

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 48.091, 309.373)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 48.091, 309.373)
contains.

CIELCh(39, 48.091, 309.373)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(39, 48.091, 309.373)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D4C99
RGB	109, 76, 153
RGB Percent	43%, 30%, 60%
CMY	0.5736, 0.7029, 0.4011
CMYK	0.29, 0.50, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	266°, 34%, 45%
HSV	266°, 50%, 60%
XYZ	14.5670, 10.6589, 31.3059
YIQ	94.6450, -5.0490, 30.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

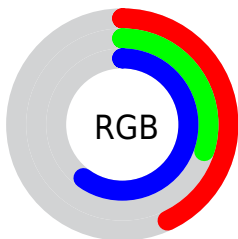
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 76, 153
Decimal	7163033
CIE _{Lab}	39.00, 30.51, -37.18
CIE _{LCh}	39, 48.091, 309.373
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2577, 0.1885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285353113 (0xFF6D4C99)
YUV	94.6450, 28.7690, 12.5893
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 22.5098, -33.9990

Details

The CIELCh color $[39, 48.091, 309.373]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663399`. A complement of this color would be $[59, 44.117, 124.159]$, and the grayscale version is $[40, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59, 48.065, 309.471]$, and $[19, 47.881, 309.436]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35, 57.836, 309.974]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[44, 38.206, 308.745]$.

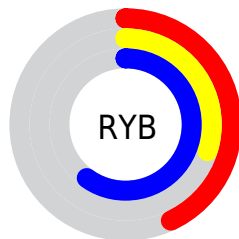
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (30%)

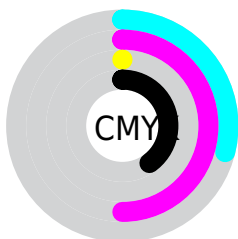
Blue (60%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (60%)

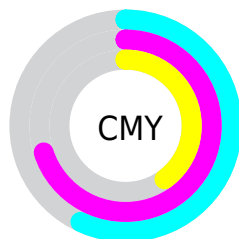


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (70%)


Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 48.091,
309.373


 39, 48.091,
309.373

 100, 48.091,
309.373


 29, 48.091,
309.373

 59, 48.091,
309.373


 19, 48.091,
309.373


 69, 48.091,
309.373

 9, 48.091, 309.373

 79, 48.091,
309.373

 0, 48.091, 309.373

 89, 48.091,
309.373

 99, 48.091,
309.373

39, 48.091,
309.373

39, 48.091,
309.373

35, 57.836,
309.974

44, 38.206,
308.745

30, 67.079,
310.480

48, 28.401,
308.130

27, 75.261,
310.793

53, 18.792,
307.551

24, 81.668,
310.788

58, 9.438, 307.018

22, 86.262,
310.556

63, 0.364, 306.338

68, 8.425, 126.134

73, 16.933,
125.755

77, 25.172,
125.425

■ 82, 33.154,
125.139

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 48.091, 309.373



59, 44.117, 124.159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 48.091, 309.373



39, 48.091, 359.373



39, 48.091, 129.373



39, 48.091, 179.373

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 48.090, 309.373



71, 17.008, 307.273



49, 22.903, 254.533



36, 11.607, 307.377



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 48.090, 309.373



45, 71.253, 310.019



44, 50.976, 324.486



30, 5.128, 306.958



19, 80.989, 310.639



1, 5.464, 306.270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 39.101, 344.699



52, 56.270, 346.166



57, 50.799, 138.714



30, 4.395, 340.644



30, 55.565, 354.559



1, 4.674, 340.453

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

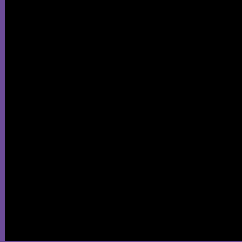
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 48.091, 309.373

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373.

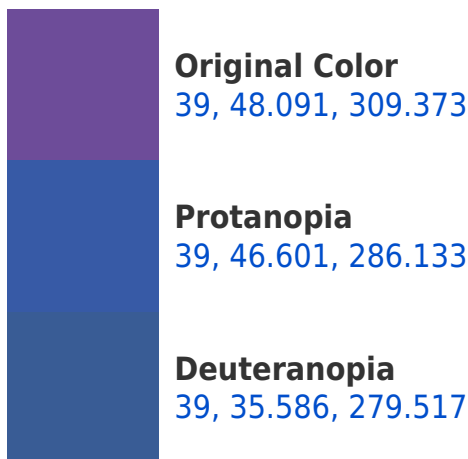


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 48.091, 309.373.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
39, 5.735, 331.826

Trichromacy



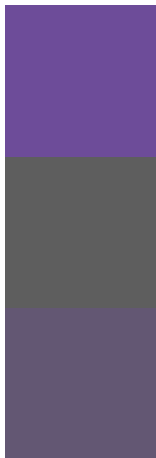
Original Color
39, 48.091, 309.373

Protanomaly
39, 46.403, 293.433

Deuteranomaly
39, 39.204, 291.607

Tritanomaly
39, 21.501, 311.869

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 48.091, 309.373

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 17.864, 307.741

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 48.091, 309.373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 76, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 76, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 76, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 76, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 48.091, 309.373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 76, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 76, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 76, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 76, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 76, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 76,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 48.091, 309.373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 76, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 76,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor