

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 45.160, 127.378)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 45.160, 127.378)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 45.050, 127.239)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(39, 45.050, 127.239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F661C
RGB	63, 102, 28
RGB Percent	25%, 40%, 11%
CMY	0.7527, 0.5997, 0.8899
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.73, 0.60
HSL	92°, 57%, 26%
HSV	92°, 73%, 40%
XYZ	7.0225, 10.6589, 2.7900
YIQ	81.9030, 0.5100, -31.2820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

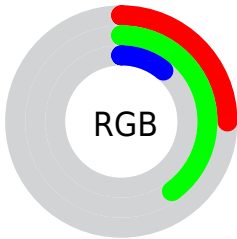
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 102, 67
Decimal	4154908
CIE _{Lab}	39.00, -27.26, 35.87
CIE _{LCh}	39, 45.050, 127.239
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3430, 0.5207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282344988 (0xFF3F661C)
YUV	81.9030, -26.5742, -16.5779
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -18.7393, 17.7870

Details

The CIELCh color **39, 45.050, 127.239** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **20, 49.526, 313.139**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 45.033, 127.024**, and **19, 36.352, 133.801** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 49.591, 127.324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 39.739, 127.412**.

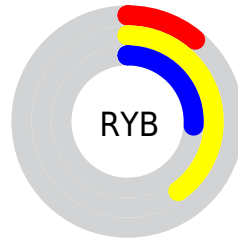
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (40%)

Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (26%)

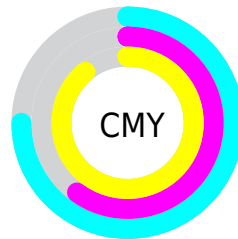


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 45.050,
127.239


 39, 45.050,
127.239

 100, 45.050,
127.239


 29, 45.050,
127.239

 59, 45.050,
127.239


 19, 45.050,
127.239


 69, 45.050,
127.239

 9, 45.050, 127.239

 79, 45.050,
127.239

 0, 45.050, 127.239

 89, 45.050,
127.239

 99, 45.050,
127.239

■ 39, 45.050,
127.239

■ 39, 45.050,
127.239

■ 39, 49.591,
127.324

■ 39, 39.739,
127.412

■ 38, 53.151,
127.748

■ 40, 33.894,
127.742

■ 38, 55.667,
127.996

■ 40, 27.700,
128.156

■ 41, 21.293,
128.607

■ 42, 14.770,
129.062

■ 42, 8.200, 129.505

■ 43, 1.632, 129.956

■ 44, 4.898, 310.275

■ 45, 11.366,
310.633

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 45.050, 127.239



20, 49.526, 313.139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 45.050, 127.239



39, 45.050, 177.239



39, 45.050, 307.239



39, 45.050, 357.239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 45.050, 127.240



53, 17.905, 129.056



31, 31.064, 68.316



27, 11.932, 128.976



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 45.050, 127.240



50, 62.887, 127.591



38, 50.552, 138.687



21, 3.677, 129.660



43, 60.612, 128.218



86, 106.141, 129.185

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 49.526, 313.139



23, 70.376, 313.219



26, 49.630, 328.242



19, 3.721, 310.358



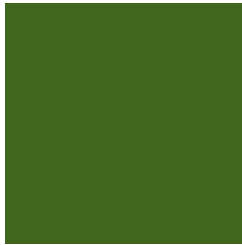
17, 68.523, 313.008



40, 119.540, 312.338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

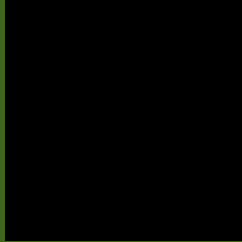
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 45.050, 127.239

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 45.050, 127.239.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


39, 45.050, 127.239

Protanopia

39, 38.321, 95.796

Deuteranopia

39, 34.465, 81.671



Tritanopia
39, 9.242, 230.774

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 45.050, 127.239

Protanomaly
39, 39.396, 109.787

Deuteranomaly
38, 34.679, 102.142

Tritanomaly
39, 17.972, 149.046

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 45.050, 127.239

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 17.724, 128.431

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 45.050, 127.239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 102, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 102, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 102, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 102, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 45.050, 127.239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 102, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 102, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 102, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 102, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 102, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 102,  
28) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 45.050, 127.239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 102, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 102,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor