

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(39, 7.320, 34.710)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(39, 7.320, 34.710) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(39, 7.294, 34.755)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	685855
RGB	104, 88, 85
RGB Percent	41%, 35%, 33%
CMY	0.5908, 0.6536, 0.6654
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.18, 0.59
HSL	9°, 10%, 37%
HSV	9°, 18%, 41%
XYZ	10.9189, 10.6589, 10.1450
YIQ	92.4420, 10.4990, 2.4590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

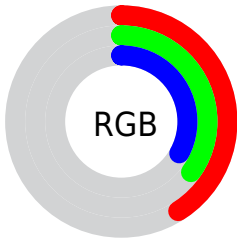
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	104, 89, 85
Decimal	6838357
CIE Lab	39.00, 5.99, 4.16
CIE LCh	39, 7.294, 34.755
Yxy	10.6589, 0.3442, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285028437 (0xFF685855)
YUV	92.4420, -3.6689, 10.1364
Hunter-Lab	32.6480, 2.5639, 4.4299

# Details

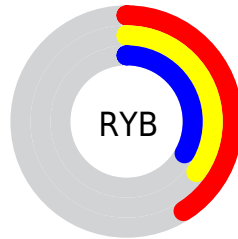
The CIELCh color  $39, 7.294, 34.755$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $42, 6.508, 215.004$ , and the grayscale version is  $39, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $59, 7.051, 33.863$ , and  $19, 7.387, 36.789$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $36, 11.750, 34.996$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $42, 3.165, 34.618$ .

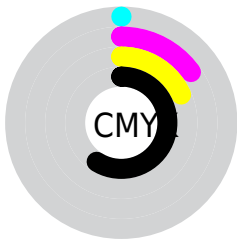
# Distribution



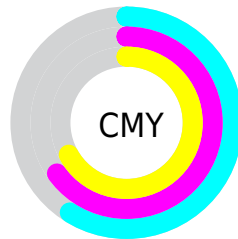
- Red (41%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 39, 7.294, 34.755       39, 7.294, 34.755

 100, 7.294, 34.755       29, 7.294, 34.755

 59, 7.294, 34.755       19, 7.294, 34.755

 69, 7.294, 34.755       9, 7.294, 34.755

 79, 7.294, 34.755       0, 7.294, 34.755

 89, 7.294, 34.755

 99, 7.294, 34.755

 39, 7.294, 34.755       39, 7.294, 34.755

 36, 11.750, 34.996       42, 3.165, 34.618

 34, 16.550, 35.378       45, 0.659, 215.258

31, 21.694, 35.957

48, 4.207, 214.903

29, 27.156, 36.772

50, 7.508, 215.005

26, 32.873, 37.850

53, 10.587,  
215.171

25, 38.709, 39.166

56, 13.473,  
215.372

23, 44.231, 40.334

22, 48.495, 40.617

59, 16.186,  
215.596

21, 49.199, 40.747

62, 18.748,  
215.834

65, 21.177,  
216.082

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39, 7.294, 34.755



42, 6.508, 215.004

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39, 7.294, 34.755



39, 7.294, 84.755



39, 7.294, 214.755



39, 7.294, 264.755

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39, 7.293, 34.766



55, 2.351, 34.545



39, 12.669, 329.860



28, 1.620, 34.562



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39, 7.293, 34.766



49, 11.079, 34.852



42, 7.998, 87.584



20, 2.126, 34.629



24, 53.576, 41.396



52, 97.489, 42.014





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 6.508, 215.004



53, 9.590, 215.108



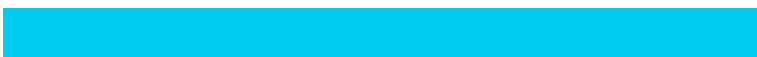
39, 7.944, 272.183



21, 2.016, 214.897



37, 24.170, 224.982



76, 41.881, 226.979



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

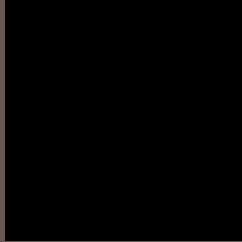
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 39, 7.294, 34.755

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 39, 7.294, 34.755.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


39, 7.294, 34.755

### Protanopia

39, 3.301, 86.620

### Deuteranopia

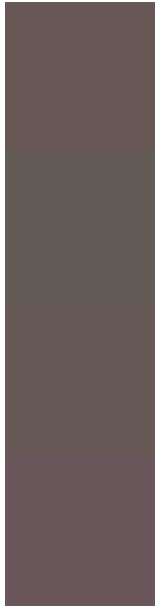
39, 6.636, 41.603



**Tritanopia**  
39, 8.782, 351.608



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39, 7.294, 34.755

## Protanomaly

39, 4.303, 64.629

## Deuteranomaly

39, 6.636, 41.603

## Tritanomaly

39, 8.129, 3.140

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39, 7.294, 34.755

## Achromatopsia

39, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

39, 2.633, 32.994

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 39, 7.294, 34.755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 88, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 88, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 88, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 88, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 39, 7.294, 34.755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 88, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 88, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 88, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 88, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 88, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 88,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 39, 7.294, 34.755 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 88, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 88,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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