

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 65.365, 3.947)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(39, 65.365, 3.947) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(39, 65.403, 4.154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B60257
RGB	182, 2, 87
RGB Percent	71%, 1%, 34%
CMY	0.2866, 0.9930, 0.6591
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.52, 0.29
HSL	332°, 98%, 36%
HSV	332°, 99%, 71%
XYZ	21.0060, 10.6589, 9.9517
YIQ	65.5100, 79.9950, 64.5950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

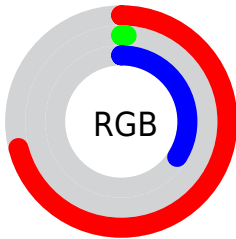
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	182, 2, 87
Decimal	11928151
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.00, 65.23, 4.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 65.403, 4.154
Yxy	10.6589, 0.5047, 0.2561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290118231 (0xFFB60257)
YUV	65.5100, 10.5946, 102.1617
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 57.7143, 4.7809

# Details

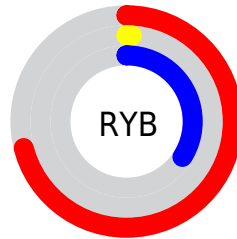
The CIELCh color **39, 65.403, 4.154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **65, 66.713, 150.795**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 65.196, 4.362**, and **25, 49.519, 14.832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 65.560, 4.558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 63.740, 0.142**.

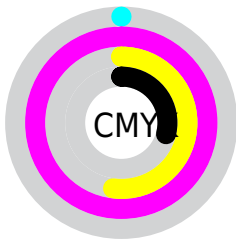
# Distribution



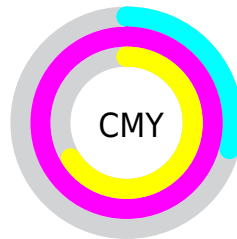
- Red (71%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 39, 65.403, 4.154

 39, 65.403, 4.154

 100, 65.403, 4.154

 29, 65.403, 4.154

 59, 65.403, 4.154

 19, 65.403, 4.154

 69, 65.403, 4.154

 9, 65.403, 4.154

 79, 65.403, 4.154

 0, 65.403, 4.154

 89, 65.403, 4.154

 99, 65.403, 4.154

 39, 65.403, 4.154

 39, 65.403, 4.154

 39, 65.560, 4.558

 40, 63.740, 0.142

 42, 60.583,

356.858

■ 44, 55.647,  
354.262

■ 47, 49.186,  
352.190

■ 51, 41.614,  
350.502

■ 55, 33.356,  
349.091

■ 60, 24.768,  
347.882

■ 65, 16.108,  
346.822

■ 70, 7.549, 345.860

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 65.403, 4.154



65, 66.713, 150.795

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 65.403, 4.154



39, 65.403, 54.154



39, 65.403, 184.154



39, 65.403, 234.154

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 65.400, 4.155



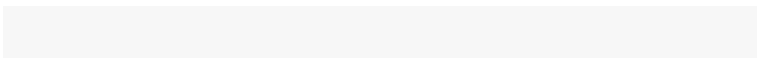
76, 31.788, 348.052



29, 96.046, 312.341



38, 21.888, 348.549



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 65.400, 4.155



51, 79.932, 5.420



38, 80.317, 39.872



36, 4.781, 345.891



33, 58.435, 3.951



3, 12.028, 352.351





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 65.400, 4.155



51, 79.932, 5.420



66, 37.932, 198.991



36, 4.781, 345.891



33, 58.435, 3.951



3, 12.028, 352.351



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

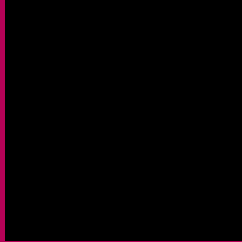
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 39, 65.403, 4.154

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 65.403, 4.154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39, 65.403, 4.154

### Protanopia

40, 20.227, 285.139

### Deuteranopia

40, 11.004, 61.261



**Tritanopia**  
40, 68.033, 34.244



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
39, 65.403, 4.154

**Protanomaly**  
35, 38.665, 331.198

**Deuteranomaly**  
36, 35.439, 3.816

**Tritanomaly**  
39, 65.643, 23.727

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
39, 65.403, 4.154

**Achromatopsia**  
28, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
28, 33.261, 352.249

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 65.403, 4.154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 2, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 2, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 2, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 2, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 65.403, 4.154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 2, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 2, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 2, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 2, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 2, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 2, 87)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 65.403, 4.154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 2, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182, 2,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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