

Converting Colors

CIELCh(39, 84.762, 136.414)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(39, 84.762, 136.414)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(40, 64.885, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006F00
RGB	0, 111, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5667, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.57
HSL	120°, 100%, 22%
HSV	120°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	5.6115, 11.2510, 1.8582
YIQ	65.1570, -30.5250, -58.0530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 111, 111
Decimal	28416
CIELab	40.00, -46.69, 45.06
CIELCh	40, 64.885, 136.016
Yxy	11.2510, 0.2997, 0.6010
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218496 (0xFF006F00)
YUV	65.1570, -32.1224, -57.1427
Hunter-Lab	33.5425, -28.8374, 20.1952

Details

The CIELCh color **40, 64.885, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **25, 62.404, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60, 65.034, 135.905**, and **21, 42.369, 137.083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 64.678, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 61.759, 136.700**.

Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (44%)

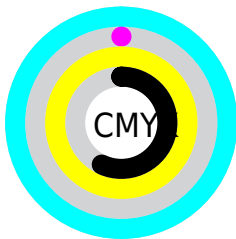
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

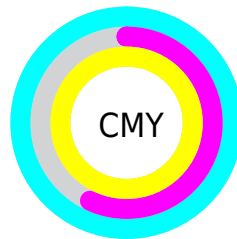


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (57%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 40, 64.885, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 40, 64.885, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 40, 64.885,
136.016


 40, 64.885,
136.016


 100, 64.885,
136.016


 30, 64.885,
136.016

 60, 64.885,
136.016


 20, 64.885,
136.016

 70, 64.885,
136.016


 10, 64.885,
136.016

 80, 64.885,
136.016

 0, 64.885, 136.016

 90, 64.885,
136.016

 40, 64.885,

 40, 64.885,

136.016

136.016

■ 40, 64.678,
136.016

■ 40, 61.759,
136.700

■ 40, 58.034,
137.511

■ 41, 52.929,
138.516

■ 41, 46.724,
139.593

■ 42, 39.709,
140.646

■ 43, 32.140,
141.618

■ 43, 24.231,
142.486

■ 44, 16.152,
143.245

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40, 64.885, 136.016



25, 62.404, 328.233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40, 64.885, 136.016



40, 64.885, 186.016



40, 64.885, 316.016



40, 64.885, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40, 64.678, 136.016



55, 29.895, 142.422



45, 52.330, 102.852



28, 20.231, 142.160



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40, 64.678, 136.016



51, 77.782, 136.016



40, 46.958, 150.310



23, 4.576, 143.967



43, 68.534, 136.016



85, 117.046, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 62.404, 328.233



34, 75.047, 328.233



22, 45.964, 359.865



22, 4.583, 324.885



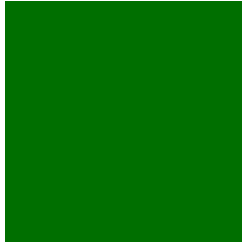
28, 66.124, 328.233



59, 112.931, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 40, 64.885, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

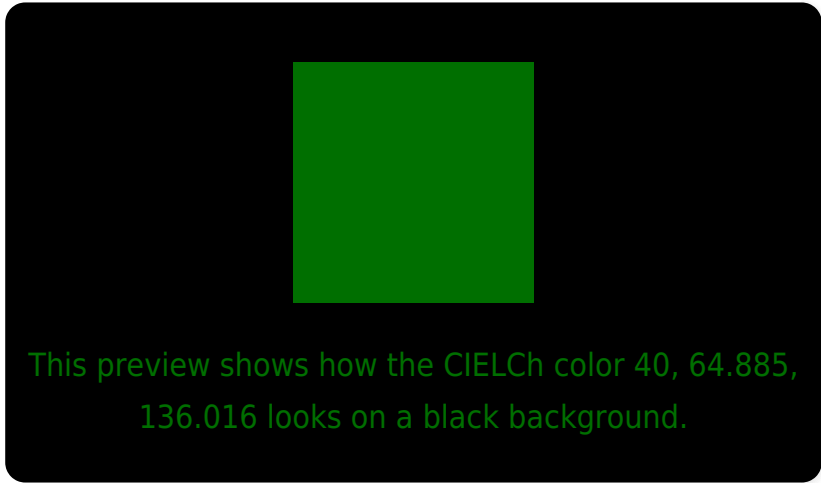
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

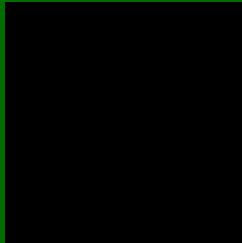
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 40, 64.885, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 64.885, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 40, 64.885, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40, 64.885, 136.016

Protanopia

40, 47.399, 96.099

Deuteranopia

40, 40.600, 82.845



Tritanopia
40, 19.003, 212.344

Trichromacy



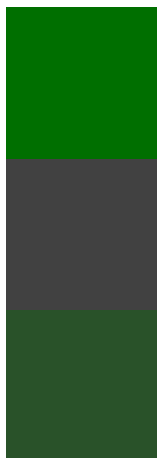
Original Color
40, 64.885, 136.016

Protanomaly
39, 52.086, 120.738

Deuteranomaly
38, 44.995, 116.491

Tritanomaly
40, 34.755, 157.889

Monochromacy



Original Color
40, 64.885, 136.016

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 31.125, 140.836

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 40, 64.885, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 111, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 111, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 111, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 111, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 40, 64.885, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 111, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 111, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 111, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 111, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 111, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 111, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 40, 64.885, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 111, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 111,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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