

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 56.326, 137.543)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 56.326, 137.543)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 56.348, 137.591)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	156B16
RGB	21, 107, 22
RGB Percent	8%, 42%, 9%
CMY	0.9160, 0.5818, 0.9153
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.80, 0.58
HSL	120°, 67%, 25%
HSV	120°, 80%, 42%
XYZ	5.6785, 10.6589, 2.4975
YIQ	71.5960, -23.9710, -44.6670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

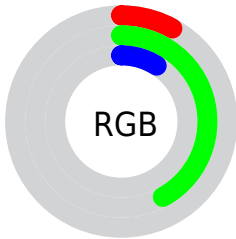
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 106, 107
Decimal	1403670
CIE Lab	39.00, -41.60, 38.00
CIE LCh	39, 56.348, 137.591
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3015, 0.5659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279593750 (0xFF156B16)
YUV	71.5960, -24.4508, -44.3727
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -26.0875, 18.3181

Details

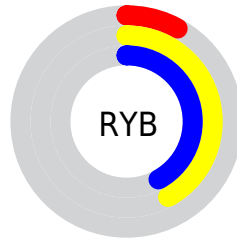
The CIELCh color **39, 56.348, 137.591** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **26, 55.095, 327.985**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 56.241, 137.886**, and **20, 40.737, 137.495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 60.041, 136.762**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 51.338, 138.606**.

Distribution



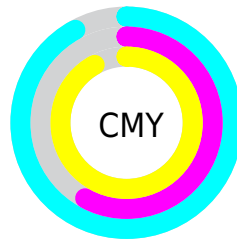
- Red (8%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (58%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 56.348, 137.591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 56.348, 137.591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 39, 56.348,
137.591


 39, 56.348,
137.591

 100, 56.348,
137.591


 29, 56.348,
137.591

 59, 56.348,
137.591


 19, 56.348,
137.591


 69, 56.348,
137.591

 9, 56.348, 137.591

 79, 56.348,
137.591

 0, 56.348, 137.591

 89, 56.348,
137.591

 99, 56.348,
137.591

■ 39, 56.348,
137.591

■ 39, 56.348,
137.591

■ 39, 60.041,
136.762

■ 39, 51.338,
138.606

■ 39, 62.984,
136.058

■ 40, 45.282,
139.683

■ 39, 63.010,
136.051

■ 40, 38.456,
140.732

■ 41, 31.104,
141.699

■ 42, 23.429,
142.562

■ 43, 15.594,
143.316

■ 44, 7.729, 143.974

■ 45, 0.071, 322.209

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 56.348, 137.591



26, 55.095, 327.985

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 56.348, 137.591



39, 56.348, 187.591



39, 56.348, 317.591



39, 56.348, 7.591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 56.348, 137.592



54, 23.197, 142.972



44, 45.408, 103.618



27, 15.815, 142.772



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 56.348, 137.592



50, 74.616, 136.264



40, 39.197, 154.197



22, 4.393, 144.032



42, 67.435, 136.048



85, 116.095, 136.029

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 55.095, 327.985



33, 72.073, 328.276



24, 40.635, 353.991



21, 4.400, 324.941



27, 65.003, 328.319



58, 111.846, 328.325

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 56.348, 137.591 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

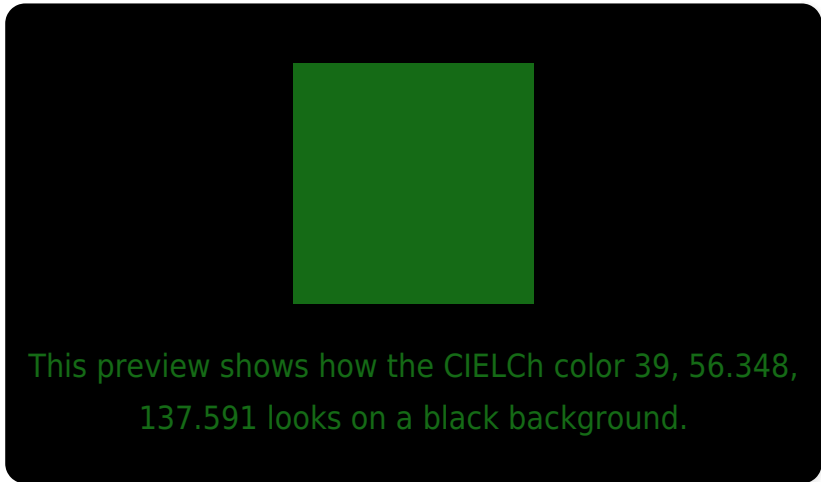
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

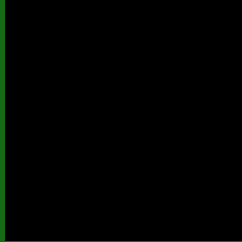
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 56.348, 137.591

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 56.348, 137.591.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 56.348, 137.591.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
39, 56.453, 137.722

Protanopia
39, 41.073, 95.883

Deuteranopia
39, 35.882, 82.306



Tritanopia
39, 17.569, 213.821

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 56.453, 137.722

Protanomaly
38, 44.066, 118.770

Deuteranomaly
37, 38.095, 114.546

Tritanomaly
39, 28.640, 162.278

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 56.453, 137.722

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 23.717, 142.010

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 56.348, 137.591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 107, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 107, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 107, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 107, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 56.348, 137.591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 107, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 107, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 107, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 107, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 107, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 107,  
22) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 56.348, 137.591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 107, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 107,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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