

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 63.318, 298.503)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 63.318, 298.503)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 63.696, 298.656)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E4FB8
RGB	78, 79, 184
RGB Percent	31%, 31%, 72%
CMY	0.6944, 0.6904, 0.2787
CMYK	0.58, 0.57, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	239°, 43%, 51%
HSV	239°, 58%, 72%
XYZ	14.5733, 10.6589, 46.6013
YIQ	90.6710, -34.3010, 32.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

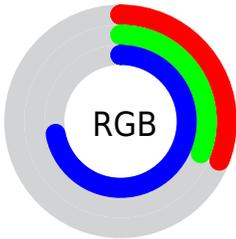
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 79, 184
Decimal	5132216
CIE _{Lab}	39.00, 30.55, -55.89
CIE _{LCh}	39, 63.696, 298.656
Yxy	10.6589, 0.2029, 0.1484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283322296 (0xFF4E4FB8)
YUV	90.6710, 46.0112, -11.1125
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 22.5438, -61.7760

Details

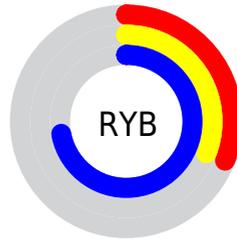
The CIELCh color **39, 63.696, 298.656** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **73, 54.024, 104.409**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 63.948, 298.797**, and **19, 63.331, 298.824** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 75.865, 300.879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 51.624, 296.574**.

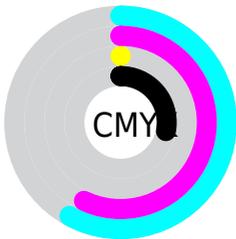
Distribution



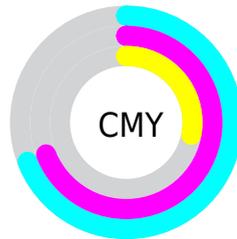
- Red (31%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 39, 63.696,
298.656

 39, 63.696,
298.656

 100, 63.696,
298.656

 29, 63.696,
298.656

 59, 63.696,
298.656

 19, 63.696,
298.656

 69, 63.696,
298.656

 9, 63.696, 298.656

 79, 63.696,
298.656

 0, 63.696, 298.656

 89, 63.696,
298.656

 99, 63.696,
298.656

■ 39, 63.696,
298.656

■ 39, 63.696,
298.656

■ 33, 75.865,
300.879

■ 45, 51.624,
296.574

■ 28, 87.413,
303.042

■ 51, 39.935,
294.718

■ 25, 96.991,
304.837

■ 57, 28.710,
293.111

■ 22, 103.074,
305.961

■ 64, 17.947,
291.739

■ 22, 104.257,
306.172

■ 70, 7.617, 290.577

■ 76, 2.310, 109.550

■ 82, 11.867,
108.729

■ 89, 21.080,
108.012

■ 95, 29.973,
107.396

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 63.696, 298.656



73, 54.024, 104.409

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 63.696, 298.656



39, 63.696, 348.656



39, 63.696, 118.656



39, 63.696, 168.656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



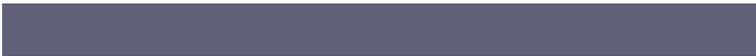
39, 63.696, 298.657



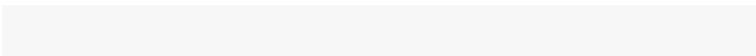
82, 21.446, 291.696



69, 31.667, 195.158



42, 14.394, 291.949



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

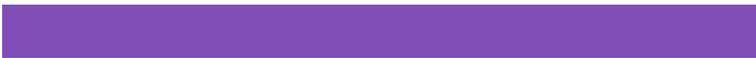
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 63.696, 298.657



43, 96.209, 301.441



44, 64.320, 311.464



35, 5.666, 290.761



18, 92.027, 306.146



1, 15.275, 290.021

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 47.899, 26.092



56, 72.551, 29.695



69, 58.798, 125.917



36, 4.003, 19.143



32, 71.506, 39.218



2, 10.640, 18.824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

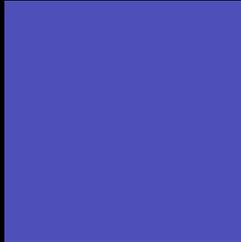
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

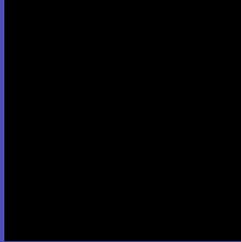
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 63.696, 298.656

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 63.696, 298.656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 63.696, 298.656

Protanopia

39, 61.251, 287.103

Deuteranopia

39, 43.846, 274.938



Tritanopia
39, 17.803, 213.576

Trichromacy



Original Color
39, 63.696, 298.656

Protanomaly
38, 62.360, 289.660

Deuteranomaly
38, 50.732, 283.654

Tritanomaly
38, 27.724, 272.502

Monochromacy



Original Color
39, 63.696, 298.656

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 23.363, 292.880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 63.696, 298.656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 79, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 79, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 79, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 79, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 63.696, 298.656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 79, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 79, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 79, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 79, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 79, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 79,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 63.696, 298.656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 79, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 79,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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