

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 7.107, 305.121)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 7.107, 305.121) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(39, 6.966, 304.711)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E5A65
RGB	94, 90, 101
RGB Percent	37%, 35%, 40%
CMY	0.6309, 0.6466, 0.6035
CMYK	0.07, 0.11, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	262°, 6%, 37%
HSV	262°, 11%, 40%
XYZ	10.6481, 10.6589, 13.8378
YIQ	92.4500, -1.1470, 4.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

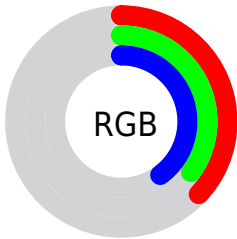
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 90, 101
Decimal	6183525
CIE Lab	39.00, 3.97, -5.73
CIE LCh	39, 6.966, 304.711
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3030, 0.3033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284373605 (0xFF5E5A65)
YUV	92.4500, 4.2152, 1.3594
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 1.0834, -2.2763

Details

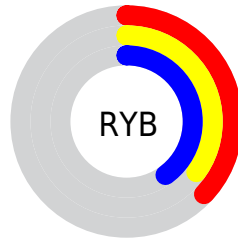
The CIELCh color **39, 6.966, 304.711** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42, 6.838, 123.648**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59, 7.001, 303.469**, and **19, 7.137, 306.318** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 13.574, 305.276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 0.559, 304.132**.

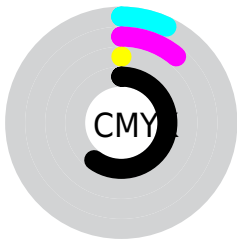
Distribution



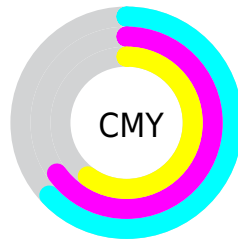
- Red (37%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39, 6.966, 304.711

■ 39, 6.966, 304.711

■ 100, 6.966,
304.711

■ 29, 6.966, 304.711

■ 59, 6.966, 304.711

■ 19, 6.966, 304.711

■ 69, 6.966, 304.711

■ 9, 6.966, 304.711

■ 79, 6.966, 304.711

■ 0, 6.966, 304.711

■ 89, 6.966, 304.711

■ 99, 6.966, 304.711

■ 39, 6.966, 304.711

■ 39, 6.966, 304.711

■ 35, 13.574,
305.276

■ 43, 0.559, 304.132

■ 32, 20.378,
305.901

■ 46, 5.643, 123.770

■ 28, 27.351,
306.578

■ 50, 11.649,
123.373

■ 25, 34.431,
307.291

■ 53, 17.466,
123.027

■ 22, 41.504,
308.008

■ 56, 23.105,
122.726

■ 19, 48.359,
308.673

■ 60, 28.575,
122.465

■ 16, 54.656,
309.199

■ 63, 33.885,
122.239

■ 14, 59.918,
309.469

■ 67, 39.046,
122.044

■ 11, 64.650,
309.843

■ 70, 44.066,
121.877

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 6.966, 304.711



42, 6.838, 123.648

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 6.966, 304.711



39, 6.966, 354.711



39, 6.966, 124.711



39, 6.966, 174.711

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 6.965, 304.708



54, 2.375, 304.294



41, 3.674, 238.819



27, 1.787, 304.331



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 6.965, 304.708



50, 10.438, 304.845



40, 7.787, 320.736



19, 3.609, 304.604



14, 70.830, 309.687



35, 123.726, 309.078

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 6.311, 337.684



50, 9.441, 337.869



42, 7.752, 139.804



20, 3.275, 337.539



24, 49.737, 348.619



53, 85.286, 350.343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

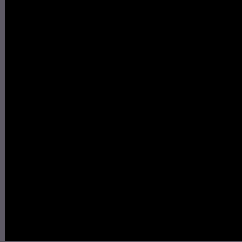
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

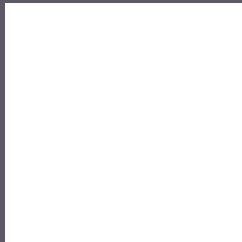
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 39, 6.966, 304.711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 6.966, 304.711.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39, 6.966, 304.711

Protanopia

39, 6.743, 291.229

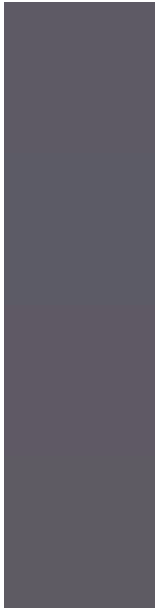
Deuteranopia

39, 7.936, 312.386



Tritanopia
39, 4.481, 306.841

Trichromacy



Original Color

39, 6.966, 304.711

Protanomaly

39, 6.761, 294.642

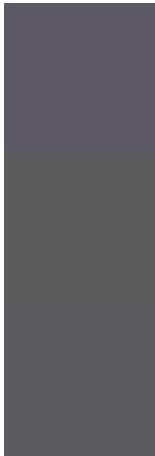
Deuteranomaly

39, 7.797, 309.561

Tritanomaly

39, 5.072, 304.970

Monochromacy



Original Color

39, 6.966, 304.711

Achromatopsia

39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

39, 2.491, 300.144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 6.966, 304.711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 90, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 90, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 90, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 90, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 6.966, 304.711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 90, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 90, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 90, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 90, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 90, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 90,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 6.966, 304.711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 90, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 90,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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