

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 2.481, 157.638)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 2.481, 157.638) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 2.502, 152.155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595D5A
RGB	89, 93, 90
RGB Percent	35%, 36%, 35%
CMY	0.6515, 0.6358, 0.6476
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.03, 0.64
HSL	135°, 2%, 36%
HSV	135°, 4%, 36%
XYZ	9.8500, 10.6589, 11.1820
YIQ	91.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 92, 93
Decimal	5856602
CIE Lab	39.00, -2.21, 1.17
CIE LCh	39, 2.502, 152.155
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3108, 0.3363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284046682 (0xFF595D5A)
YUV	91.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -3.2800, 2.5468

Details

The CIELCh color $39, 2.502, 152.155$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $38, 2.515, 332.520$, and the grayscale version is $39, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59, 2.314, 152.273$, and $19, 1.978, 155.361$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 8.367, 151.440$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $40, 3.294, 332.602$.

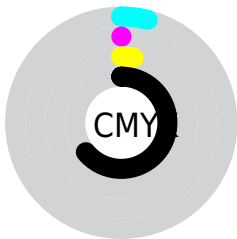
Distribution



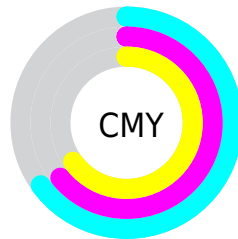
- Red (35%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 2.502, 152.155

■ 39, 2.502, 152.155

■ 100, 2.502,
152.155

■ 29, 2.502, 152.155

■ 59, 2.502, 152.155

■ 19, 2.502, 152.155

■ 69, 2.502, 152.155

■ 9, 2.502, 152.155

■ 79, 2.502, 152.155

■ 0, 2.502, 152.155

■ 89, 2.502, 152.155

■ 99, 2.502, 152.155

■ 39, 2.502, 152.155

■ 39, 2.502, 152.155

■ 38, 8.367, 151.440

■ 40, 3.294, 332.602

37, 14.246,
150.677

41, 8.985, 333.151

36, 20.073,
149.812

42, 14.542,
333.616

36, 25.763,
148.824

44, 19.949,
334.028

35, 31.224,
147.697

45, 25.196,
334.398

35, 36.352,
146.423

46, 30.279,
334.733

34, 41.045,
144.998

48, 35.199,
335.037

34, 45.208,
143.440

49, 39.959,
335.315

34, 48.815,
141.852

51, 44.565,
335.570

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 2.502, 152.155



38, 2.515, 332.520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 2.502, 152.155



39, 2.502, 202.155



39, 2.502, 332.155



39, 2.502, 22.155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 2.503, 152.151



50, 0.711, 152.588



39, 2.472, 119.027



26, 0.407, 152.625



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 2.503, 152.151



50, 3.588, 152.087



39, 1.801, 178.106



19, 1.937, 152.077



40, 57.560, 140.685



82, 104.455, 139.437

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 2.515, 332.520



49, 3.603, 332.582



38, 1.828, 358.526



18, 1.945, 332.592



23, 51.680, 340.588



53, 90.106, 341.621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

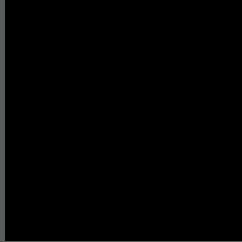
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

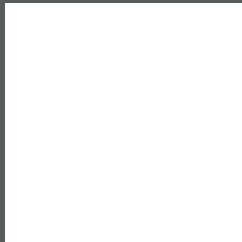
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 2.502, 152.155

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 2.502, 152.155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


39, 2.502, 152.155

Protanopia

39, 1.760, 63.250

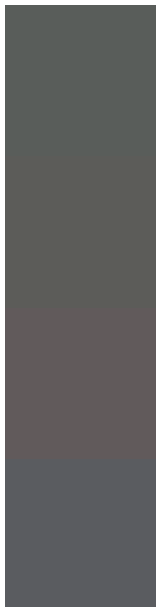
Deuteranopia

39, 5.292, 6.797



Tritanopia
39, 4.348, 280.082

Trichromacy



Original Color

39, 2.502, 152.155

Protanomaly

39, 1.827, 109.870

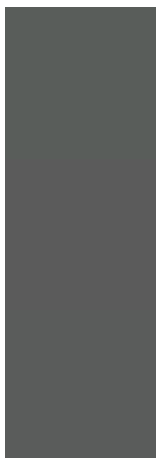
Deuteranomaly

39, 3.049, 8.188

Tritanomaly

39, 2.572, 271.917

Monochromacy



Original Color

39, 2.502, 152.155

Achromatopsia

39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

39, 1.043, 163.710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 2.502, 152.155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 93, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 93, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 93, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 93, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 2.502, 152.155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 93, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 93, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 93, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 93, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 93, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 93, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 2.502, 152.155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 93, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 93,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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