

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 51.933, 29.698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(39, 51.933, 29.698) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(39, 51.627, 29.716)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A33635
RGB	163, 54, 53
RGB Percent	64%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.3612, 0.7886, 0.7925
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.68, 0.36
HSL	1°, 51%, 42%
HSV	1°, 68%, 64%
XYZ	17.0351, 10.6589, 4.5172
YIQ	86.4770, 65.2850, 22.7970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

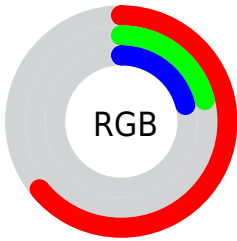
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 54, 53
Decimal	10696245
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.00, 44.84, 25.59
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 51.627, 29.716
Yxy	10.6589, 0.5289, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288886325 (0xFFA33635)
YUV	86.4770, -16.5042, 67.1107
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 36.0037, 14.6503

# Details

The CIELCh color **39, 51.627, 29.716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **61, 31.089, 197.804**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 51.424, 29.739**, and **20, 49.738, 32.475** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 59.860, 32.873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 43.122, 27.103**.

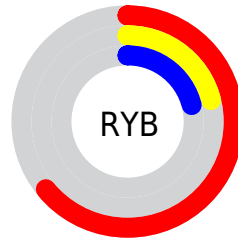
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (21%)

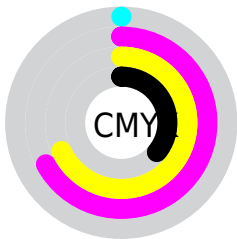
Blue (21%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (21%)

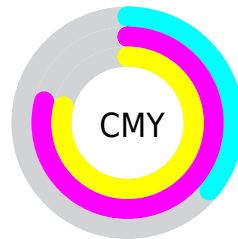


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 39, 51.627, 29.716       39, 51.627, 29.716

 100, 51.627,  
29.716       29, 51.627, 29.716

 59, 51.627, 29.716       19, 51.627, 29.716

 69, 51.627, 29.716       9, 51.627, 29.716

 79, 51.627, 29.716       0, 51.627, 29.716

 89, 51.627, 29.716

 99, 51.627, 29.716

 39, 51.627, 29.716       39, 51.627, 29.716

 37, 59.860, 32.873       42, 43.122, 27.103

35, 67.298, 36.267

46, 34.670, 25.040

34, 73.063, 39.211

50, 26.495, 23.448

34, 74.406, 39.890

54, 18.741, 22.224

59, 11.482, 21.276

63, 4.738, 20.499

68, 1.506, 200.357

73, 7.287, 199.670

78, 12.648,  
199.297

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 51.627, 29.716



61, 31.089, 197.804

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 51.627, 29.716



39, 51.627, 79.716



39, 51.627, 209.716



39, 51.627, 259.716

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 51.625, 29.719



73, 16.408, 21.524



43, 69.085, 327.659



37, 11.400, 21.772



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 51.625, 29.719



47, 77.426, 34.575



50, 42.277, 66.995



32, 3.597, 20.632



30, 67.939, 39.410



1, 5.419, 20.089





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 31.089, 197.804



77, 41.231, 197.699



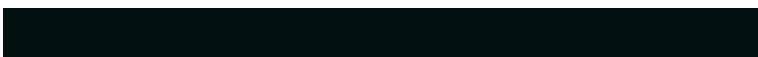
44, 34.980, 270.167



34, 3.396, 199.778



54, 32.553, 197.759

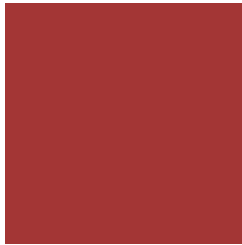


4, 5.397, 200.438



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 39, 51.627, 29.716

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 51.627, 29.716.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39, 51.627, 29.716

### Protanopia

40, 15.483, 95.700

### Deuteranopia

39, 28.134, 78.927



**Tritanopia**  
39, 51.218, 27.457



# Trichromacy



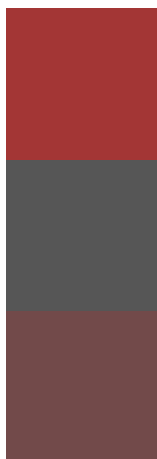
**Original Color**  
39, 51.627, 29.716

**Protanomaly**  
38, 23.760, 45.884

**Deuteranomaly**  
38, 33.418, 51.145

**Tritanomaly**  
39, 51.441, 28.076

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
39, 51.627, 29.716

**Achromatopsia**  
37, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
36, 18.421, 22.332

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 51.627, 29.716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 54, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 54, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 54, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 54, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 51.627, 29.716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 54, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 54, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 54, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 54, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 54, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 54,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 51.627, 29.716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 54, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 54,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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