

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 61.309, 13.901)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 61.309, 13.901) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 61.289, 14.090)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | B21B47 |
| RGB | 178, 27, 71 |
| RGB Percent | 70%, 11%, 28% |
| CMY | 0.3029, 0.8954, 0.7223 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.85, 0.60, 0.30 |
| HSL | 342°, 74%, 40% |
| HSV | 342°, 85%, 70% |
| XYZ | 19.8228, 10.6589, 6.9442 |
| YIQ | 77.1650, 75.8720, 45.6960 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

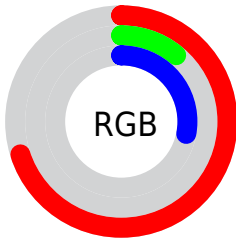
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 178, 27, 71 |
| Decimal | 11672391 |
| CIE Lab | 39.00, 59.45, 14.92 |
| CIE LCh | 39, 61.289, 14.090 |
| Yxy | 10.6589, 0.5297, 0.2848 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289862471 (0xFFB21B47) |
| YUV | 77.1650, -3.0393, 88.4323 |
| Hunter-Lab | 32.6480, 51.2450, 10.2426 |

Details

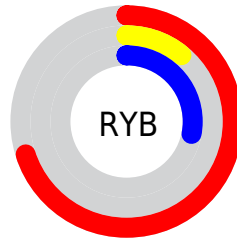
The CIELCh color **39, 61.289, 14.090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **65, 49.136, 165.589**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 61.255, 13.963**, and **23, 50.485, 24.065** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 65.210, 19.060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41, 56.211, 10.020**.

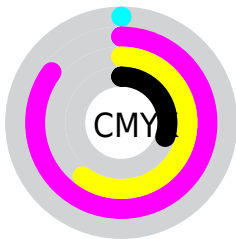
Distribution



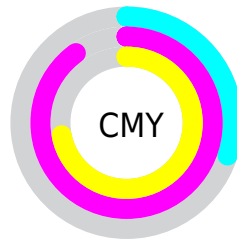
- Red (70%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 39, 61.289, 14.090

 39, 61.289, 14.090

 100, 61.289,
14.090

 29, 61.289, 14.090

 59, 61.289, 14.090

 19, 61.289, 14.090

 69, 61.289, 14.090

 9, 61.289, 14.090

 79, 61.289, 14.090

 0, 61.289, 14.090

 89, 61.289, 14.090

 99, 61.289, 14.090

 39, 61.289, 14.090

 39, 61.289, 14.090

 38, 65.210, 19.060

 41, 56.211, 10.020

37, 67.082, 21.641

44, 49.966, 6.782

47, 42.796, 4.219

51, 35.046, 2.172

56, 27.045, 0.504

60, 19.046,
359.117

65, 11.218,
357.932

70, 3.659, 356.843

75, 3.584, 176.203

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 61.289, 14.090



65, 49.136, 165.589

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 61.289, 14.090



39, 61.289, 64.090



39, 61.289, 194.090



39, 61.289, 244.090

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 61.286, 14.092



77, 23.681, 359.174



36, 85.539, 318.101



39, 16.375, 359.633



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 61.286, 14.092



49, 82.397, 22.734



42, 64.864, 42.727



35, 4.204, 357.319



32, 59.819, 20.897



2, 9.674, 1.314

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 61.286, 14.092



49, 82.397, 22.734



57, 32.086, 230.240



35, 4.204, 357.319



32, 59.819, 20.897



2, 9.674, 1.314

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 61.289, 14.090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 61.289, 14.090.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 61.289, 14.090

Protanopia

40, 4.277, 290.844

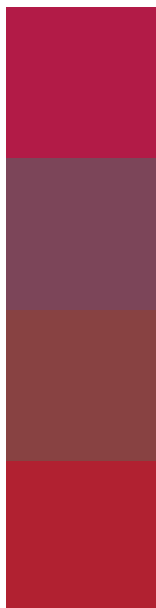
Deuteranopia

40, 18.924, 72.453



Tritanopia
39, 65.426, 33.015

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 61.289, 14.090

Protanomaly
36, 26.332, 356.744

Deuteranomaly
37, 32.945, 25.085

Tritanomaly
39, 63.312, 26.873

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 61.289, 14.090

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 26.135, 2.516

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 61.289, 14.090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 27, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 27, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 27, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 27, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 61.289, 14.090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 27, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 27, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 27, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 27, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 27, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 27,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 61.289, 14.090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 27, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 27,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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