIE Lab	39.00, 16.10, 3.88
CIE LCh	39, 16.558, 13.563
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3712, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286009942 (0xFF775256)
YUV	93.5190, -3.7069, 22.3468
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 10.3221, 4.2617

Details

The CIELCh color **39, 16.558, 13.563** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 14.113, 188.166**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 16.399, 13.316**, and **19, 16.197, 14.105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 22.446, 15.056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 10.911, 12.356**.

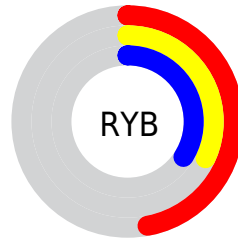
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (32%)

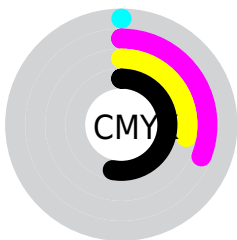
Blue (34%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (34%)

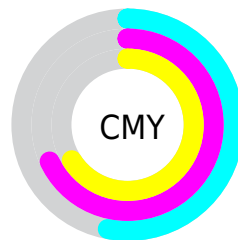


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 16.558, 13.563

■ 39, 16.558, 13.563

■ 100, 16.558,
13.563

■ 29, 16.558, 13.563

■ 59, 16.558, 13.563

■ 19, 16.558, 13.563

■ 69, 16.558, 13.563

■ 9, 16.558, 13.563

■ 79, 16.558, 13.563

■ 0, 16.558, 13.563

■ 89, 16.558, 13.563

■ 99, 16.558, 13.563

■ 39, 16.558, 13.563

■ 39, 16.558, 13.563

■ 36, 22.446, 15.056

■ 42, 10.911, 12.356

■ 33, 28.483, 16.916

■ 46, 5.559, 11.338

■ 30, 34.521, 19.257

■ 50, 0.519, 9.879

■ 28, 40.378, 22.196

■ 53, 4.214, 189.974

■ 26, 45.866, 25.805

■ 57, 8.657, 189.332

■ 24, 50.826, 30.015

■ 61, 12.834,
188.800

■ 24, 54.876, 33.231

■ 65, 16.770,
188.338

■ 68, 20.489,
187.931

■ 72, 24.016,
187.567

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 16.558, 13.563



47, 14.113, 188.166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 16.558, 13.563



39, 16.558, 63.563



39, 16.558, 193.563



39, 16.558, 243.563

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 16.557, 13.567



60, 5.595, 11.163



40, 25.885, 322.644



31, 3.933, 11.279



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 16.557, 13.567



48, 24.974, 14.556



43, 13.499, 59.056



23, 2.775, 11.143



24, 56.089, 33.460



52, 98.163, 36.279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 16.557, 13.567



48, 24.974, 14.556



43, 11.710, 245.804



23, 2.775, 11.143



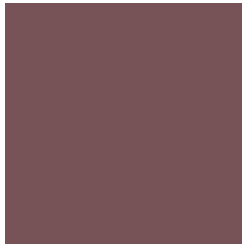
24, 56.089, 33.460



52, 98.163, 36.279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

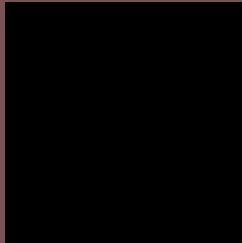
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 16.558, 13.563

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563.

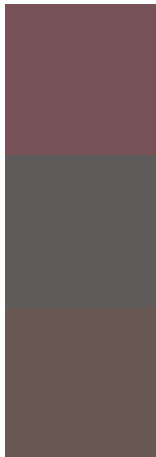


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 16.558, 13.563.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 16.558, 13.563

Protanopia

39, 1.036, 55.192

Deuteranopia

39, 7.058, 40.310



Tritanopia
39, 16.636, 9.412

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 16.558, 13.563

Protanomaly
39, 6.527, 14.940

Deuteranomaly
39, 10.292, 27.526

Tritanomaly
39, 16.585, 11.482

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 16.558, 13.563

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 5.626, 13.944

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 16.558, 13.563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 82, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 82, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 82, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 82, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 16.558, 13.563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 82, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 82, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 82, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 82, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 82, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 82,  
86) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 16.558, 13.563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 82, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 82,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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