

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 6.159, 149.746)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 6.159, 149.746) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 5.758, 150.764)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	555E57
RGB	85, 94, 87
RGB Percent	33%, 37%, 34%
CMY	0.6661, 0.6308, 0.6583
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.07, 0.63
HSL	133°, 5%, 35%
HSV	133°, 10%, 37%
XYZ	9.5004, 10.6589, 10.6035
YIQ	90.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

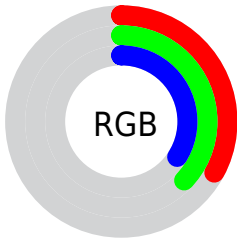
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 92, 94
Decimal	5594711
CIE Lab	39.00, -5.02, 2.81
CIE LCh	39, 5.758, 150.764
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3088, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283784791 (0xFF555E57)
YUV	90.5110, -1.7309, -4.8331
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, -5.1915, 3.5972

Details

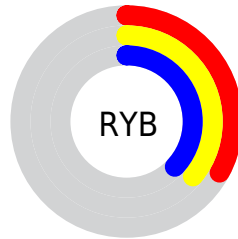
The CIELCh color $[39, 5.758, 150.764]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[37, 5.779, 331.845]$, and the grayscale version is $[39, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[59, 5.325, 150.972]$, and $[19, 5.618, 151.403]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[38, 11.830, 150.050]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 0.266, 330.653]$.

Distribution



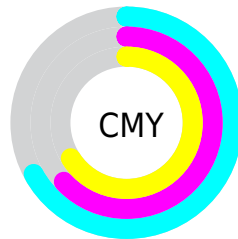
- Red (33%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 5.758, 150.764

■ 39, 5.758, 150.764

■ 100, 5.758,
150.764

■ 29, 5.758, 150.764

■ 59, 5.758, 150.764

■ 19, 5.758, 150.764

■ 69, 5.758, 150.764

■ 9, 5.758, 150.764

■ 79, 5.758, 150.764

■ 0, 5.758, 150.764

■ 89, 5.758, 150.764

■ 99, 5.758, 150.764

■ 39, 5.758, 150.764

■ 39, 5.758, 150.764

■ 38, 11.830,
150.050

■ 40, 0.266, 330.653

■ 37, 17.883,
149.247

■ 41, 6.198, 331.845

■ 37, 23.839,
148.329

■ 42, 12.003,
332.331

■ 36, 29.605,
147.280

■ 44, 17.658,
332.755

■ 35, 35.073,
146.090

■ 45, 23.151,
333.132

■ 35, 40.131,
144.754

■ 46, 28.474,
333.469

■ 35, 44.670,
143.285

■ 48, 33.627,
333.773

■ 34, 48.589,
141.717

■ 49, 38.612,
334.049

■ 34, 52.011,
140.367

■ 51, 43.434,
334.300

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 5.758, 150.764



37, 5.779, 331.845

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 5.758, 150.764



39, 5.758, 200.764



39, 5.758, 330.764



39, 5.758, 20.764

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 5.759, 150.763



51, 2.230, 151.233



40, 5.543, 118.055



26, 1.676, 151.177



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 5.759, 150.763



50, 8.230, 150.641



39, 4.069, 176.378



18, 3.302, 150.815



40, 58.554, 139.949



82, 106.095, 138.777

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 5.779, 331.845



48, 8.259, 331.956



37, 4.182, 357.902



17, 3.314, 331.797



24, 52.679, 338.892



54, 91.926, 339.762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

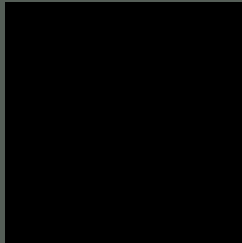
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 5.758, 150.764

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 5.758, 150.764.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 5.758, 150.764

Protanopia

39, 3.499, 80.027

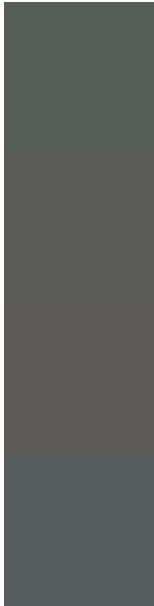
Deuteranopia

39, 5.681, 26.258



Tritanopia
39, 5.255, 268.488

Trichromacy



Original Color

39, 5.758, 150.764

Protanomaly

39, 3.689, 116.275

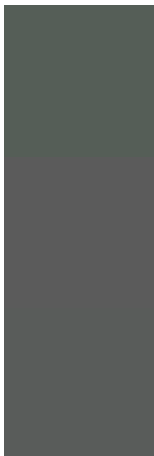
Deuteranomaly

39, 2.815, 60.026

Tritanomaly

39, 3.094, 222.525

Monochromacy



Original Color

39, 5.758, 150.764

Achromatopsia

39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

39, 1.767, 155.568

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 5.758, 150.764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 94, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 94, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 94, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 94, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 5.758, 150.764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 94, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 94, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 94, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 94, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 94, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 94, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 5.758, 150.764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 94, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 94,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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