

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 4.278, 19.953)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 4.278, 19.953) contains.

CIELCh(39, 4.298, 19.923)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(39, 4.298, 19.923)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	645A5A
RGB	100, 90, 90
RGB Percent	39%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.6095, 0.6487, 0.6487
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.61
HSL	0°, 5%, 37%
HSV	0°, 10%, 39%
XYZ	10.6579, 10.6589, 11.0763
YIQ	92.9900, 5.9600, 2.1200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	100, 90, 90
Decimal	6576730
CIELab	39.00, 4.04, 1.46
CIELCh	39, 4.298, 19.923
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3290, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284766810 (0xFF645A5A)
YUV	92.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 1.1371, 2.7387

Details

The CIELCh color $[39, 4.298, 19.923]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[41, 4.051, 198.991]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59, 4.353, 19.744]$, and $[19, 4.410, 11.478]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36, 8.902, 20.724]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42, 0.015, 357.300]$.

Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (35%)

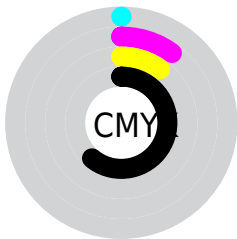
Blue (35%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (35%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 39, 4.298, 19.923

■ 100, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 29, 4.298, 19.923

■ 59, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 19, 4.298, 19.923

■ 69, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 9, 4.298, 19.923

■ 79, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 0, 4.298, 19.923

■ 89, 4.298, 19.923

■ 99, 4.298, 19.923

■ 39, 4.298, 19.923 ■ 39, 4.298, 19.923

■ 36, 8.902, 20.724 ■ 42, 0.015, 357.300

■ 33, 13.834, 21.690 ■ 45, 3.965, 199.041

■ 30, 19.074, 22.921

■ 49, 7.668, 198.623

■ 27, 24.572, 24.501

■ 52, 11.121,
198.304

■ 25, 30.232, 26.521

■ 55, 14.352,
198.046

■ 23, 35.914, 29.058

■ 21, 41.426, 32.111

■ 58, 17.388,
197.834

■ 20, 45.881, 34.404

■ 62, 20.251,
197.659

■ 19, 49.454, 35.644

■ 65, 22.963,
197.512

■ 68, 25.541,
197.388

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 4.298, 19.923



41, 4.051, 198.991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 4.298, 19.923



39, 4.298, 69.923



39, 4.298, 199.923



39, 4.298, 249.923

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 4.297, 19.938



53, 1.560, 19.335



39, 7.414, 324.934



27, 1.195, 19.420



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 4.297, 19.938



50, 6.456, 20.111



40, 3.703, 74.221



19, 2.443, 19.858



22, 55.894, 37.355



51, 100.589, 40.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 4.051, 198.991



53, 6.000, 198.862



40, 3.623, 256.697



21, 2.318, 199.054



43, 27.791, 196.410



87, 48.195, 196.411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

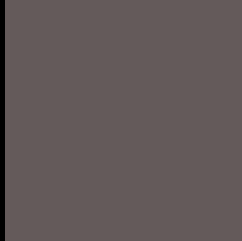
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

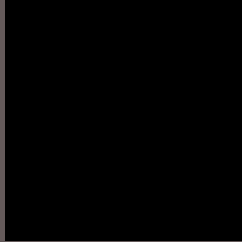
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 4.298, 19.923

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923.

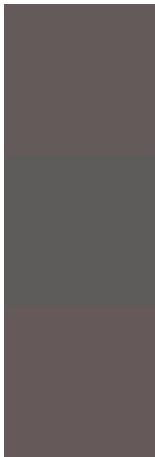


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 4.298, 19.923.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

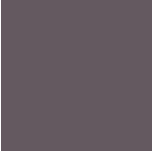
39, 4.298, 19.923

Protanopia

39, 1.271, 19.332

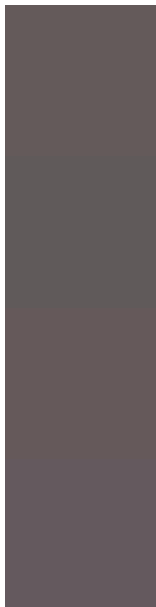
Deuteranopia

39, 5.638, 13.954



Tritanopia
39, 6.323, 337.695

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 4.298, 19.923

Protanomaly
39, 2.562, 19.635

Deuteranomaly
39, 5.203, 13.362

Tritanomaly
39, 5.586, 347.029

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 4.298, 19.923

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 1.269, 19.328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 4.298, 19.923 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 90, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 90, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 90, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 4.298, 19.923 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 90, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 90, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 90, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 90, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 90, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 90,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 4.298, 19.923 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 90, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 90,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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