

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 17.201, 172.896)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 17.201, 172.896)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 16.744, 173.498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(39, 16.744, 173.498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C6358
RGB	60, 99, 88
RGB Percent	24%, 39%, 35%
CMY	0.7636, 0.6106, 0.6538
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.11, 0.61
HSL	163°, 24%, 31%
HSV	163°, 39%, 39%
XYZ	8.1443, 10.6589, 10.9234
YIQ	86.0850, -19.7130, -11.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

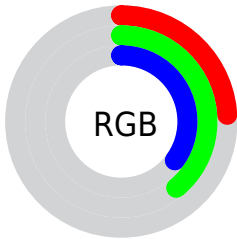
Format	Color
RYB	60, 83, 99
Decimal	3957592
CIELab	39.00, -16.64, 1.90
CIElCh	39, 16.744, 173.498
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2740, 0.3586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282147672 (0xFF3C6358)
YUV	86.0850, 0.9441, -22.8765
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -12.6056, 3.0163

Details

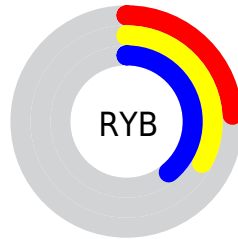
The CIELCh color **39, 16.744, 173.498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 18.829, 1.553**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 16.793, 173.885**, and **19, 16.581, 174.286** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 20.505, 172.352**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 12.718, 174.550**.

Distribution



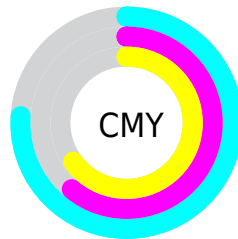
- Red (24%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 39, 16.744,
173.498


 39, 16.744,
173.498

 100, 16.744,
173.498

 29, 16.744,
173.498

 59, 16.744,
173.498


 19, 16.744,
173.498


 69, 16.744,
173.498

 9, 16.744, 173.498

 79, 16.744,
173.498

 0, 16.744, 173.498

 89, 16.744,
173.498

 99, 16.744,
173.498

■ 39, 16.744,
173.498

■ 39, 16.744,
173.498

■ 38, 20.505,
172.352

■ 40, 12.718,
174.550

■ 38, 23.934,
171.098

■ 40, 8.492, 175.534

■ 41, 4.126, 176.478

■ 38, 26.979,
169.714

■ 42, 0.323, 356.362

■ 37, 29.598,
168.181

■ 43, 4.809, 358.011

■ 37, 31.778,
166.481

■ 44, 9.294, 358.810

■ 45, 13.748,
359.557

■ 37, 33.738,
164.780

■ 47, 18.148, 0.268

■ 37, 33.880,
164.666

■ 48, 22.480, 0.949

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 16.744, 173.498



30, 18.829, 1.553

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 16.744, 173.498



39, 16.744, 223.498



39, 16.744, 353.498



39, 16.744, 43.498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 16.745, 173.496



53, 6.642, 176.187



39, 26.494, 134.426



27, 4.437, 176.110



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 16.745, 173.496



50, 24.466, 172.455



37, 12.197, 223.724



20, 2.443, 176.520



42, 37.114, 164.336



85, 66.295, 162.917

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 18.829, 1.553



37, 28.302, 3.046



32, 15.791, 40.964



18, 2.507, 357.915



22, 47.567, 19.878



51, 84.957, 23.731

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

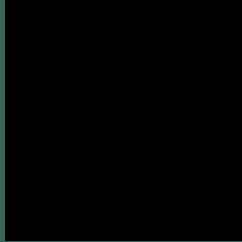
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 16.744, 173.498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 16.744, 173.498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


39, 16.744, 173.498

Protanopia

39, 4.607, 87.241

Deuteranopia

39, 5.292, 6.797



Tritanopia
39, 12.795, 220.753

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 16.744, 173.498

Protanomaly
39, 7.085, 154.824

Deuteranomaly
39, 3.478, 167.153

Tritanomaly
39, 13.076, 200.512

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 16.744, 173.498

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 6.344, 175.672

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 16.744, 173.498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 99, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 99, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 99, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 99, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 16.744, 173.498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 99, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 99, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 99, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 99, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 99, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 99, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 16.744, 173.498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 99, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 99,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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