

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 35.592, 297.411)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 35.592, 297.411)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 35.595, 297.480)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(39, 35.595, 297.480)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59558F
RGB	89, 85, 143
RGB Percent	35%, 33%, 56%
CMY	0.6500, 0.6658, 0.4382
CMYK	0.38, 0.41, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	244°, 25%, 45%
HSV	244°, 41%, 56%
XYZ	12.3860, 10.6589, 27.4902
YIQ	92.8080, -16.2340, 18.8860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

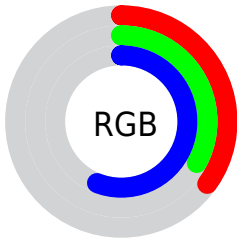
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 85, 143
Decimal	5854607
CIE _{Lab}	39.00, 16.42, -31.58
CIE _{LCh}	39, 35.595, 297.480
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2451, 0.2109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284044687 (0xFF59558F)
YUV	92.8080, 24.7447, -3.3396
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 10.5852, -27.0696

Details

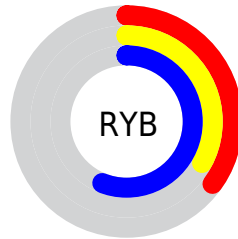
The CIELCh color $[39, 35.595, 297.480]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $[58, 32.199, 109.538]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59, 35.296, 297.215]$, and $[19, 35.461, 297.507]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34, 45.257, 299.061]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[44, 26.270, 296.085]$.

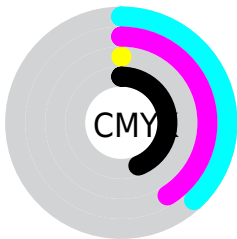
Distribution



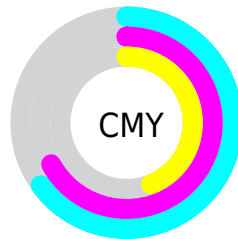
- Red (35%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 35.595,
297.480

■ 39, 35.595,
297.480

■ 100, 35.595,
297.480

■ 29, 35.595,
297.480

■ 59, 35.595,
297.480

■ 19, 35.595,
297.480

■ 69, 35.595,
297.480

■ 9, 35.595, 297.480

■ 79, 35.595,
297.480

■ 0, 35.595, 297.480

■ 89, 35.595,
297.480

■ 99, 35.595,
297.480

■ 39, 35.595,
297.480

■ 39, 35.595,
297.480

■ 34, 45.257,
299.061

■ 44, 26.270,
296.085

■ 29, 55.151,
300.797

■ 49, 17.307,
294.876

■ 25, 64.984,
302.598

■ 54, 8.696, 293.837

■ 21, 74.121,
304.285

■ 59, 0.417, 293.014

■ 64, 7.552, 112.175

■ 18, 81.484,
305.595

■ 69, 15.234,
111.522

■ 16, 86.704,
306.565

■ 74, 22.649,
110.960

■ 79, 29.814,
110.475

■ 84, 36.745,
110.055

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 35.595, 297.480



58, 32.199, 109.538

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 35.595, 297.480



39, 35.595, 347.480



39, 35.595, 117.480



39, 35.595, 167.480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 35.594, 297.480



68, 12.341, 294.007



55, 18.535, 204.635



35, 8.268, 294.120



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 35.594, 297.480



45, 54.322, 298.982



42, 36.969, 313.174



27, 4.650, 293.711



14, 83.087, 306.584



0, 3.091, 292.900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 38.320, 328.582



54, 56.538, 329.080



56, 35.262, 129.541



28, 5.350, 326.838



31, 68.387, 331.113



1, 3.593, 326.356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

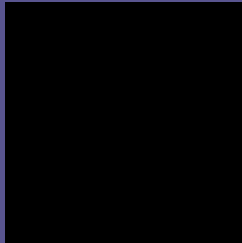
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 35.595, 297.480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 35.595, 297.480.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

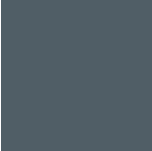
39, 35.595, 297.480

Protanopia

39, 35.055, 285.556

Deuteranopia

39, 31.137, 280.143



Tritanopia
39, 7.228, 241.761

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 35.595, 297.480

Protanomaly
39, 35.511, 289.965

Deuteranomaly
39, 31.964, 285.946

Tritanomaly
39, 16.108, 282.138

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 35.595, 297.480

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 12.915, 295.584

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 35.595, 297.480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 85, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 85, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 85, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 85, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 35.595, 297.480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 85, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 85, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 85, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 85, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 85, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 85,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 35.595, 297.480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 85, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 85,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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