

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 29.083, 139.969)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 29.083, 139.969)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 29.609, 139.933)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F653C
RGB	63, 101, 60
RGB Percent	25%, 40%, 24%
CMY	0.7534, 0.6044, 0.7652
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.41, 0.60
HSL	116°, 26%, 32%
HSV	116°, 41%, 40%
XYZ	7.4948, 10.6589, 5.9203
YIQ	84.9640, -9.4870, -20.8070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

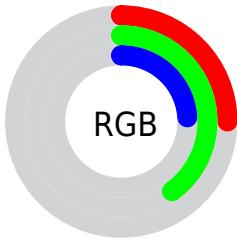
Format	Color
RYB	60, 101, 98
Decimal	4154684
CIELab	39.00, -22.66, 19.06
CIELCh	39, 29.609, 139.933
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3113, 0.4428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282344764 (0xFF3F653C)
YUV	84.9640, -12.3073, -19.2624
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -16.1570, 12.1022

Details

The CIELCh color $39, 29.609, 139.933$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $31, 29.730, 324.328$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59, 29.489, 140.267$, and $19, 29.708, 140.335$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 36.525, 139.105$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $40, 22.421, 140.688$.

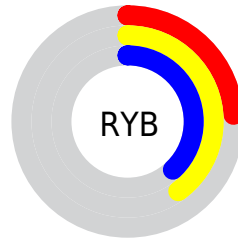
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (40%)

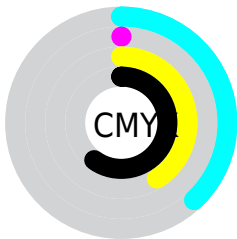
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (38%)

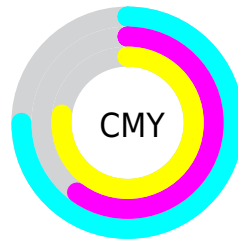


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 29.609,
139.933


 39, 29.609,
139.933

 100, 29.609,
139.933


 29, 29.609,
139.933

 59, 29.609,
139.933


 19, 29.609,
139.933


 69, 29.609,
139.933

 9, 29.609, 139.933

 79, 29.609,
139.933

 0, 29.609, 139.933

 89, 29.609,
139.933

 99, 29.609,
139.933

■ 39, 29.609,
139.933

■ 39, 29.609,
139.933

■ 38, 36.525,
139.105

■ 40, 22.421,
140.688

■ 38, 42.988,
138.231

■ 41, 15.098,
141.359

■ 37, 48.779,
137.369

■ 42, 7.750, 141.951

■ 37, 53.636,
136.609

■ 43, 0.457, 142.757

■ 44, 6.724, 322.848

■ 37, 57.294,
136.061

■ 45, 13.753,
323.230

■ 37, 60.135,
135.401

■ 46, 20.603,
323.551

■ 48, 27.261,
323.825

■ 49, 33.720,
324.059

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 29.609, 139.933



31, 29.730, 324.328

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 29.609, 139.933



39, 29.609, 189.933



39, 29.609, 319.933



39, 29.609, 9.933

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 29.610, 139.933



53, 10.783, 141.855



41, 22.440, 102.613



27, 7.212, 141.808



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 29.610, 139.933



49, 43.567, 139.127



39, 22.254, 155.887



21, 4.123, 142.046



42, 65.954, 135.484



84, 114.839, 135.779

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 29.730, 324.328



38, 43.689, 324.718



31, 22.879, 342.758



20, 4.135, 322.862



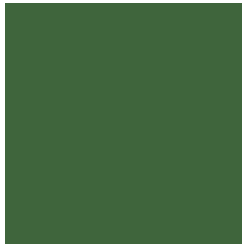
25, 64.364, 325.498



54, 111.658, 325.334

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

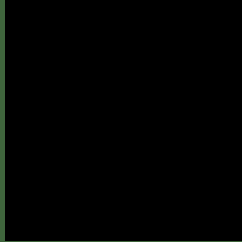
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 29.609, 139.933

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 29.609, 139.933.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 29.609, 139.933

Protanopia

39, 22.014, 96.694

Deuteranopia

39, 18.392, 74.790



Tritanopia
39, 10.225, 223.303

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 29.609, 139.933

Protanomaly
39, 23.125, 117.027

Deuteranomaly
39, 18.702, 108.621

Tritanomaly
39, 13.941, 168.721

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 29.609, 139.933

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 11.084, 141.796

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 29.609, 139.933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 101, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 101, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 101, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 101, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 29.609, 139.933 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 101, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 101, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 101, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 101, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 101, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 101,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 29.609, 139.933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 101, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 101,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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