

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 2.590, 104.339)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 2.590, 104.339) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 2.471, 99.808)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D5C58
RGB	93, 92, 88
RGB Percent	36%, 36%, 35%
CMY	0.6357, 0.6396, 0.6553
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.05, 0.64
HSL	48°, 3%, 35%
HSV	48°, 5%, 36%
XYZ	10.0771, 10.6589, 10.7345
YIQ	91.8430, 1.8800, -1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

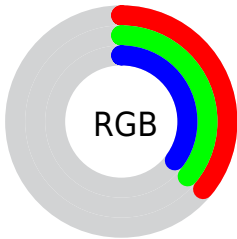
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 93, 88
Decimal	6118488
CIE Lab	39.00, -0.42, 2.43
CIE LCh	39, 2.471, 99.808
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3202, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284308568 (0xFF5D5C58)
YUV	91.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -2.0383, 3.3593

Details

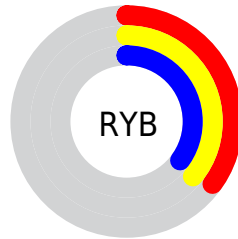
The CIELCh color $[39, 2.471, 99.808]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[38, 2.494, 281.036]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59, 2.284, 99.970]$, and $[19, 2.101, 96.381]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38, 7.101, 98.790]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 2.122, 280.940]$.

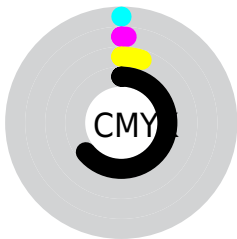
Distribution



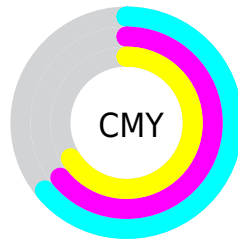
- Red (36%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 39, 2.471, 99.808

■ 100, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 29, 2.471, 99.808

■ 59, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 19, 2.471, 99.808

■ 69, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 9, 2.471, 99.808

■ 79, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 0, 2.471, 99.808

■ 89, 2.471, 99.808

■ 99, 2.471, 99.808

■ 39, 2.471, 99.808 ■ 39, 2.471, 99.808

■ 38, 7.101, 98.790 ■ 40, 2.122, 280.940

■ 37, 11.753, 97.701 ■ 41, 6.673, 281.904

37, 16.407, 96.586

42, 11.180,
282.852

36, 21.022, 95.451

42, 15.641,
283.762

35, 25.535, 94.302

35, 29.835, 93.142

43, 20.058,
284.630

34, 33.751, 91.967

44, 24.429,
285.456

33, 37.034, 90.763

33, 39.700, 89.542

45, 28.758,
286.240

46, 33.044,
286.983

47, 37.289,
287.687

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 2.471, 99.808



38, 2.494, 281.036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 2.471, 99.808



39, 2.471, 149.808



39, 2.471, 279.808



39, 2.471, 329.808

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 2.472, 99.830



50, 1.128, 100.118



38, 2.225, 3.572



26, 0.646, 100.127



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 2.472, 99.830



50, 3.401, 99.751



39, 3.118, 121.530



19, 1.785, 99.752



38, 46.092, 88.701



79, 80.785, 87.631

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 2.494, 281.036



48, 3.433, 281.121



38, 3.156, 302.080



18, 1.801, 281.120



14, 60.249, 301.140



34, 112.317, 302.853

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

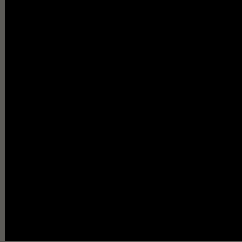
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 2.471, 99.808

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 2.471, 99.808.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 2.471, 99.808

Protanopia

39, 2.228, 74.608

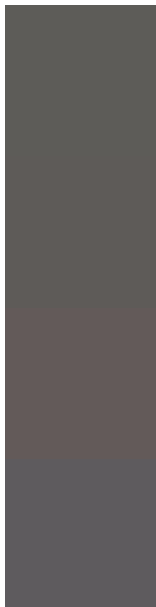
Deuteranopia

39, 5.626, 20.130



Tritanopia
39, 5.200, 309.392

Trichromacy



Original Color

39, 2.471, 99.808

Protanomaly

39, 2.228, 74.608

Deuteranomaly

39, 3.922, 28.770

Tritanomaly

39, 2.242, 324.537

Monochromacy



Original Color

39, 2.471, 99.808

Achromatopsia

39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

39, 0.606, 110.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 2.471, 99.808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 92, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 92, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 92, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 92, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 2.471, 99.808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 92, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 92, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 92, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 92, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 92, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 92, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 2.471, 99.808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 92, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 92,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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