

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 40.460, 115.093)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 40.460, 115.093)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 40.460, 115.093)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(39, 40.460, 115.093)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52621B
RGB	82, 98, 27
RGB Percent	32%, 38%, 11%
CMY	0.6776, 0.6148, 0.8933
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.72, 0.61
HSL	74°, 57%, 25%
HSV	74°, 72%, 39%
XYZ	8.0866, 10.6589, 2.6812
YIQ	85.1220, 13.2550, -25.4730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

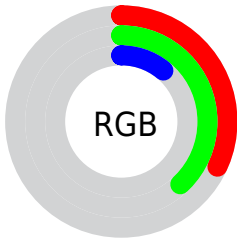
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 98, 43
Decimal	5399067
CIE _{Lab}	39.00, -17.16, 36.64
CIE _{LCh}	39, 40.460, 115.093
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3774, 0.4975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283589147 (0xFF52621B)
YUV	85.1220, -28.6541, -2.7380
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -12.9214, 17.9845

Details

The CIELCh color **39, 40.460, 115.093** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **16, 48.440, 305.486**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 40.863, 115.474**, and **19, 30.598, 120.031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 44.389, 115.013**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 35.781, 115.399**.

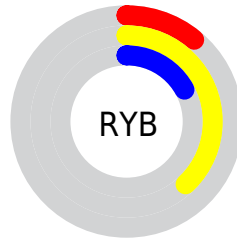
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (38%)

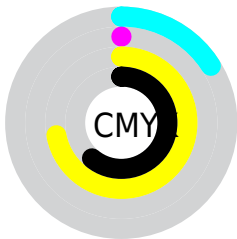
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (17%)

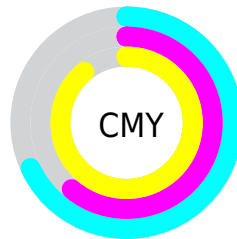


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (61%)


Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 40.460,
115.093


 39, 40.460,
115.093

 100, 40.460,
115.093


 29, 40.460,
115.093

 59, 40.460,
115.093


 19, 40.460,
115.093


 69, 40.460,
115.093

 9, 40.460, 115.093

 79, 40.460,
115.093

 0, 40.460, 115.093

 89, 40.460,
115.093

 99, 40.460,
115.093

■ 39, 40.460,
115.093

■ 39, 40.460,
115.093

■ 39, 44.389,
115.013

■ 39, 35.781,
115.399

■ 39, 47.372,
115.218

■ 40, 30.579,
115.852

■ 38, 49.565,
115.367

■ 40, 25.030,
116.396

■ 40, 19.261,
116.991

■ 41, 13.358,
117.608

■ 41, 7.381, 118.226

■ 42, 1.371, 118.839

■ 42, 4.645, 299.413

■ 43, 10.645,
299.973

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 40.460, 115.093



16, 48.440, 305.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 40.460, 115.093



39, 40.460, 165.093



39, 40.460, 295.093



39, 40.460, 345.093

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 40.460, 115.095



52, 16.340, 117.585



25, 32.388, 42.330



26, 10.877, 117.480



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 40.460, 115.095



50, 56.144, 115.140



37, 46.047, 132.846



20, 3.332, 118.436



44, 54.493, 115.548



88, 95.590, 116.273

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 48.440, 305.486



18, 71.013, 306.991



21, 47.860, 318.742



18, 3.393, 299.521



12, 71.356, 307.835



32, 125.569, 307.368

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

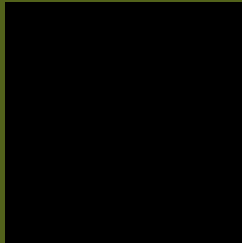
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 40.460, 115.093

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 40.460, 115.093.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


39, 40.460, 115.093

Protanopia

39, 37.891, 95.776

Deuteranopia

39, 35.641, 81.373



Tritanopia
39, 4.348, 280.082

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 40.460, 115.093

Protanomaly
39, 38.308, 103.372

Deuteranomaly
39, 35.728, 94.784

Tritanomaly
39, 13.133, 121.913

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 40.460, 115.093

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 16.079, 117.445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 40.460, 115.093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 98, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 98, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 98, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 98, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 40.460, 115.093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 98, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 98, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 98, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 98, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 98, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 98, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 40.460, 115.093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 98, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 98,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor