

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 5.756, 63.977)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 5.756, 63.977) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 5.725, 59.406)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	645A54
RGB	100, 90, 84
RGB Percent	39%, 35%, 33%
CMY	0.6079, 0.6471, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.16, 0.61
HSL	23°, 9%, 36%
HSV	23°, 16%, 39%
XYZ	10.5092, 10.6589, 9.8888
YIQ	92.3060, 7.8860, 0.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

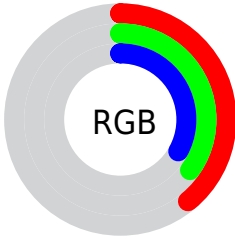
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 94, 84
Decimal	6576724
CIE Lab	39.00, 2.91, 4.93
CIE LCh	39, 5.725, 59.406
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3384, 0.3432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284766804 (0xFF645A54)
YUV	92.3060, -4.0949, 6.7476
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 0.3238, 4.8953

Details

The CIELCh color $39, 5.725, 59.406$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 5.347, 242.560$, and the grayscale version is $39, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $59, 5.931, 61.346$, and $19, 5.706, 56.709$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 9.602, 58.598$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $41, 2.081, 60.204$.

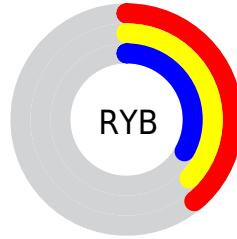
Distribution



 Red (39%)

 Green (35%)

 Blue (33%)




 Red (39%)

 Yellow (37%)

 Blue (33%)

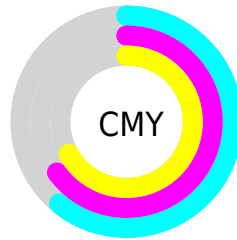


 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (10%)

 Yellow (16%)

 Black (61%)



 Cyan (61%)

 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 39, 5.725, 59.406  39, 5.725, 59.406

 100, 5.725, 59.406  29, 5.725, 59.406


 59, 5.725, 59.406  19, 5.725, 59.406


 69, 5.725, 59.406  9, 5.725, 59.406

 79, 5.725, 59.406  0, 5.725, 59.406

 89, 5.725, 59.406

 99, 5.725, 59.406

 39, 5.725, 59.406  39, 5.725, 59.406

 37, 9.602, 58.598  41, 2.081, 60.204

 35, 13.729, 57.801  43, 1.353, 241.426

■ 33, 18.118, 57.049

■ 45, 4.597, 242.167

■ 31, 22.765, 56.349

■ 48, 7.672, 243.023

■ 29, 27.634, 55.689

■ 50, 10.598,
243.881

■ 28, 32.633, 55.026

■ 52, 13.393,
244.727

■ 26, 37.554, 54.243

■ 24, 41.786, 52.935

■ 54, 16.071,
245.553

■ 24, 43.401, 52.487

■ 56, 18.646,
246.355

■ 58, 21.131,
247.132

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 5.725, 59.406



39, 5.347, 242.560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 5.725, 59.406



39, 5.725, 109.406



39, 5.725, 239.406



39, 5.725, 289.406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 5.725, 59.421



53, 2.146, 60.257



38, 9.211, 338.203



27, 1.478, 60.227



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 5.725, 59.421



49, 8.533, 59.127



41, 8.403, 102.511



20, 1.998, 59.992



28, 49.020, 52.672



58, 87.787, 50.901

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 5.347, 242.560



50, 7.836, 242.989



37, 8.603, 285.914



20, 1.928, 241.812



29, 30.180, 266.386



60, 54.618, 269.713

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

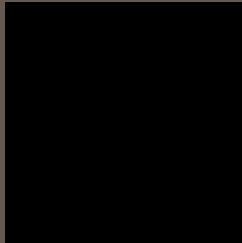
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

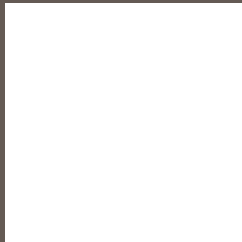
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 5.725, 59.406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 5.725, 59.406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


39, 5.725, 59.406

Protanopia

39, 4.453, 92.480

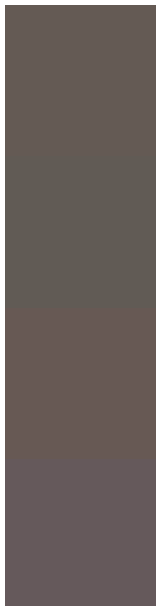
Deuteranopia

39, 7.318, 44.665



Tritanopia
39, 6.980, 342.583

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 5.725, 59.406

Protanomaly
39, 4.491, 73.968

Deuteranomaly
39, 6.909, 46.180

Tritanomaly
39, 5.292, 6.797

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 5.725, 59.406

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 2.093, 55.099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 5.725, 59.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 90, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 90, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 90, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 90, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 5.725, 59.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 90, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 90, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 90, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 90, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 90, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 90,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 5.725, 59.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 90, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 90,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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